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FOREWORD

This manual contains a number of instructions and safety recommendations regarding driving, handling, lubrication, maintenance, inspection and adjustment of the excavator.

The manual is to promote safety maintenance and enhance machine performance.

Keep this manual handy and have all personnel read it periodically.

If you sell the machine, be sure to give this manual to the new owners.

This machine complies with EC directive "2006/42/EC".

1. Read and understand this manual before operating the machine.

This operator's manual may contain attachments and optional equipment that are not available in your area. Please consult your local Hyundai distributor for those items you require.

Improper operation and maintenance of this machine can be hazardous and could result in serious injury or death.

Some actions involved in operation and maintenance of the machine can cause a serious accident, if they are not done in a manner described in this manual.

The procedures and precautions given in this manual apply only to intended uses of the machine. If you use your machine for any unintended uses that are not specifically prohibited, you must be sure that it is safe for you and others. In no event should you or others engage in prohibited uses of actions as described in this manual.

Some illustrations in this manual show details or attachments that can be different from your machine. Covers and guards might have been removed for illustrative purposes.

- 2. **Inspect** the jobsite and **follow** the safety recommendations in the **safety hints** section before operating the machine.
- 3. Use **genuine Hyundai spare parts** for the replacement of parts.

We expressly point out that Hyundai will not accept any responsibility for defects resulting from nongenuine parts or non workmanlike repair.

In such cases Hyundai cannot assume liability for any damage.

Continuing improvements in the design of this machine can lead to changes in detail which may not be reflected in this manual. Consult Hyundai or your Hyundai distributor for the latest available information for your machine or for questions regarding information in this manual.

BEFORE SERVICING THIS MACHINE

It is the responsibility of the owner and all service and maintenance personnel to avoid accidents and serious injury by keeping this machine properly maintained.

It also is the responsibility of the owner and all service and maintenance personnel to avoid accidents and serious injury while servicing the machine.

No one should service or attempt to repair this machine without proper training and supervision.

All service and maintenance personnel should be thoroughly familiar with the procedures and precautions contained in this manual.

All personnel also must be aware of any federal, state, provincial or local laws or regulations covering the use and service of construction equipment.

The procedures in this manual do not supersede any requirements imposed by federal, state, provincial or local laws.

Hyundai can not anticipate every possible circumstance or environment in which this machine may be used and serviced.

All personnel must remain alert to potential hazards.

Work within your level of training and skill.

Ask your supervisor if you are uncertain about a particular task. Do not try to do too much too fast. Use your common sense.

* How to set the language of cluster

User can select preferable language and all displays are changed the selected language.

Normal type



Please refer to the page 3-29 for the cluster.

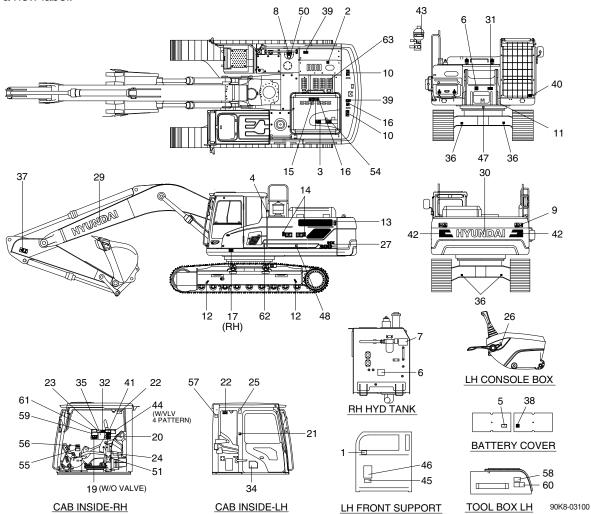
TABLE TO ENTER SERIAL NO. AND DISTRIBUTOR

Machine Serial No.	
Engine Serial No.	
Manufacturing year	
Manufacturer	Hyundai Construction Equipment Co., Ltd.
Address	12th Fl., Hyundai Bldg. 75, Yulgok-ro, Jongno-gu, Seoul 03058, Korea
Distributor for U.S.A	Hyundai Construction Equipment Americas, Inc
Address	6100 Atlantic Boulevard Norcross GA 30071 U.S.A
Distributor for Europe	Hyundai Construction Equipment Europe N. V.
Address	Hyundailaan 4 3980 Tessenderlo Belgium
Dealer	
Address	

SAFETY LABELS

1. LOCATION

Always keep these labels clean. If they are lost or damage, attach them again or replace them with a new label.



- Air cleaner filter
- 2 Turbocharger cover
- 3 Radiator cap
- 4 Fueling
- Battery accident 5
- 6 High pressure hose
- 7 Hydraulic oil level
- Hydraulic oil lub 8
- Keep clear-rear 9
- 10 Lifting eye
- Name plate 11
- Slinging ideogram 12
- Keep clear-side 13
- 14 Stay fix
- Engine hood shearing 15
- 16 No step
- **Transporting** 17
- M/control pattern 19
- 20 Ref operator's manual

- 21 Hammer
- 22 Safety front window
- 23 Safety rear window
- 24 Air conditioner filter
- **ROPS** plate 25
- 26 Safety knob
- 27 Model name
- 29 Trade mark (boom)
- Trade mark (CWT) 30
- 31 Reduction gear grease
- 32 Clamp locking
- 34 Service instruction
- 35 Lifting chart
- 36 Tie
- 37 Keep clear-attach
- 38 Electric welding
- 39 **Falling**
- FOPS FOG plate 40
- Caution (water separat-41 or, turbocharger)

- 42 Reflecting
- Accumulator 43
- 47 Swing bearing grease
- 48 Battery position
- Fuel shut off 50
- 51 MCU/ECM connector
- Surge tank 54
- Key off caution 55
- **RCV** lever 56
- Fire extinguisher 57
- 58 Leftover fuel
- 59 RCV control
- 60 Air compressor
- 61 Air compressor - cab
- 62 Band
- 63 Step tread

2. DESCRIPTION

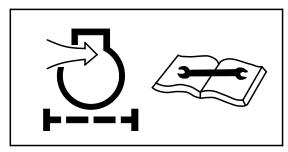
There are several specific warning labels on this machine please become familiarized with all warning labels.

Replace any safety label that is damaged, or missing. If a safety label is attached to a part that is replaced, install a safety label on the replacement part.

1) AIR CLEANER FILTER (item 1)

This warning label is positioned on the left side of the front support.

** Periodic and proper inspection, cleaning and change of elements prolong engine life time and maintain the good performance of engine.



21070FW01

2) TURBOCHARGER COVER (item 2)

This warning label is positioned on the top side of the engine hood.

♠ Do not touch turbocharger or it may cause severe burn. When the engine is running or immediately after engine shut down.



21070FW02

3) RADIATOR CAP (item 3)

This warning label is positioned on the radiator.

▲ Never open the filler cap while engine running or at high coolant temperature. Hot coolant can cause serious burns, injury or death.



14070FW03

4) FUELING (item 4)

This warning label is positioned on the right side of fuel filler neck.

▲ Stop the engine when refueling. All lights or flames shall be kept at a safe distance while refueling.



290F0FW02

5) BATTERY ACCIDENT (item 5)

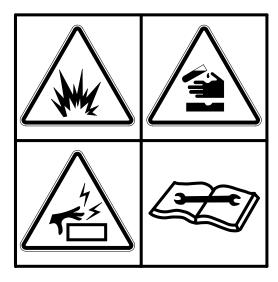
This warning label is positioned on the battery cover.

- ▲ Electrolyte containing sulfuric acid cause severe burns. Avoid being in contact with skin, eyes or clothes. In the event of accident flush with sufficient water, call a physician immediately.
- Maintain the electrolyte at the recommended level. Add distilled water to the battery only when starting up, never when shutting down.
 - With electrolyte at proper level, less space may cause the gases to be accumulated in the battery.
- ▲ Extinguish all smoking materials and open flames before checking the battery.
- ♠ Do not use matches, lighters or torches as a light source near the battery for the probable presence of explosive gas.
- ♠ Do not allow unauthorized personnel to change the battery or to use booster cables.
- ▲ For safety from electric shock, do not battery terminal with a wet hand.



This warning label is positioned on the front of the upper frame and the right side of the hydraulic tank.

- ▲ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- ♠ Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic lines or other lines.
- * See the maintenance section for details.



36070FW05

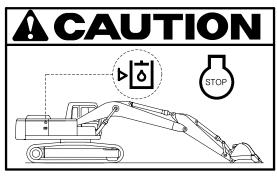


14070FW29

7) HYDRAULIC OIL LEVEL (item 7)

This warning label is positioned on the right side of the hydraulic tank.

- ▲ Place the bucket on the ground whenever servicing the hydraulic system.
- * Check oil level on the level gauge.
- * Refill the recommended hydraulic oil up to specified level if necessary.



21070FW07

8) HYDRAULIC OIL LUBRICATION (item 8)

This warning label is positioned on the top of the hydraulic tank.

- * Do not mix with different brand oils.
- A Never open the filler cap while high temperature.
- ▲ Loosen the cap slowly and release internal pressure completely.

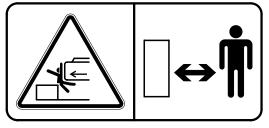


14070FW08

9) KEEP CLEAR-REAR (item 9)

This warning label is positioned on the rear side of counterweight.

- ▲ To prevent serious personal injury or death keep clear or machine swing radius.
- ▲ Do not deface of remove this label from the machine.

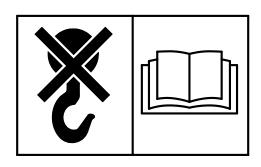


21090FW09

10) LIFTING EYE (item 10)

This warning label is positioned on the top side of counterweight.

- A Do not lift the machine by using lifting eyes on the counterweight or the lifting eyes may be subject to overload causing its breaking and possible personal injury.
- See page 5-9 for proper lifting method of the machine.



21070FW10

11) KEEP CLEAR-SIDE (item 13)

This warning label is positioned on the LH and RH side cover.

- ▲ To prevent serious personal injury or death keep clear of machine swing radius.
- ♠ Do not deface or remove this label from the machine.

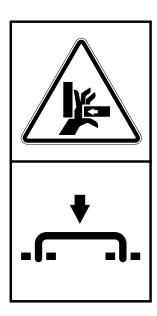


21070FW13

12) STAY FIX (item 14)

This warning label is positioned on the LH and RH side cover.

- ▲ Be sure to support the stay when the door needs to be opened.
- ♠ Be careful that the opened door may be closed by the external or natural force like strong wind.

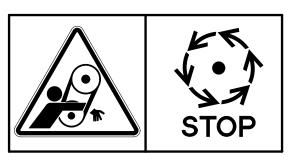


21070FW14

13) ENGINE HOOD SHEARING (item 15)

This warning label is positioned on the radiator hood.

- ♠ Don't open the engine hood during the engine's running. Stay clear of rotating parts.
- ▲ Don't touch exhaust pipe or it may cause severe burn.



21070FW15

14) NO STEP (item 16)

This warning label is positioned on the radiator hood and counterweight.



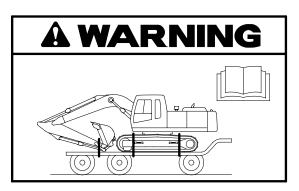
21070FW16

15) TRANSPORTING (item 17)

This warning label is positioned on the front right side of upper frame.

▲ Study the operator's manual before transporting the machine, if provided and tie down arm and track to the carrier with lashing wire.

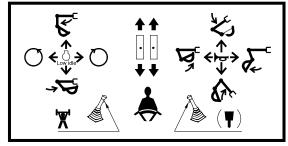
See page 5-8 for details.



14070FW17

- **16) MACHINE CONTROL PATTERN** (item 19) This warning label is positioned in right side window of the cab.
- ♠ Check the machine control pattern for conformance to pattern on this label. If not, change label to match pattern before operating machine.
- ♠ Failure to do so could result in injury or death.

See page 4-12 for details.



91N6-07201

17) REF OPERATOR'S MANUAL (item 20)

This warning label is positioned on the right side window of the cab.

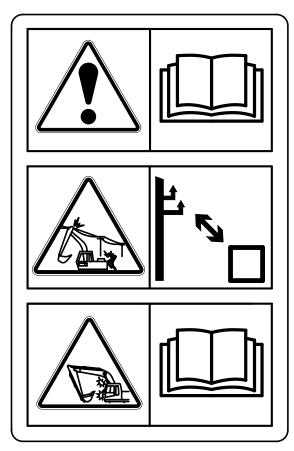
- (1) Ref operator manual
- ▲ Study the operator's manual before starting and operating machine.
- ♠ Do not operate this machine unless you have read and understand the instructions and warnings in this manual. Failure to follow the instructions or warnings could result in injury or death.

(2) Max height

♠ Serious injury or death can result from contact with electric lines.
An electric shock being received by merely coming into the vicinity of an electric lines, the minimum distance should be kept considering the supply voltage as page 1-16.

(3) Interference

♠ Be careful to operate machine equipped with quick clamp or extensions. Bucket may hit cab or boom, boom cylinders when it reached vicinity of them.



2609A0SL05

18) HAMMER (item 21)

This label is located on the right center stay of the cabin inside.

- * The window serves as an alternate exit.
- In emergency, break out the window using the hammer and escape from the cabin.

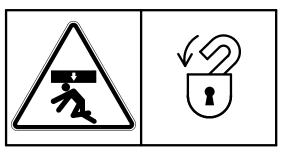


91Q6-07280

19) SAFETY FRONT WINDOW (item 22)

This warning label is positioned on the both top side window of the cab.

- A Be careful that the front window may be promptly closed.
- See page 3-60 for details.



21070FW24

20) SAFETY REAR WINDOW (item 23)

This warning label is positioned on the right side window of the cab.

- * The rear window serves as an alternate exit.
- To remove rear window, pull the ring and push out the glass.

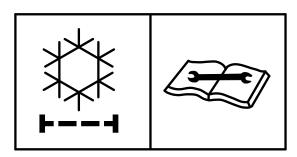


2609A0SL02

21) AIR CONDITIONER FILTER (item 24)

This warning label is positioned on the air conditioner cover.

Periodic and proper inspection, cleaning and change of filter prolong air conditioner life time and maintain good performance.

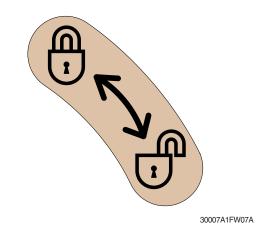


21070FW26

22) SAFETY KNOB (item 26)

This warning label is positioned on the cover of the safety knob.

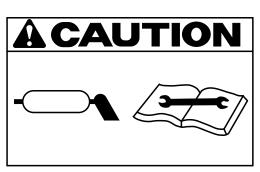
▲ Before you get off the machine be sure to place the safety knob LOCKED position.



23) REDUCTION GEAR GREASE (item 31)

This warning label is positioned on the front side of upper frame.

♠ Grease is under high pressure. Grease coming out of the grease plug under pressure can penetrate the body causing injury or death.

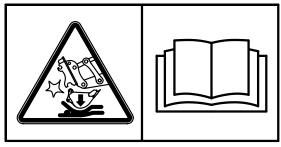


21070FW35

24) CLAMP LOCKING (item 32)

This warning label is positioned on the right side window of cab.

- ▲ Serious injury or death can result from dropping bucket.
- ♠ Operating the machine with quick clamp switch unlocked or without safety pin of moving hook can cause the bucket to drop off.



14070FW60

25) TIE (item 36)

This warning label is positioned on the front and rear side of the lower frame.

- A Never tow the machine using tie hole, because this may break.
- ▲ See page 4-15 for detail.



4507A0FW02

26) KEEP CLEAR-ATTACH (item 37)

This warning label is positioned on both side of the arm.

- ▲ Serious injury or death can result from falling of the attachment.
- ▲ To prevent serious injury or death, keep clear the underneath of attachment.



14070FW31

27) ELECTRIC WELDING (item 38)

This warning label is positioned on the battery cover.

- ▲ Before carrying out any electric welding on this machine, follow the below procedure.
- Pull the connector out of all electric control units.
- Connector the ground lead of the welding equipment as close to the welding point as possible.
- See page 6-46 for detail.

A WARNING

- Before carrying out any electric welding on this machine
- Pull the connectors out of all electronic control units.
- Connect the ground lead of the welding equipment as close to the welding point as possible.
- Read the instructions in operator's manual for

7807AFW20

28) FALLING (item 39)

This warning label is positioned on the top of the pump hood and counterweight.

- ▲ Falling is one of the major cause of personal injury.
- ▲ Be careful of slippery conditions on the platforms, steps and handrails when standing on the machine.



14070FW30

29) CAUTION (W/SEPARATOR, TURBOCHARGER) (item 41)

This warning label is positioned on the right window of the cab.

- ▲ In order to protect high pressure fuel system, please drain water in water separator before starting the engine.
- ▲ In order to prevent turbocharger failure, please allow more than 5 minutes' cool down period (no load low idle operation) before shutting the engine off.



In order to protect high pressure fuel system, please drain water in water separator before starting the engine.

 In order to prevent turbocharger failure, please allow more than 5 minutes cool down period(no load low idle operation) before shutting the engine off.

120090SL02

30) REFLECTING (item 42)

This warning label is positioned on the rear side of counterweight.

- ▲ To prevent serious personal injury or death keep clear of machine swing radi-
- ▲ Do not deface or remove this label from the machine.



290F0FW01

31) ACCUMULATOR (item 43)

This warning label is positioned on the accumulator of the solenoid valve.

- The accumulator is filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas, and it is extremely dangerous if it is handled in the wrong way. Always observe the following precautions.
- A Never make any hole in the accumulator expose it to flame or fire.
- ▲ Do not weld anything to the accumulator.
- When carrying out disassembly or maintenance of the accumulator, or when disposing of the accumulator, it is necessary to release the gas from the accumulator. A special air bleed valve is necessary for this operation, so please contact your Hyundai distributor.

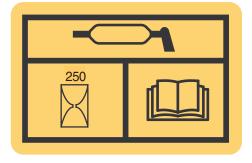


1107A0FW46

32) SWING BEARING GREASE (item 44)

This warning label is positioned in the front side of swing ring gear.

See page 6-37 for details.

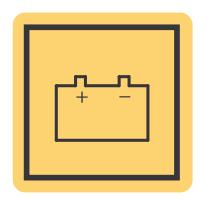


38090FW02

91Q6-07440

33) BATTERY POSITION (item 45)

This warning label is positioned on the left side cover.

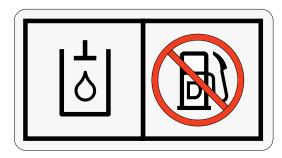


38090FW03

34) FUEL SHUT OFF (item 46)

This warning label is positioned on the top side of the hydraulic tank.

- * Fill only the hydraulic oil.
- Do not fill the diesel fuel.
- ♠ Relieve tank pressure with the engine off by removing the cap slowly to prevent burns from hot oil.



140WH90FW51

35) MCU/ECM CONNECTOR (item 47)

This warning label is positioned on the low cover of the air conditioner in the cab.

- MCU communicates the machine data with Laptop computer through RS232 service socket.
- ※ ECM communicates the engine data with cummins INSITE tool adapter through J1939 service socket.
- * See page 3-60 for details.



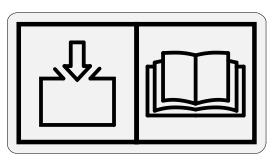
235Z90FW52

36) SURGE TANK (item 48)

This warning label is positioned on the top of the radiator.

This system must be filled slowly to prevent air locks.

 \Re Fill rate ≤ 11 lpm



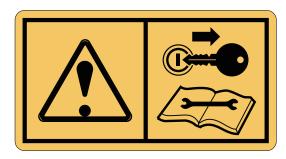
3009A0FW54

37) KEY OFF CAUTION (item 49)

This warning label is positioned on the right side window of the cab.

Park on a flat place and stop the engine for inspecting and repairing. Properly TAG machine is not operational. (remove start key)

Extreme care shall be taken during maintenance work.



290F0FW05

38) RCV LEVER (item 50)

This warning label is positioned on the right side window of the cab.

When you work by moving the seat to the front of cab, it is possible to take place interference between cluster and RCV lever at specific position.

To prevent this interference, handle below works.

- (1) Rotate cluster.
- (2) Adjust seat position for up-and-downward using seat height adjuster knob in suspension.
- (3) Lower the console box height using knob between RH console box and seat cushion.
- (4) Push back console and seat position using seat and console box adjust knob between LH console box and seat cushion.



290F0FW04

39) FIRE EXTINGUISHER (item 51)

This label is located on the left rear stay of the cabin inside.

※ Read and understand the instructions adhered decal on the fire extinguisher.



91Q6-07290

40) LEFTOVER FUEL (item 52)

This warning label is positioned on the inner left side of tool box.

- ▲ Do not fuel a machine near open flames or sparks.
- ▲ Properly clean areas of spillage.

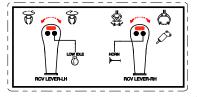


91K4-02700

41) RCV CONTROL (item 53)

This warning label is positioned on the right side window of the cab.

Read and understand the operation of the RCV lever.



330F0SL05

42) AIR COMPRESSOR (item 54)

This warning label is positioned on the inner left side of tool box.

▲ Do not touch air compressor or it may cause server burn.



91Q4-13301

43) AIR COMPRESSSOR -CAB (item 55)

This warning label is positioned on the right window of cab.

- (1) Park on a flat place to use the air compressor.
- (2) Be sure the engine working during the use of air compressor. After the use, make sure the compressor switch off.
- (3) During the operation, do not use the other electrical devices (air conditioner, lights, stereo etc.)
- (4) Lower the air breather.
- (5) After the use, completely drain the water and the air inside the air tank.
- Do not change the setting of the operating switch or the harness.
- ▲ Do not touch the cylinder head during the operation.

A CAUTION

- Park on a flat place to use the air compressor.
 Be sure the engine working during the use of air compres
- Be sure the engine working during the use of air compre After the use, make sure the compressor switch off.

 During the constraint do not use the other electrical day.
- 4. Lower the air breather.
- After the use, completely drain the water and the air inside the air tank
- Do not change the setting of the operating switch or the harness.
- . Do not touch the cylinder head during the operation
- ★ For details, please refer to the operator's manua

91Q4-13320

MACHINE DATA PLATE



For general





For FOPS/FOG

For ROPS

220S0FW06

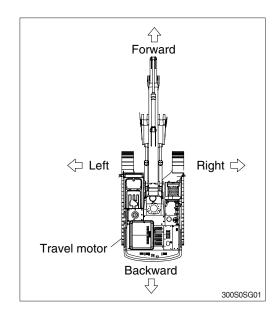
- 1 Machine type / model
- 2 Product identification number
- 3 Engine power

- 4 Operating mass
- 5 Manufacturing year
- 6 Maximum certified weight
- * The machine serial number assigned to this particular machine and should be used when requesting information or ordering service parts for this machine from your authorized HYUNDAI dealer. The machine serial number is also stamped on the frame.

GUIDE

1. DIRECTION

The direction of this manual indicate forward, backward, right and left on the standard of operator when the travel motor is in the rear and machine is on the traveling direction.



2. SERIAL NUMBER

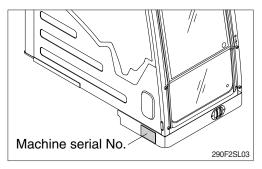
Inform following when you order parts or the machine is out of order.

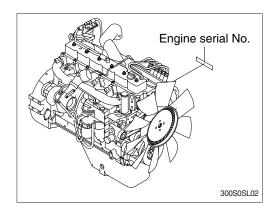
1) MACHINE SERIAL NUMBER

The numbers are located below the right window of the operator's cab.

2) ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The numbers are located on the engine name plate.





3. INTENDED USE

This machine is designed to be used mainly for the following work.

- Digging work
- Loading work
- Smoothing work
- Ditching work
- * Please refer to the section 4 (efficient working method) further details.

4. SYMBOLS

- ▲ Important safety hint.
- \triangle It indicates matters which can cause the great loss on the machine or the surroundings.
- * It indicates the useful information for operator.

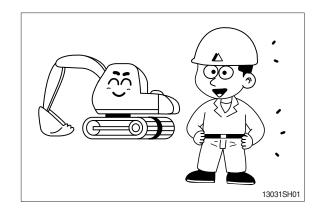
SAFETY HINTS

1. BEFORE OPERATING THE MACHINE

Think-safety first.

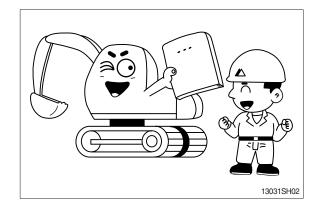
In special situation, wear protective clothing including a safety helmet, safety shoes, gloves, safety glasses and ear protection as required by the job condition.

Almost every accident is caused by disregarding the simple and fundamental safety hints.



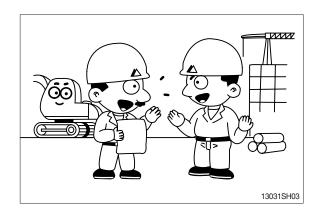
Be sure to understand thoroughly all about the operator's manual before operating the machine.

Proper care is your responsibility.

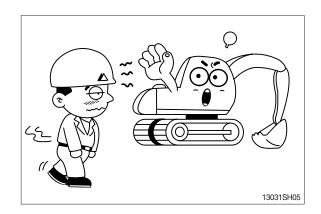


Fully understand the details and process of the construction before starting the work.

If you find anything dangerous on the job, consult with the job supervisor for the preventive measures before operating the machine.

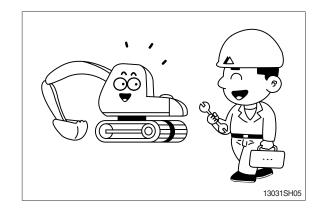


Do not operate when tired, or after drinking alcoholic beverages or any type of drugs.



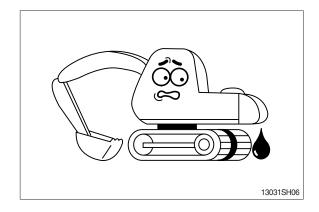
Check daily according to the operation manual.

Repair the damaged parts and tighten the loosened bolts.

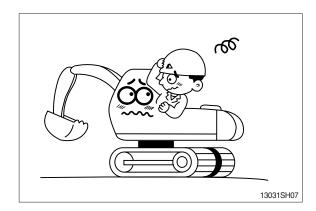


Check for leakage of engine oil, hydraulic oil, fuel and coolant.

Keep machine clean, clean machine regularly.

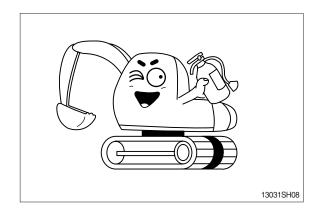


Do not operate the machine if it requires repairs. Operate after complete repair.



Be prepared if a fire starts.

Keep a fire extinguisher handy and emergency numbers for a fire department near your telephone.



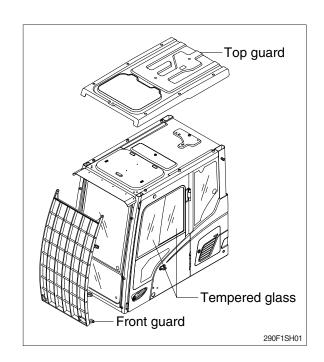
PROTECTION AGAINST FALLING OR FLYING OBJECTS

If there is any danger of falling or flying objects hitting the operator, install protective guards in place to protect the operator as required for each particular situation.

Be sure to close the front window before commencing work.

Make sure to keep all persons other than operator outside the range of falling or flying objects.

In case you need top guard, front guard and FOPS (falling object protective structure), please contact Hyundai distributor.



UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATION

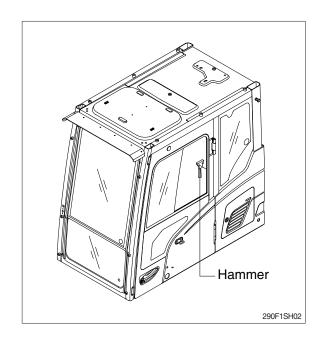
Any modification made without authorization from Hyundai can create hazards.

Before making a modification, consult your Hyundai distributor. Hyundai will not be responsible for any injury or damage caused by any unauthorized modification.

PREPARE FOR EMERGENCY

Only in case of emergency, use the installed hammer for breaking the windshield of the cab, and then exit carefully.

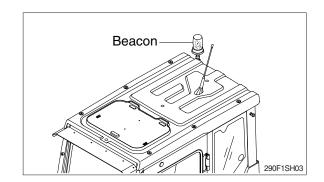
Be sure you know the phone numbers of persons you should contact in case of an emergency.



ROTATING BEACON

When you operate a machine on a road or beside a road, a rotating beacon is required to avoid any traffic accident.

Please contact your Hyundai distributor to install it.



PRECAUTIONS FOR ATTACHMENTS

When installing and using an optional attachment, read the instruction manual for the attachment and the information related to attachments in this manual.

Do not use attachments that are not authorized by Hyundai or your Hyundai distributor. Use of unauthorized attachments could create a safety problem and adversely affect the proper operation and useful life of the machine.

Any injuries, accidents, product failures resulting from the use of unauthorized attachments are not the responsibility of Hyundai.

The stability of this machine is enough to be used for general work. When you operate this machine, allow for the lifting capacity tables. If you want to use other special applications (not covered in this manual), you have to attach additional counterweight or be cautious while running the machine.

SAFETY RULES

Only trained and authorized personnel can operate and maintain the machine.

Follow all safety rules, precautions and instructions when operating or performing maintenance on the machine.

When working with another operator or a person on worksite traffic duty, be sure all personnel understand all hand signals that are to be used.

SAFETY FEATURES

Be sure all guards and covers are in their proper position. Have guards and covers repaired if damaged.

Use safety features such as safety lock and seat belts properly.

Never remove any safety features. Always keep them in good operating condition.

Improper use of safety features could result in serious bodily injury or death.

MACHINE CONTROL PATTERN

Check machine control pattern for conformance to pattern on label in cab.

If not, change label to match pattern before operating machine.

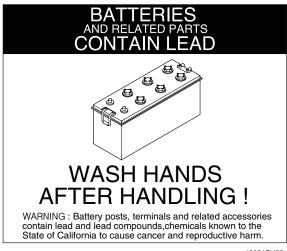
Failure to do so could result in injury.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

This product contains or emits chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds. WASH HANDS AFTER HANDLING



13031SH55

Do not load the machine with the lifting eyes on the counterweight.

A The wrong loading method can result in serious bodily injury or death.

FIRE PREVENTION AND EXPLOSION PREVENTION

Regeneration

The exhaust gas temperatures during regeneration will be elevated. Follow proper fire prevention instructions and use the disable regeneration function when appropriate.

General

All fuels, most lubricants, and some coolant mixtures are flammable.

To minimize the risk of fire or explosion, the following actions are recommended.

Always perform a Walk-Around Inspection, which may help you identify a fire hazard. Do not operate a machine when a fire hazard exists. Contact your dealer for service.



3001SH01

Understand the use of the primary exit and alternative exit on the machine.

Do not operate a machine with a fluid leak. Repair leaks and clean up fluids before resuming machine operation. Fluids that are leaking or spilled onto hot surfaces or onto electrical components can cause a fire. A fire may cause personal injury or death.

Do not weld on or drill holes in the engine cover. Flammable material such as leaves, twigs, papers, trash may accumulate in engine compartment.

Remove flammable material such as leaves, twigs, papers, trash and so on. These items may accumulate in the engine compartment or around other hot areas and hot parts on the machine.

Keep the access doors to major machine compartments closed and access doors in working condition in order to permit the use of fire suppression equipment, in case a fire should occur.

Clean all accumulations of flammable materials such as fuel, oil, and debris from the machine.

Do not operate the machine near any flame.

Keep shields in place. Exhaust shields (if equipped) protect hot exhaust components from oil spray or fuel spray in a break in a line, in a hose, or in a seal. Exhaust shields must be installed correctly.

Do not weld or flame cut on tanks or lines that contain flammable fluids or flammable material. Empty and purge the lines and tanks. Then clean the lines and tanks with a nonflammable solvent prior to welding or flame cutting. Ensure that the components are properly grounded in order to avoid unwanted arcs.

Dust that is generated from repairing nonmetallic hoods or fenders may be flammable and/or explosive. Repair such components in a ventilated area away from open flames or sparks. Use suitable Personal Protection Equipment (PPE).

Inspect all lines and hoses for wear or deterioration. Replace damaged lines and hoses. The lines and the hoses should have adequate support and secure clamps. Tighten all connections to the recommended torque. Damage to the protective cover or insulation may provide fuel for fires.

Store fuels and lubricants in properly marked containers away from unauthorized personnel. Store oily rags and flammable materials in protective containers. Do not smoke in areas that are used for storing flammable materials.

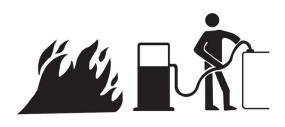




3001SH02

Use caution when you are fueling a machine. Do not smoke while you are fueling a machine. Do not fuel a machine near open flames or sparks. Always stop the engine before fueling. Fill the fuel tank outdoors. Properly clean areas of spillage.

Never store flammable fluids in the operator compartment of the machine.



3001SH03

Battery and battery cables

The following actions are recommended to minimize the risk of fire or an explosion related to the battery.



3001SH04

Do not operate a machine if battery cables or related parts show signs of wear or damage. Contact your dealer for service.

Follow safe procedures for engine starting with jump-start cables. Improper jumper cable connections can cause an explosion that may result in injury.

Do not charge a frozen battery. This action may cause an explosion.

Gases from a battery can explode. Keep any open flames or sparks away from the top of a battery. Do not smoke in battery charging areas.

Never check the battery charge by placing a metal object across the terminal posts. Use a voltmeter in order to check the battery charge.

Daily inspect battery cables that are in areas that are visible. Inspect cables, clips, straps, and other restraint for damage. Replace any damaged parts. Check for signs of the following, which can occur over time due to use and environmental factors:

- · Fraying
- · Abrasion
- Cracking
- · Discoloration
- · Cuts on the insulation of the cable
- · Fouling
- · Corroded terminals, damaged terminals, and loose terminals

Replace damaged battery cable (s) and replace any related parts. Eliminate any fouling, which may have caused insulation failure or related component damage or wear. Ensure that all components are reinstalled correctly.

An exposed wire on the battery cable may cause a short ground if the exposed area comes into contact with a grounded surface. A battery cable short produces heat from the battery current, which may be a fire hazard.

An exposed wire on the ground cable between the battery and the disconnect switch may cause the disconnect switch to be bypassed if the exposed area comes into contact with a grounded surface. This action may result in an unsafe condition for servicing the machine. Repair components or replace components before servicing the machine.

▲ Fire on a machine can result in personal injury or death. Exposed battery cables that come into contact with a grounded connection can result in fires. Replace cables and related parts that show signs of wear or damage. Contact your Hyundai dealer.

Wiring

Check electrical wires daily. If any of the following conditions exist, replace parts before you operate the machine.

- · Fraying
- · Signs of abrasion or wear
- · Cracking
- · Discoloration
- · Cuts on insulation
- · Other damage

Make sure that all clamps, guards, clips, and straps are reinstalled correctly. This action will help to prevent vibration, rubbing against other parts, and excessive heat during machine operation.

Attaching electrical wiring to hoses and tubes that contain flammable fluids or combustible fluids should be avoided.

Consult your Hyundai dealer for repair or for replacement parts.

Keep wiring and electrical connections free of debris.

Lines, Tubes, and Hoses

Do not bend high-pressure lines. Do not strike high-pressure lines. Do not install any lines that are bent or damaged. Use the appropriate backup wrenches in order to tighten all connections to the recommended torque.

Check lines, tubes, and hoses carefully. Wear Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) in order to check for leaks. Always use a board or cardboard when you check for a leak. Leaking fluid that is under pressure can penetrate body tissue. Fluid penetration can cause serious injury and possible death. A pin hole leak can cause severe injury. If fluid is injected into your skin, you must get treatment immediately. Seek treatment from a doctor that is familiar with this type of injury.

Replace the affected parts if any of the following conditions are present:

- · End fittings are damaged or leaking.
- · Outer coverings are chafed or cut.
- · Wires are exposed.
- · Outer coverings are swelling or ballooning.
- · Flexible parts of the hoses are kinked.
- · Outer covers have exposed embedded armoring.
- · End fittings are displaced.

Make sure that all clamps, guards, and heat shields are installed correctly. During machine operation, this action will help to prevent vibration, rubbing against other parts, excessive heat, and failure of lines, tubes, and hoses.

Do not operate a machine when a fire hazard exists. Repair any lines that are corroded, loose, or damaged. Leaks may provide fuel for fires. Consult your Hyundai dealer for repair or for replacement parts.

Ether

Ether (if equipped) is commonly used in cold weather applications. Ether is flammable and poisonous.

Do not spray ether manually into an engine if the machine is equipped with a thermal starting aid for cold weather starting.

Use ether in ventilated areas. Do not smoke while you are replacing an ether cylinder or while you are using an ether spray.

Do not store ether cylinders in living areas or in the operator compartment of a machine. Do not store ether cylinders in direct sunlight or in temperatures above 49°C(120.2 °F). Keep ether cylinders away from unauthorized personnel.

Fire Extinguisher

As an additional safety measure, keep a fire extinguisher on the machine.

Be familiar with the operation of the fire extinguisher. Inspect the fire extinguisher and service the fire extinguisher regularly. Follow the recommendations on the instruction plate.

Consider installation of an aftermarket Fire Suppression System, if the application and working conditions warrant the installation.

Fire Safety

- * Locate secondary exits and how to use the secondary exits before you operate the machine.
- * Locate fire extinguishers and how to use a fire extinguisher before you operate the machine.

If you find that you are involved in a machine fire, your safety and that of others on site is the top priority. The following actions should only be performed if the actions do not present a danger or risk to you and any nearby people. At all times you should assess the risk of personal injury and move away to a safe distance as soon as you feel unsafe.

Move the machine away from nearby combustible material such as fuel/oil stations, structures, trash, mulch and timber.

Lower any implements and turn off the engine as soon as possible. If you leave the engine running, the engine will continue to feed a fire. The fire will be fed from away damaged hoses that are attached to the engine or pumps.

If possible, turn the battery disconnect switch to the OFF position. Disconnecting the battery will remove the ignition source in the event of an electrical short. Disconnecting the battery will eliminate a second ignition source if electrical wiring is damaged by the fire, resulting in a short circuit.

Notify emergency personnel of the fire and your location.

If your machine is equipped with a fire suppression system, follow the manufacturers procedure for activating the system.

* Fire suppression systems need to be regularly inspected by qualified personnel. You must be trained to operate the fire suppression system.

Use the on-board fire extinguisher and use the following procedure:

- 1. Pull the pin.
- 2. Aim the extinguisher or nozzle at the base of the fire.
- 3. Squeeze the handle and release the extinguishing agent.
- 4. Sweep the extinguisher from side to side across the base of the fire until the fire is out.

Remember, if you are unable to do anything else, shut off the machine before exiting. By shutting off the machine, fuels will not continue to be pumped into the fire.

If the fire grows out of control, be aware of the following risks:

- Tires on wheeled machines pose a risk of explosion as tires burn. Hot shrapnel and debris can be thrown great distances in an explosion.
- · Tanks, accumulators, hoses, and fittings can rupture in a fire, spraying fuels and shrapnel over a large area.

Remember that nearby all of the fluids on the machine are flammable, including coolant and oils. Additionally, plastics, rubbers, fabrics, and resins in fiberglass panels are also flammable.

Fire extinguisher Location

Make sure that a fire extinguisher is available. Be familiar with the operation of the fire extinguisher. Inspect the fire extinguisher and service the fire extinguisher. Obey the recommendations on the instruction plate.

Mount the fire extinguisher in the accepted location per local regulations.

If your machine is equipped with a ROPS structure, strap the mounting plate to the ROPS in order to mount the fire extinguisher. If the weight of the fire extinguisher exceeds 4.5 kg (10 lb), mount the fire extinguisher near the bottom of the ROPS. Do not mount the fire extinguisher at the upper one-third area on the ROPS.

Do not weld the ROPS structure in order to install the fire extinguisher. Also, do not drill holes in the ROPS structure in order to mount the fire extinguisher on the ROPS.

Consult your Hyundai dealer for the proper procedure for mounting the fire extinguisher.

THE EUROPEAN UNION PHYSICAL AGENTS (VIBRATION) DIRECTIVE 2002/44/EC

Vibration Data for Earth-moving Machines

Information Concerning Hand/Arm Vibration Level

When the machine is operated according to the intended use, the hand/arm vibration of this machine is below 2.5 m/s².

Information Concerning Whole Body Vibration Level

The highest root mean square value of weighted acceleration to which the whole body is subjected, is less than 0.5 m/s².

This section provides vibration data and a method for estimating the vibration level for earth moving machines.

Vibration levels are influenced by many different parameters. Many items are listed below.

- · Operator training, behavior, mode and stress
- · Job site organization, preparation, environment, weather and material
- · Machine type, quality of the seat, quality of the suspension system, attachments and condition of the equipment

It is not possible to get precise vibration levels for this machine. The expected vibration levels can be estimated with the information in below Table in order to calculate the daily vibration exposure. A simple evaluation of the machine application can be used.

Estimate the vibration levels for the three vibration directions. For typical operating conditions, use the average vibration levels as the estimated level. With an experienced operator and smooth terrain, subtract the Scenario Factors from the average vibration level. For aggressive operations and severe terrain, add the Scenario Factors to the average vibration level in order to obtain the estimated vibration level.

* All vibration levels are in meter per second squared.

ISO Reference Table A – Equivalent vibration levels of whole body vibration emission for earthmoving equipment.

Machine	achine Machine kind	Typical operating condition	Vibration Levels			Scenario Factors		
family	Machine Kind		X axis	Y axis	Z axis	X axis	Y axis	Z axis
Excavator	Compact crawler excavator	Excavating	0.33	0.21	0.19	0.19	0.12	0.10
		Hydraulic breaker app.	0.49	0.28	0.36	0.20	0.13	0.17
		Transfer movement	0.45	0.39	0.62	0.17	0.18	0.28
	Crawler excavator	Excavating	0.44	0.27	0.30	0.24	0.16	0.17
		Hydraulic breaker app.	0.53	0.31	0.55	0.30	0.18	0.28
		Mining application	0.65	0.42	0.61	0.21	0.15	0.32
		Transfer movement	0.48	0.32	0.79	0.19	0.20	0.23
	Wheeled excavator	Excavating	0.52	0.35	0.29	0.26	0.22	0.13
		Transfer movement	0.41	0.53	0.61	0.12	0.20	0.19

ISO Reference Table A – Equivalent vibration levels of whole body vibration emission for earthmoving equipment.

Machine	Machina kind	Machine kind Typical operating condition	Vibration Levels			Scenario Factors		
family	Machine Kind		X axis	Y axis	Z axis	X axis	Y axis	Z axis
Loader	skid steer loader (tracks)	V-shaped motion	1.21	1.00	0.82	0.30	0.84	0.32
	Wheel backhoe loader	Excavating	0.28	0.26	0.20	0.09	0.16	0.06
	Wheel loader	Load and carry motion	0.84	0.81	0.52	0.23	0.20	0.14
		Mining application	1.27	0.97	0.81	0.47	0.31	0.47
		Transfer movement	0.76	0.91	0.49	0.33	0.35	0.17
		V-shape motion	0.99	0.84	0.54	0.29	0.32	0.14

Refer to "ISO/TR 25398 Mechanical Vibration-Guideline for the assessment of exposure to
 whole body vibration of ride on operated earthmoving machines" for more information about
 vibration. This publication uses data that is measured by international institutes, organizations
 and manufacturers. This document provides information about the whole body exposure of
 operators of earthmoving equipment.

Guidelines for Reducing Vibration Levels on Earthmoving Equipment

Properly adjust machines. Properly maintain machines. Operate machines smoothly. Maintain the conditions of the terrain. The following guidelines can help reduce the whole body vibration level:

- 1. Use the right type and size of machine, equipment, and attachments.
- 2. Maintain machines according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. Tire pressures
 - b. Brake and steering systems
 - c. Controls, hydraulic system and linkages
- 3. Keep the terrain in good condition.
 - a. Remove any large rocks or obstacles.
 - b. Fill any ditches and holes.
 - c. Provide machines and schedule time in order to maintain the conditions of the terrain.
- 4. Use a seat that meets "ISO 7096". Keep the seat maintained and adjusted.
 - a. Adjust the seat and suspension for the weight and the size of the operator.
 - b. Inspect and maintain the seat suspension and adjustment mechanisms.
- 5. Perform the following operations smoothly.
 - a. Steer
 - b. Brake
 - c. Accelerate
 - d. Shift the gears.
- 6. Move the attachments smoothly.
- 7. Adjust the machine speed and the route in order to minimize the vibration level.
 - a. Drive around obstacles and rough terrain.
 - b. Slow down when it is necessary to go over rough terrain.
- 8. Minimize vibrations for a long work cycle or a long travel distance.
 - a. Use machines that are equipped with suspension systems.
 - b. Use the ride control system on machines.
 - c. If no ride control system is available, reduce speed in order to prevent bounce.
 - d. Haul the machines between workplaces.
- 9. Less operator comfort may be caused by other risk factors. The following guidelines can be effective in order to provide better operator comfort:
 - a. Adjust the seat and adjust the controls in order to achieve good posture.
 - b. Adjust the mirrors in order to minimize twisted posture.
 - c. Provide breaks in order to reduce long periods of sitting.
 - d. Avoid jumping from the cab
 - e. Minimize repeated handling of loads and lifting of loads.
 - f. Minimize any shocks and impacts during sports and leisure activities.

Sources

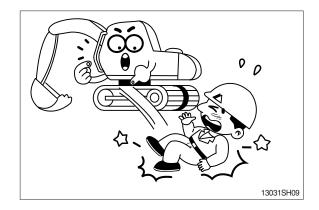
The vibration information and calculation procedure is based on "ISO/TR 25398 Mechanical Vibration-Guideline for whole body vibration exposure of operators of earthmoving equipment. The method is based on measured vibration emission under real working conditions for all machines.

You should check the original directive. This document summarizes part of the content of the applicable law. This document is not meant to substitute the original sources. Other parts of these documents are based on information from the United Kingdom Health and Safety Executive.

2. DURING OPERATING THE MACHINE

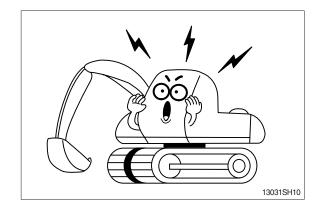
Use the handle and footstep when getting on or off the machine.

Do not jump on or off the machine.



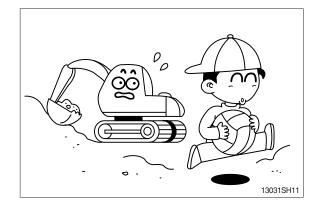
Sound the horn to warn nearby personnel before operating the machine.

Remove all the obstacles like frost on the window before operating the machine for the good visibility.



Operate carefully to make sure all personnel or obstacles are clear within the working range of the machine.

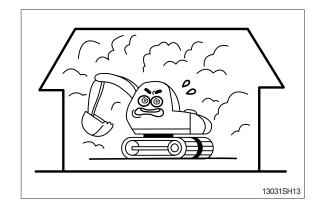
Place safety guards if necessary.



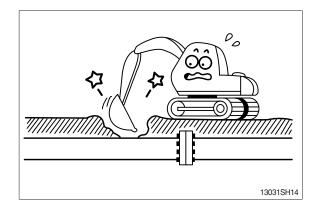
When using the work equipment, pay attention to job site.



Provide proper ventilation when operating engine in a closed area to avoid the danger of exhaust gases.



Check the locations of underground gas pipes or water line and secure the safety before operation.

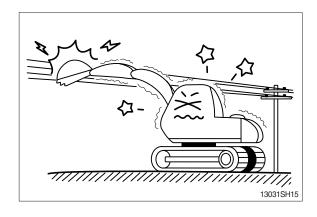


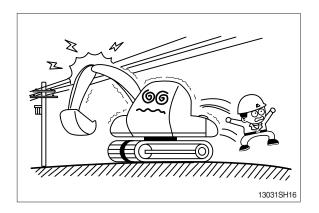
The operating near the electrical lines is very dangerous.

Operate within safe working range permitted as below.

Supply voltage	Min safe separation
6.6 kV	3m (10 ft)
33.0 kV	4m (13 ft)
66.0 kV	5m (16 ft)
154.0 kV	8m (26 ft)
275.0 kV	10m (33 ft)

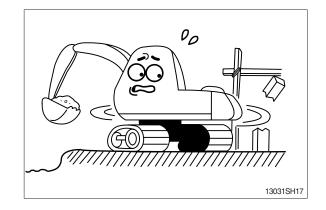
If the machine touches the electric power lines, keep sitting on the operator's seat and make sure the personnel on the ground not to touch the machine until turning off the electric current. Jump off the machine without contacting the machine when you need to get off.



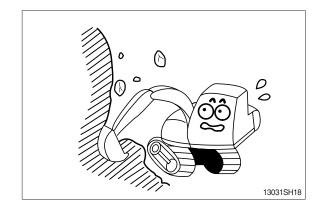


Watch out for obstacles.

Be particularly careful to check the machine clearance during the swing.

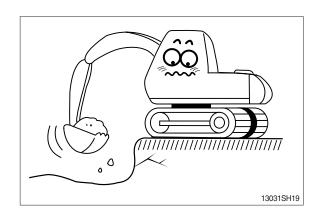


When using the machine as breaker or working in a place where stones may fall down, cab roof guard and head guard should be provided for proper protection.



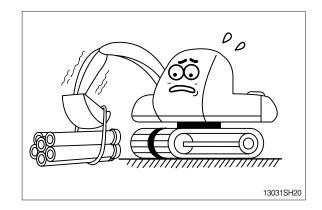
Avoid operating on a cliff or soft ground as there is danger of rolling over.

Make sure to get off easily as keeping the track at a right angle and putting the travel motor into the backward position when working on a cliff or soft ground inevitably.

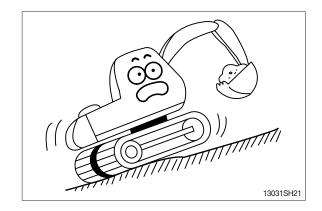


Operate for the lifting work considering the capacity of machine, weight and width of the load.

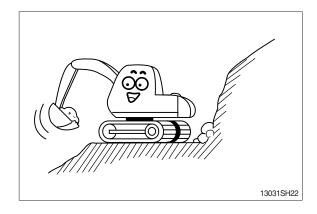
Be careful not to lift exceeding the machine capacity as it can be the cause of machine damage and safety accident.



The operation on a slope is dangerous. Avoid operating the machine on a slope of over 10 degree.

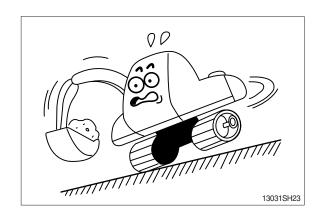


Operate the machine after making ground flat when operation is required on a slope.

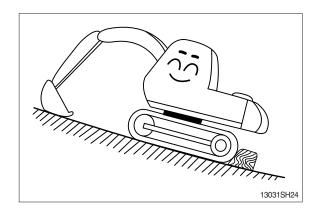


The swing on the slope can be danger of rolling over.

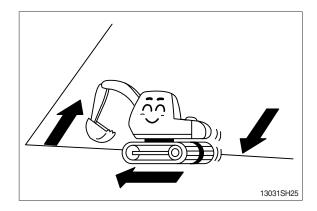
Do not operate to swing the machine with the bucket loaded on a slope since the machine may lose its balance under such an instance.



Avoid parking and stopping on a slope. Lower the bucket to the ground and block the track when parking.

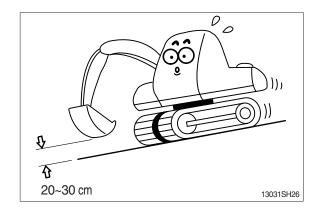


Avoid traveling in a cross direction on a slope as it can cause the danger of rolling over and sliding.



Traveling on a slope is dangerous.

Be sure to operate slowly when traveling down a slope and maintain the bucket at a height of 20~30 cm (1 ft) above the ground so that it can be used as brake in an emergency.

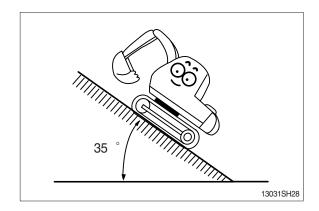


Steering of the machine while traveling on a slope is dangerous.

When an inevitable turning of direction is required, turn on the flat and solid ground.

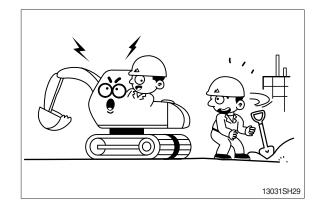


The engine angularity limits are 35 degree. Do not operate by more than the engine limits in any case.

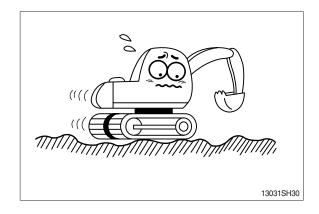


Before traveling the machine, sound the horn to warn nearby personnel.

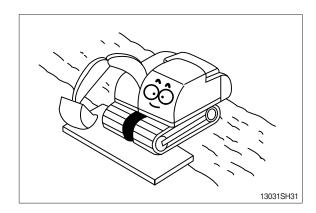
Operate forward and backward correctly with confirming the location of the travel motor.



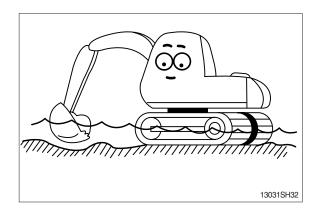
Slow down when traveling through obstacles or uneven ground.



When working on soft ground, place mats or wood boards on the ground to prevent the machine sinking.



When operating in water or when crossing shallow, check the bed soil condition and depth and flow speed of water, then proceed taking care that water is not above carrier roller.



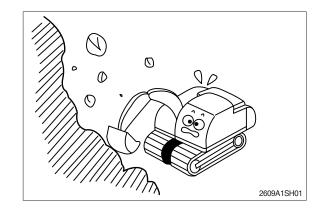
This machine has ROPS / FOG with option.

Do not attempt to repair a rollover protective structure (ROPS) after an accident.

Repaired structures do not provide the original structure and protection.

Test and approved as a protective CAB according to ROPS and FOG standard.

Meets: ISO 10262 / 3449 / 12117-2 SAE J1356 / JISO 3449



MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING

Never jump on or off the machine. **Never** get on or off a moving machine.

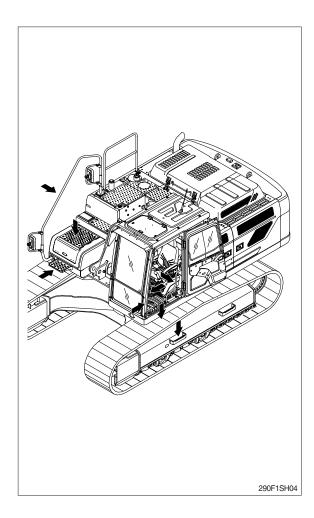
When mounting or dismounting, always face the machine and use the handrails, machine or track frame steps, and track shoes. Additional track frame step can be fitted for wider optional shoe. In this case please contact your Hyundai distributor.

Do not hold any control levers when getting on or off the machine.

Ensure safety by always maintaining at least three-point contact of hands and feet with the handrails, steps or track shoes.

Always remove any oil or mud from the handrails, steps and track shoes. If they are damaged, repair them and tighten any loose bolts.

If grasping the door handrail when mounting or dismounting or moving on the track, open and lock the door securely in the open position. Otherwise, the door may move suddenly, causing you to lose balance and fall.



KEEP RIDERS OFF MACHINE

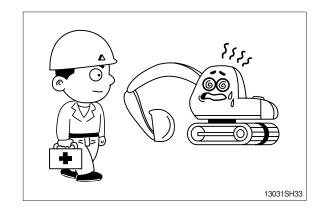
Riders on a machine are subject to injury such as being struck objects and being thrown off the machine.

Only allow the operator on the machine. Keep riders off.

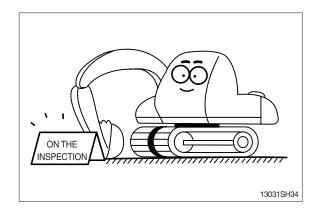
3. DURING MAINTENANCE

Stop the engine immediately when the trouble of the machine is found.

Inspect immediately the cause of trouble such as vibration, overheating and trouble in the cluster then repair.



Park on a flat place and stop the engine for inspecting and repairing. Properly TAG machine is not operational. (remove start key) Extreme care shall be taken during maintenance work. Parts may require additional safe guard.



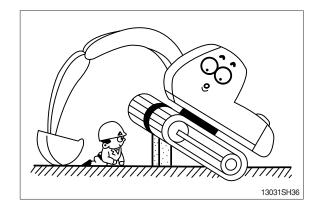
Do not remove the radiator cap from hot engine. Open the cap after the engine cools, below 50 °C (122 °F) to prevent personal injury from heated coolant spray or steam.



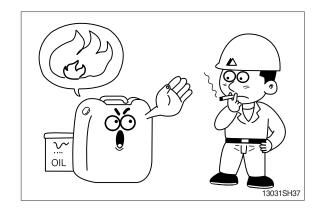
Do not work below the machine.

Be sure to work with proper safety supports.

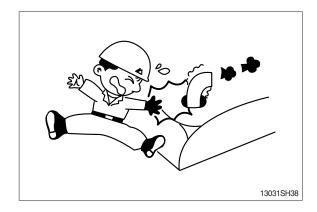
Do not depend on the hydraulic cylinders to hold up the equipment and attachment.



There is the danger of fire in fuel and oil. Store in cool and dry area, away from any open flames.



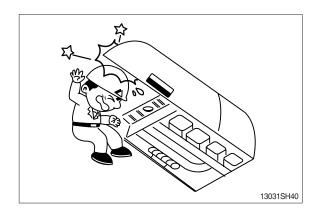
Do not touch exhaust pipe, or may cause severe burn.



Do not open the engine hood and covers while the engine is running.



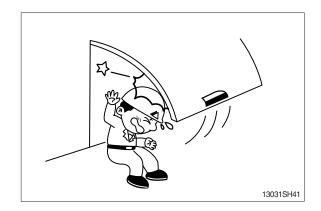
Be careful of not hitting the edges when you service engine.



Be careful that the front window may be promptly closed.

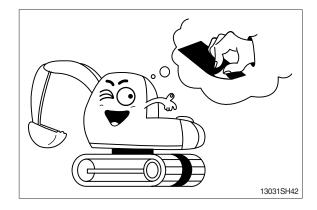
Be sure to support stay, when the side door needs to be opened.

Be careful that the open side door may closed by the external or natural force like strong wind.

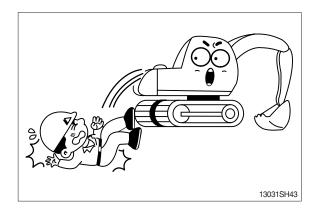


The antislip protection should be replaced if they have become worn or have been printed over.

Be sure to free of oil, water and grease etc.



Be careful of not touching slip, fall down etc., when you work at the upper frame to service engine and/or other component.

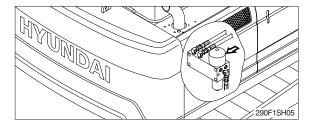


HIGH PRESSURE GAS

Contain high pressure gas.

To avoid explosion and personal injury, do not expose to fire, do not weld, do not drill.

Relieve pressure before discharging.



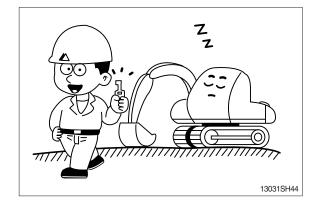
LIFT EYES CAN FAIL

Lift eyes or tank can fail when lifting tank containing fluids resulting in possible personal injury. Drain tank of all fluids before lifting.

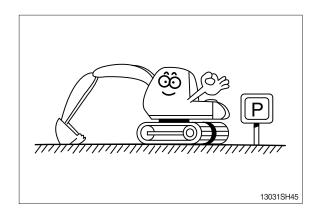
4. PARKING

When leaving the machine after parking, lower the bucket to the ground completely and put the safety knob at the LOCK position then remove the key.

Lock the cab door.

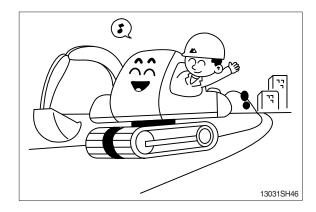


Park the machine in the flat and safe place.



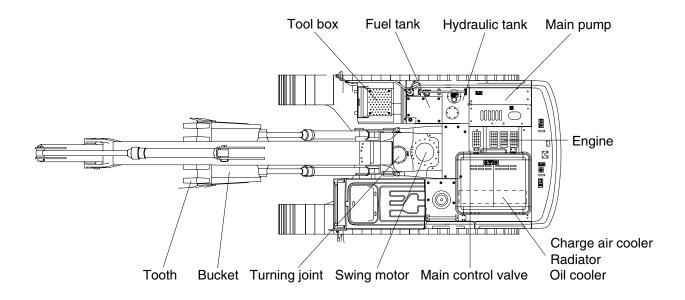
Hope you can work easily and safely observing safety rules.

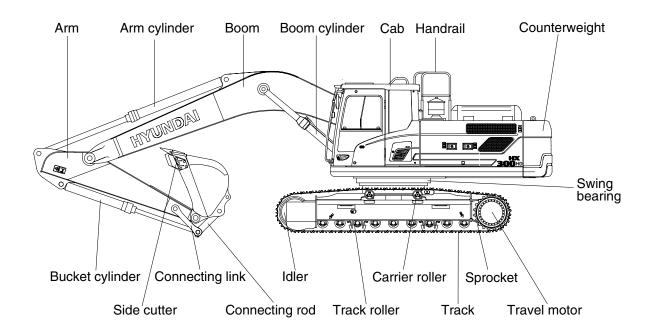
For safe operation, observe all safety rules.



SPECIFICATIONS

1. MAJOR COMPONENT



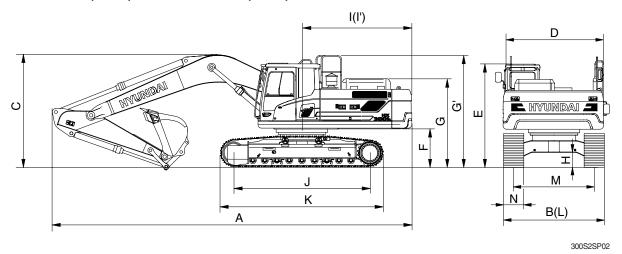


300S2SP01

2. SPECIFICATIONS

1) HX300HD

(1) 6.25 m (20' 6") boom and 3.05 m (10' 0") arm

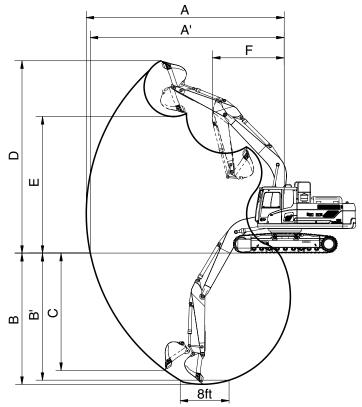


Description		Unit	Specification		
Operating weight		kg (lb)	30700 (67682)		
Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard		m³ (yd³)	1.5 (1.96)		
Overall length	А		10740		
Overall width, with 600 mm shoe	В		3200		
Overall height of boom	С		3320		
Superstructure width	D		2980		
Overall height of cab	Е		3130		
Ground clearance of counterweight	F		1185		
Overall height of engine hood	G		2657		
Overall height of handrail	G'	mm	3336		
Minimum ground clearance	Н		500		
Rear-end distance	I		3265		
Rear-end swing radius	ľ		3345		
Distance between tumblers	J		4030		
Undercarriage length	K		4940		
Undercarriage width	L		3200		
Track gauge	М		2600		
Track shoe width, standard	N		600		
Travel speed (low/high)		km/hr (mph)	3.3/5.9 (2.1/3.7)		
Swing speed		rpm	10.2		
Gradeability		Degree (%)	35 (70)		
Ground pressure (600 mm shoe)		kgf/cm² (psi)	0.58 (8.25)		
Max traction force		kg (lb)	26500 (58420)		

3. WORKING RANGE

1) HX300HD

(1) 6.25 m (20' 6") boom



Description		3.05 m (10' 0") Arm
Max digging reach	Α	10810 mm (35' 6")
Max digging reach on ground	A'	10610 mm (34' 10")
Max digging depth	В	7330 mm (24' 1")
Max digging depth (8 ft level)	B'	7170 mm (23' 6")
Max vertical wall digging depth	С	6280 mm (20' 7")
Max digging height	D	10200 mm (33' 6")
Max dumping height	Е	7150 mm (23' 5")
Min swing radius	F	4270 mm (14' 0")
		165.7 [180.8]kN
	SAE	16900 [18440] kgf
Bucket digging force		37260 [40650] lbf
bucket diggling force		192.2 [209.7] kN
	ISO	19600 [21380] kgf
		43210 [47130] lbf
		131.4 [143.4] kN
	SAE	13400 [14620] kgf
Arm diaging force		29540 [32230] lbf
Arm digging force		136.3 [148.7] kN
	ISO	13900 [15160] kgf
		30640 [33420] lbf

[]: Power boost

4. WEIGHT

1) HX300HD

ltom	HX3	00HD
Item	kg	lb
Upperstructure assembly	13740	30290
Main frame weld assembly	2720	6000
Engine assembly	617	1360
Main pump assembly	201	443
Main control valve assembly	220	485
Swing motor assembly	350	770
Hydraulic oil tank assembly	250	550
Fuel tank assembly	240	530
Counterweight	5200	11460
Cab assembly	422	930
Lower chassis assembly	10790	23790
Track frame weld assembly	3750	8270
Swing bearing	435	960
Travel motor assembly	360	790
Turning joint	54	120
Sprocket	83	183
Track recoil spring	225	500
Idler	250	551
Carrier roller	35	80
Track roller	56	123
Track-chain assembly (600 mm standard triple grouser shoe)	1880	4145
Front attachment assembly (6.25 m boom, 3.05 m arm, 1.50 m³ SAE heaped bucket)	5550	12240
6.25 m boom assembly	2285	5040
3.05 m arm assembly	1025	2260
1.50 m³ SAE heaped bucket	1010	2230
Boom cylinder assembly	270	600
Arm cylinder assembly	360	790
Bucket cylinder assembly	220	485
Bucket control linkage total	110	240

5. LIFTING CAPACITIES

1) HX300HD

Unit: mm

Model	Boom	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Doze	er	Outrig	ger
Iviodei	Type	Length	Length	Weight (kg)	Width	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
HX300HD	Mono	6250	3050	5200	600	-	-	-	-

: Rating over-front

· 🖶 : Rating over-side or 360 degree



			Lift-point radius (B)						At max. reach					
Lift-poi	Lift-point		(9.8 ft)	4.5 m (4.5 m (14.8 ft) 6.		6.0 m (19.7 ft)		7.5 m (24.6 ft)		29.5 ft)	Cap	acity	Reach
height ((A)			H	#	·	#	H	#		#	·	#	m (ft)
7.5 m (24.6 ft)	kg lb											*4410 *9720	*4410 *9720	7.38 (24.2)
6.0 m (19.7 ft)	kg lb							*6490 *14310	5710 12590			*4220 *9300	*4220 *9300	8.30 (27.2)
4.5 m (14.8 ft)	kg lb			*9450 *20830	*9450 *20830	*7760 *17110	*7760 *17110	*6980 *15390	5540 12210			*4210 *9280	4200 9260	8.86 (29.1)
3.0 m	kg			*12510	11250	*9210	7400	*7720	5320	*5490	4000	*4340	3900	9.14
(9.8 ft) 1.5 m	lb kg			*27580 *14900	24800 10490	*20300 *10550	16310 7000	*17020 8210	11730 5110	*12100 *6190	8820 3900	*9570 *4640	8600 3790	9.17
(4.9 ft) 0.0 m	lb kg			*32850 *15940	23130 10170	*23260 11280	15430 6740	18100 8040	11270 4950	*13650	8600	*10230 *5160	8360 3870	(30.1)
(0.0 ft) -1.5 m	lb kg	*11100	*11100	*35140 *15950	22420 10110	24870 11160	14860 6640	17730 7970	10910 4890			*11380 *6050	8530 4180	(29.3) 8.44
(-4.9 ft)	lb	*24470	*24470	*35160	22290	24600	14640	17570	10780			*13340	9220	(27.7)
-3.0 m (-9.8 ft)	kg lb	*17910 *39480	*17910 *39480	*15100 *33290	10220 22530	11210 24710	6690 14750	8050 17750	4960 10930			*7770 *17130	4870 10740	7.61 (25.0)
-4.5 m (-14.8 ft)	kg lb	*18100 *39900	*18100 *39900	*13040 *28750	10520 23190	*9550 *21050	6920 15260					*8810 *19420	6480 14290	6.32 (20.7)
-6.0 m (-19.7 ft)	kg	30000	30000	20700	20100	21000	10200					10720	17200	(20.7)

* Note

- 1. Lifting capacity are based on SAE J1097 and ISO 10567.
- 2. Lifting capacity of the ROBEX series does not exceed 75% of tipping load with the machine on firm, level ground or 87% of full hydraulic capacity.
- 3. The lift-point is bucket mounting pin on the arm (without bucket).
- 4. *indicates load limited by hydraulic capacity.
- * Lifting capacities are based upon a standard machine conditions.

Lifting capacities will vary with different work tools, ground conditions and attachments.

The difference between the weight of a work tool attachment must be subtracted.

Consult your Hyundai dealer regarding the lifting capacities for specific work tools and attachments.

▲ Failure to comply to the rated load can cause possible personal injury or property damage.

Make adjustments to the rated load as necessary for non-standard configurations.

5. LIFTING CAPACITIES

1) HX300HD

Unit: mm

Madal	Boom	Boom	Arm	Counterweight	Shoe	Doze	er	Outrig	ger
IVIOGEI	Model Type	Length	Length	Weight (kg)	Width	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
HX300HD	Mono	6250	3050	5200	600	-	-	-	-

: Rating over-front

· 🖶 : Rating over-side or 360 degree



					L	ift-point	radius (I	3)				At max. reach		ach
Lift-poi	int	3.0 m	(9.8 ft)	4.5 m (14.8 ft)	6.0 m (19.7 ft)	7.5 m (24.6 ft)	9.0 m (29.5 ft)	Capa	acity	Reach
height	(A)			H		·	#	·		·	#	·		m (ft)
7.5 m (24.6 ft)	kg lb											*4410 *9720	*4410 *9720	7.38 (24.2)
6.0 m (19.7 ft)	kg lb							*6490 *14310	5710 12590			*4220 *9300	*4220 *9300	8.30 (27.2)
4.5 m	kg			*9450	*9450	*7760	*7760	*6980	5540			*4210	4200	8.86
(14.8 ft)	lb			*20830	*20830	*17110	*17110	*15390	12210			*9280	9260	(29.1)
3.0 m	kg			*12510	11250	*9210	7400	*7720	5320	*5490	4000	*4340	3900	9.14
(9.8 ft)	lb			*27580	24800	*20300	16310	*17020	11730	*12100	8820	*9570	8600	(30.0)
1.5 m	kg			*14900	10490	*10550	7000	8210	5110	*6190	3900	*4640	3790	9.17
(4.9 ft)	lb			*32850	23130	*23260	15430	18100	11270	*13650	8600	*10230	8360	(30.1)
0.0 m	kg			*15940	10170	11280	6740	8040	4950			*5160	3870	8.94
(0.0 ft)	lb			*35140	22420	24870	14860	17730	10910			*11380	8530	(29.3)
-1.5 m	kg	*11100	*11100	*15950	10110	11160	6640	7970	4890			*6050	4180	8.44
(-4.9 ft)	lb	*24470	*24470	*35160	22290	24600	14640	17570	10780			*13340	9220	(27.7)
-3.0 m	kg	*17910	*17910	*15100	10220	11210	6690	8050	4960			*7770	4870	7.61
(-9.8 ft)	lb	*39480	*39480	*33290	22530	24710	14750	17750	10930			*17130	10740	(25.0)
-4.5 m	kg	*18100	*18100	*13040	10520	*9550	6920		<u> </u>			*8810	6480	6.32
(-14.8 ft)	lb	*39900	*39900	*28750	23190	*21050	15260					*19420	14290	(20.7)
-6.0 m (-19.7 ft)	kg lb													

* Note

- 1. Lifting capacity are based on SAE J1097 and ISO 10567.
- 2. Lifting capacity of the ROBEX series does not exceed 75% of tipping load with the machine on firm, level ground or 87% of full hydraulic capacity.
- 3. The lift-point is bucket mounting pin on the arm (without bucket).
- 4. *indicates load limited by hydraulic capacity.
- * Lifting capacities are based upon a standard machine conditions.

Lifting capacities will vary with different work tools, ground conditions and attachments.

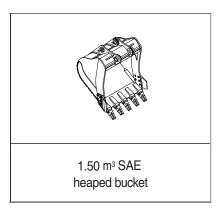
The difference between the weight of a work tool attachment must be subtracted.

Consult your Hyundai dealer regarding the lifting capacities for specific work tools and attachments.

▲ Failure to comply to the rated load can cause possible personal injury or property damage. Make adjustments to the rated load as necessary for non-standard configurations.

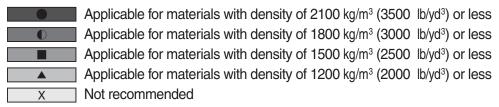
6. BUCKET SELECTION GUIDE

1) GENERAL BUCKET



						Re	commendat	tion	
Cap	acity	Width		Weight			10.2 m (33' 6") boom		
SAE heaped	CECE heaped	Without side cutter	With side cutter		2.1 m arm (6' 11")	2.5 m arm (8' 2")	3.05 m arm (10' 0")	3.75 m arm (12' 4")	7.85 m arm (25' 9")
1.50 m ³ (1.96 yd ³)	1.30 m ³ (1.70 yd ³)	1490 mm (59")	1610 mm (63.0")	1080 kg (2380 lb)	•	0	•		Х

★: Long reach bucket



^{*} These recommendations are for general conditions and average use.

Work tools and ground conditions have effects on machine performance.

Select an optimum combination according to the working conditions and the type of work that is being done.

Consult your Hyundai dealer for information on selecting the correct boom-arm-bucket combination.

7. UNDERCARRIAGE

1) TRACKS

X-leg type center frame is integrally welded with reinforced box-section track frames. The design includes dry tracks, lubricated rollers, idlers, sprockets, hydraulic track adjusters with shock absorbing springs and assembled track-type tractor shoes with triple grousers.

2) TYPES OF SHOES

				Triple grouser						
Model	Shapes	5								
	Shoe width	mm (in)	600 (24)	700 (28)	800 (32)	-				
HASOUND	Operating weight	kg (lb)	30200 (66580)	30770 (67840)	31150 (68670)	-				
HX300HD	Ground pressure	kgf/cm² (psi)	0.58 (8.27)	0.51 (7.22)	0.45 (6.4)	-				
	Overall width	mm (ft-in)	3200 (10' 6")	3300 (10' 10")	3400 (11' 1")	-				

3) NUMBER OF ROLLERS AND SHOES ON EACH SIDE

Item	Quantity
Carrier rollers	2 EA
Track rollers	9 EA
Track shoes	48 EA

4) SELECTION OF TRACK SHOE

Suitable track shoes should be selected according to operating conditions.

Method of selecting shoes

Confirm the category from the list of applications in **table 2**, then use **table 1** to select the shoe. Wide shoes (categories B and C) have limitations on applications. Before using wide shoes, check the precautions, then investigate and study the operating conditions to confirm if these shoes are suitable.

Select the narrowest shoe possible to meet the required flotation and ground pressure. Application of wider shoes than recommendations will cause unexpected problem such as bending of shoes, crack of link, breakage of pin, loosening of shoe bolts and the other various problems.

*** Table 1**

Track shoe	Specification	Category
600 mm triple grouser	Standard	A
700 mm triple grouser	Option	В
700 mm double grouser	Option	В
800 mm triple grouser	Option	С
800 mm triple grouser (long reach)	Standard	С

*** Table 2**

Category	Applications	Precautions
А	Rocky ground, river beds, normal soil	Travel at low speed on rough ground with large obstacles such as boulders or fallen trees or a wide range of general civil engineering work
В	Normal soil, soft ground	 These shoes cannot be used on rough ground with large obstacles such as boulders or fallen trees Travel at high speed only on flat ground Travel slowly at low speed if it is impossible to avoid going over obstacles
С	Extremely soft ground (swampy ground)	 Use the shoes only in the conditions that the machine sinks and it is impossible to use the shoes of category A or B These shoes cannot be used on rough ground with large obstacles such as boulders or fallen trees Travel at high speed only on flat ground Travel slowly at low speed if it is impossible to avoid going over obstacles

8. SPECIFICATIONS FOR MAJOR COMPONENTS

1) ENGINE

Item	Specification	
Model	Cummins C8.3	
Туре	4-cycle turbocharged, charge air cooled diesel engine	
Cooling method	Water cooling	
Number of cylinders and arrangement	6 cylinders, in-line	
Firing order	1-5-3-6-2-4	
Combustion chamber type	Direct injection type	
Cylinder bore × stroke	114×134.9 mm (4.49" × 5.31")	
Piston displacement	8290 cc (506 cu in)	
Compression ratio	18:1	
Rated net horse power (SAE J1349)	255 Hp (190 kW) at 2200 rpm	
Rated gross horse power (SAE J1995)	260 Hp (194 kW) at 2200 rpm	
Maximum torque	124 kgf · m (899 lbf · ft) at 1300 rpm	
Engine oil quantity	26.5 ℓ	
Wet weight	604 kg	
High idling speed	2450±50 rpm	
Low idling speed	$850\pm100~\mathrm{rpm}$	
Rated fuel consumption	151 g/Hp · hr at 1400 rpm	
Starting motor	24 V-7.2 kW	
Alternator	24 V-90 A	
Battery	2 × 12 V × 150 Ah	

2) MAIN PUMP

Item	Specification
Туре	Variable displacement tandem axis piston pumps
Capacity	2 × 154 cc/rev
Maximum pressure	350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi) [380 kgf/cm² (5400 psi)]
Rated oil flow	2 × 285 ℓ /min (75.3 U.S. gpm / 62.7 U.K. gpm)

[]: Power boost

3) GEAR PUMP

Item	Specification
Туре	Fixed displacement gear pump single stage
Capacity	15 cc/rev
Maximum pressure	40 kgf/cm² (570 psi)
Rated oil flow	27.75 ℓ /min (7.3 U.S. gpm/7.1 U.K. gpm)

4) MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Item		Specification	
Туре		10 spools	
Operating method		Hydraulic pilot system	
Main relief valve pressure		350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi) [380 kgf/cm² (5400 psi)] *1 350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi) [Not applied power boost]	
Boom		400 kgf/cm² (5690 psi)	
Port relief valve pressure	Arm	400 kgf/cm² (5690 psi), *1 250 kgf/cm² (3560 psi)	
	Bucket	400 kgf/cm² (5690 psi), *1 270 kgf/cm² (3840 psi)	

^{[]:} Power boost *1: Long reach only

5) SWING MOTOR

Item	Specification
Туре	Axial piston motor
Capacity	156.9 cc/rev
Relief pressure	300 kgf/cm² (4270 psi)
Braking system	Automatic, spring applied hydraulic released
Braking torque	84.4 kgf · m (610 lbf · ft) over
Brake release pressure	36.6 kgf/cm² (519 psi) below
Reduction gear type	2 - stage planetary

6) TRAVEL MOTOR

Item	Specification
Туре	Variable displacement axial piston motor
Capacity	282.6/156.9 cc/rev
Relief pressure	350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi)
Braking system	Automatic, spring applied hydraulic released
Braking torque	134 kgf · m (969 lbf · ft)
Brake release pressure	17 kgf/cm² (242 psi)
Reduction gear type	2-stage planetary

7) CYLINDER

Item		Specification
Room aylindar	Bore dia × Stroke	Ø140×1465 mm
Boom cylinder	Cushion	Extend only
Arm cylinder	Bore dia × Stroke	Ø150×1765 mm
Aim cyllider	Cushion	Extend and retract
Punkat aulindar	Bore dia × Stroke	Ø135×1185 mm
Bucket cylinder	Cushion	Extend only
Bucket cylinder	Bore dia × Stoke	Ø100×870 mm
(long reach)	Cushion	Extend only

^{**} Discoloration of cylinder rod can occur when the friction reduction additive of lubrication oil spreads on the rod surface.

8) SHOE

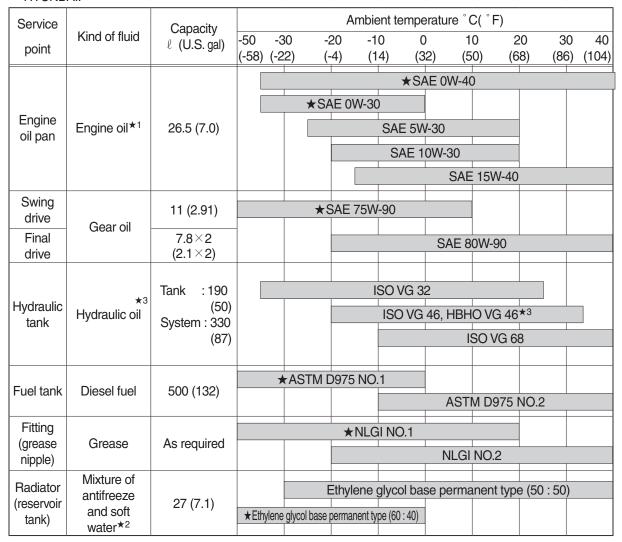
Item		Width	Ground pressure	Link quantity	Overall width
	Standard	600 mm (24")	0.58 kgf/cm² (8.27 psi)	48	3200 mm (10' 6")
HX300HD	Ontion	700 mm (28")	0.51 kgf/cm² (7.22 psi)	48	3300 mm (10' 10")
	Option	800 mm (32")	0.45 kgf/cm² (6.40 psi)	48	3400 mm (11' 1")

 $[\]ensuremath{\,\times\,}$ Discoloration does not cause any harmful effect on the cylinder performance.

9. RECOMMENDED OILS

HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils have been developed to offer the best performance and service life for your equipment. These oils have been tested according to the specifications of HYUNDAI and, therefore, will meet the highest safety and quality requirements.

We recommend that you use only HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease officially approved by HYUNDAI.



SAE: Society of Automotive Engineers

API: American Petroleum Institute

ISO : International Organization for Standardization

NLGI: National Lubricating Grease Institute

ASTM: American Society of Testing and Material

★ : Cold region

Russia, CIS, Mongolia

★1 : Meet or exceeds API CH-4 grade

★2 : Soft water

City water or distilled water

★3: Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil

- * Using any lubricating oils other than HYUNDAI genuine products may lead to a deterioration of performance and cause damage to major components.
- * Do not mix HYUNDAI genuine oil with any other lubricating oil as it may result in damage to the systems of major components.
- * Do not use any engine oil other than that specified above.
- * For HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease for use in regions with extremely low temperatures, please contact HYUNDAI dealers.

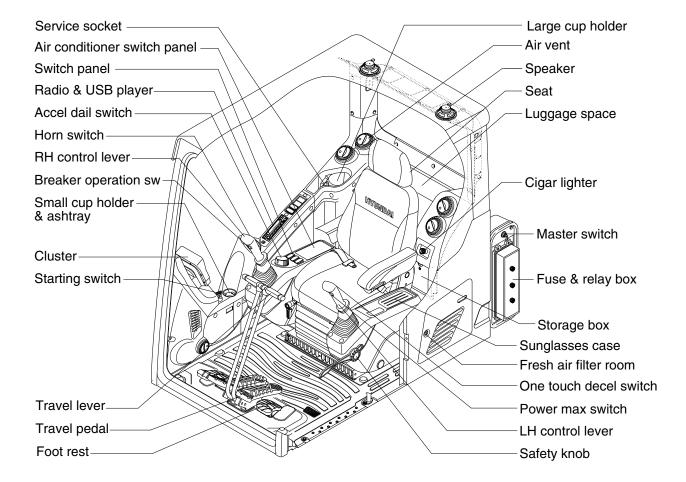
CONTROL DEVICES

1. CAB DEVICES

 The ergonomically designed console box and suspension type seat provide the operator with comfort.

2) ELECTRONIC MONITOR SYSTEM

- (1) The centralized electronic monitor system allows the status and conditions of the machine to be monitored at a glance.
- (2) It is equipped with a safety warning system for early detection of machine malfunction.



300S3CD31

2. CLUSTER

1) STRUCTURE

The cluster consists of LCD and switches as shown below. The LCD is to warn the operator in case of abnormal machine operation or conditions for the appropriate operation and inspection. Also. The LCD is to set and display for modes, monitoring and utilities with the switches.

The switches or touch screen are to set the machine operation modes.

- * The cluster installed on this machine does not entirely guarantee the condition of the machine. Daily inspection should be performed according to chapter 6, Maintenance.
- * When the cluster provides a warning immediately check the problem, and perform the required action.



220S3CD501B



* The warning lamp pops up and/or blinks and the buzzer sounds when the machine has a problem. The warning lamp blinks until the problem is cleared. Refer to page 3-6 for details.

220S3CD01C

2) GAUGE

(1) Operation screen

When you first turn starting switch ON, the operation screen will appear.

Normal type



Premium type







- 1 RPM / Speed gauge
- 2 Engine coolant temperature gauge
- 3 Hydraulic oil temperature gauge
- 4 Fuel level gauge

- 5 Tripmeter display
- 6 Eco guage
- 7 Accel dial gauge

Operation screen type can be set by the screen type menu of the display (premium type).
 Refer to page 3-29 for details.

(2) RPM / Speed gauge

Normal type



① This display the engine speed.





290F3CD549

(3) Engine coolant temperature gauge

Normal type



Premium type



① This gauge indicates the temperature of coolant.

· White range: 40-104°C (104-219°F) · Red range : Above 104°C (219°F)

- $\ \ \,$ If the indicator is in the red range or $\ \ \ \ \,$ lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds turn OFF the engine and check the engine cooling system.
- red even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

220S3CD553

(4) Hydraulic oil temperature gauge

Normal type





220S3CD554

① This gauge indicates the temperature of hydraulic oil.

· White range: 40-105°C(104-221°F) · Red range : Above 105°C(221°F)

- ② If the indicator is in the red range or limit lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds reduce the load on the system. If the gauge stays in the red range, stop the machine and check the cause of the problem.
- $\ensuremath{^{\times}}$ If the gauge indicates the red range or $\ensuremath{\stackrel{\cdot}{\boxtimes}}$ lamp blinks in red even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

(5) Fuel level gauge

Normal type



Premium type



- ① This gauge indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank.
- ② Fill the fuel when the red range, or lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
- * If the gauge indicates the red range or lamp blinks in red even though the machine is on the normal condition, check the electric device as that can be caused by the poor connection of electricity or sensor.

(6) Tripmeter display



220S3CD555

- ① This displays the engine the tripmeter.
- Refer to page 3-31 for details.

(7) Eco gauge



- 290F3CD58
- This gauge indicates the fuel consumption rate and machine load status. So that operators can be careful with fuel economy.
- ② The fuel consumption rate or machine load is higher, the number of segment is increased.
- ③ The color of Eco gauge indicates operation status.
 - · White: Idle operation
 - · Green: Economy operation
 - · Yellow : Non-economy operation at a medium level.
 - · Red : Non-economy operation at a high level.

(8) Accel dial gauge



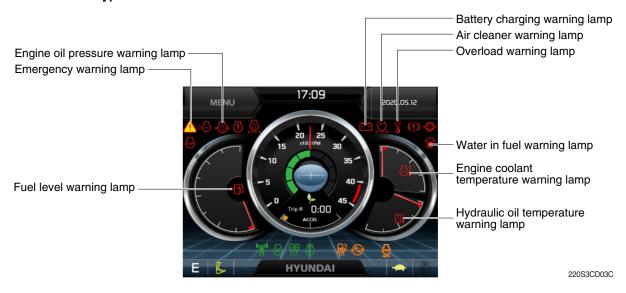
① This gauge indicates the level of accel dial.

3) WARNING LAMPS

Normal type



Premium type



* Warning lamps and buzzer

Warnings	When error happened	Lamps and buzzer
All warning lamps	Warning lamp pops up on	· The pop-up warning lamp moves to the original position and
except below	the center of the LCD and	blinks, and the buzzer stops when ;
	the buzzer sounds	- the buzzer stop switch
		- the lamp of the LCD is touched
	Warning lamp pops up on	* Refer to page 3-7 for details.
	the center of the LCD and	
	the buzzer sounds	

(1) Engine coolant temperature warning lamp



290F3CD61

- ① Engine coolant temperature warning is indicated two steps.

 - 104°C over : The ${\bf \hat{N}}$ lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
- ② The pop-up ⟨□⟩|, ♠ lamps move to the original position and blinks when the buzzer stop switch with is pushed. And the buzzer stops and , 1 lamps keep blink.
- 3 Check the cooling system when the lamps keep blink.

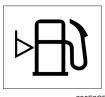
(2) Hydraulic oil temperature warning lamp



290F3CD62

- ① Hydraulic oil temperature warning is indicated two steps.
 - -100° C over : The | $\frac{1}{100^{\circ}}$ | lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
 - -105° C over: The /\(\)\lambda lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds.
- ② The pop-up $|\dot{a}|$, \hat{N} lamps move to the original position and blinks when the buzzer stop switch is pushed. And the buzzer stops and |o| , / lamps keep blink.
- 3 Check the hydraulic oil level and hydraulic oil cooling system.

(3) Fuel level warning lamp



290F3CD63

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the level of fuel is below 55 ℓ (14.5 U.S. gal).
- ② Fill the fuel immediately when the lamp blinks.

(4) Emergency warning lamp



290F3CD64

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when each of the below warnings is happened.
 - Engine coolant overheating (over 104°C)
 - Hydraulic oil overheating (over 105°C)
 - MCU input voltage abnormal
 - Cluster communication data error
- The pop-up warning lamp moves to the original position and blinks when the buzzer stop switch is pushed. And the buzzer stops.
- 2 When this warning lamp blinks, machine must be checked and serviced immediately.

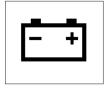
(5) Engine oil pressure warning lamp



290F3CD65

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the engine oil pressure is low.
- ② If the lamp blinks, shut OFF the engine immediately. Check oil level.

(6) Battery charging warning lamp



290F3CD67

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the battery charging voltage is low.
- ② Check the battery charging circuit when this lamp blinks.

(7) Air cleaner warning lamp



290F3CD68

- ① This warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds when the filter of air cleaner is clogged.
- ② Check the filter and clean or replace it.

(8) Overload warning lamp (opt)



290F3CD69

- ① When the machine is overload, the overload warning lamp pops up and the buzzer sounds during the overload switch is ON. (if equipped)
- ② Reduce the machine load.

4) PILOT LAMPS

Normal type



220S3CD574B

Premium type



220S3CD74C

(1) Mode pilot lamps

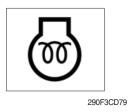
No	Møđæ D79	Pilot lamp	Selected mode
		P	Heavy duty power work mode
1	Power mode	S	Standard power mode
		E	Economy power mode
2	User mode	U	User preferable power mode
			General operation - IPC speed mode
			General operation - IPC balance mode
3	Work tool mode		General operation - IPC efficiency mode
			Breaker operation mode
		Ŕ	Crusher operation mode
4	Travel mode		Low speed traveling
	navernioue	*	High speed traveling
5	Auto idle mode		Auto idle

(2) Power max pilot lamp



- ① The lamp will be ON when pushing power max switch on the LH RCV lever.
- ② The power max function is operated maximum 8 seconds.
- * Refer to the page 3-36 for power max function.

(3) Preheat pilot lamp



- ① Turning the start key switch to the ON position starts preheating in cold weather.
- ② Start the engine after this lamp goes OFF.

(4) Warming up pilot lamp



- ① This lamp is turned ON when the coolant temperature is below 30°C (86°F).
- ② The automatic warming up is cancelled when the engine coolant temperature is above 30°C, or when 10 minutes have passed since starting the engine.

(5) Decel pilot lamp



290F3CD81

- ① Operating one touch decel switch on the RCV lever makes the lamp ON.
- 2 Also, the lamp will be ON and engine speed will be lowered automatically to save fuel consumption when all levers and pedals are at neutral position, and the auto idle function is selected.
- * One touch decel is not available when the auto idle pilot lamp is turned ON.
- * Refer to the page 3-36.

(6) Fuel warmer pilot lamp



290F3CD82

- ① This lamp is turned ON when the coolant temperature is below 10°C (50°F) or the hydraulic oil temperature 20°C (68°F).
- 2 The automatic fuel warming is cancelled when the engine coolant temperature is above 60°C, and the hydraulic oil temperature is above 45°C since the start switch was ON position.

(7) Maintenance pilot lamp



290F3CD83

- ① This lamp will be ON when the consuming parts are needed to change or replace. It means that the change or replacement interval of the consuming parts remains below 30 hours.
- ② Check the message in maintenance information of main menu. Also, this lamp lights ON for 3 minutes when the start switch is ON position.
- * Refer to the page 3-24.

(8) Smart key pilot lamp (premium type, opt)



290F3CD214

- ① This lamp is ON when the engine is started by the start button.
- 2 This lamp is red when the a authentication fails, green when succeeds.
- ※ Refer to the page 3-25.

(9) Auto engine shutdown pilot lamp (opt)



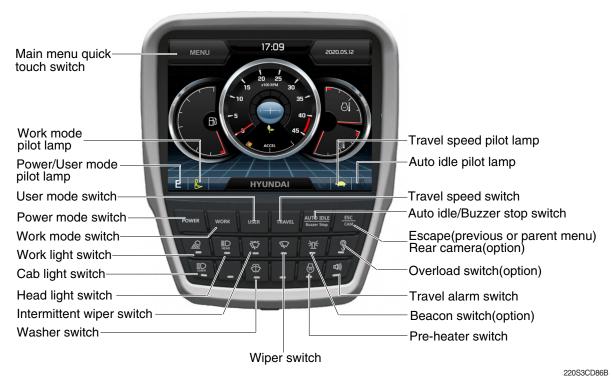
220A3CD202A

- ① This lamp is turned ON when the auto engine shutdown is activated.
- * Refer to page 3-21.

5) SWITCHES Normal type

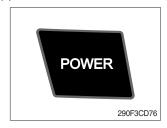


Premium type



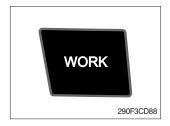
When some of the switches are selected, the pilot lamps are displayed on the LCD. Refer to the page 3-9 for details.

(1) Power mode switch



- ① This switch is to select the machine power mode and selected power mode pilot lamp is displayed on the pilot lamp position.
 - · P : Heavy duty power work.
 - · S : Standard power work.
 - · E : Economy power work.
- ② The pilot lamp changes $E \rightarrow S \rightarrow P \rightarrow E$ in order.

(2) Work mode switch



- ① This switch is to select the machine work mode, which shifts from general operation mode to optional attachment operation mode.
 - · 🖒 : General operation mode
 - · S : Breaker operation mode (if equipped)
 - · 🖟 : Crusher operation mode (if equipped)
 - · Not installed: Breaker or crusher is not installed.
- * Refer to the page 4-7 for details.

(3) User mode switch



- ① This switch is used to memorize the current machine operating status in the MCU and activate the memorized user mode.
 - · Memory: Push more than 2 seconds.
 - · Action : Push within 2 seconds.
 - · Cancel : Push this switch once more within 2 seconds.
- ② Refer to the page 3-19 for another set of user mode.

(4) Travel speed switch



- ① This switch is used to select the travel speed alternatively.
 - : Low speed
 - : High speed
- * Do not change the setting of the travel speed switch. Machine stability may be adversely affected.
- ♠ Personal injury can result from sudden changes in machine stability.

(5) Auto idle/buzzer stop switch



- ① This switch is used to activate or cancel the auto idle function.
 - · Pilot lamp ON : Auto idle function is activated.
 - · Pilot lamp OFF: Auto idle function is cancelled.
- ② The buzzer sounds when the machine has a problem. In this case, push this switch and buzzer stops, but the warning lamp blinks until the problem is cleared.

(6) Escape/Camera switch



- ① This switch is used to return to the previous menu or parent menu.
- ② In the operation screen, pushing this switch will display the view of the camera on the machine (if equipped).

 Please refer to page 3-31 for the camera.
- ③ If the camera is not installed, this switch is used only ESC function.

(7) Work light switch



- ① This switch is used to operate the work light.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(8) Head light switch



- ① This switch is used to operate the head light.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(9) Intermittent wiper switch



- ① This switch is used to wipe operates intermittently.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(10) Wiper switch



- ① This switch is used to operate the window wiper.
- ② Note that the wiper will self-park when switched off.
- ③ The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.
- If the wiper does not operate with the switch in ON position, turn the switch OFF immediately. Check the cause.
 If the switch remains ON, motor failure can result.

(11) Washer switch



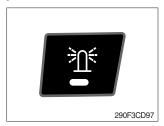
- ① The washer liquid is sprayed and the wiper is operated only while pressing this switch.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(12) Cab light switch



- ① This switch turns ON the cab light on the cab.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(13) Beacon switch



- ① This switch turns ON the rotary light on the cab.
- ② The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(14) Overload switch



- ① When this switch turned ON, buzzer makes sound and overload warning lamp comes ON in case that the machine is overload.
- ② When it turned OFF, buzzer stops and warning lamp goes out.
- ▲ Overloading the machine could impact the machines stability which could result in tipover hazard. A tipover hazard could result in serious injury or death. Always activate the overload warning device before you handle or lift objects.

(15) Travel alarm switch



- ① This switch is to activate travel alarm function surrounding when the machine travels to forward and backward.
- ② On pressing this switch, the alarm operates only when the machine is traveling.
- ③ The pilot lamp is turned ON when operating the switch.

(16) Main menu quick touch switch



- ① This switch is to activate the main menu in the cluster.
- * Refer to the page 3-18.

(17) Pre-heater switch

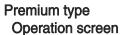


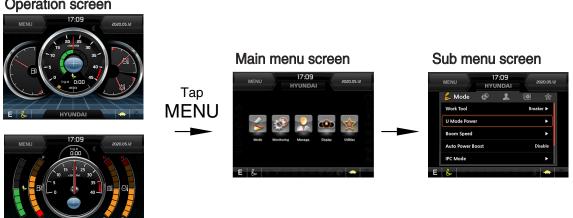
① Turning the smart key switch on position starts preheating in cold weather.

6) MAIN MENU

* On the operation screen, tap MENU to access the main menu screen.
On the sub menu screen, you can tap the menu bar to access functions or applications.







220S3CD102A

(1) Structure

No	Main menu	Sub menu	Description
1	Mode 290S3CD103	Work tool U mode power Boom/Arm speed Auto power boost IPC mode Auto engine shutdown (option) Initial mode Emergency mode	Breaker, Crusher, Not installed User mode only Boom speed Enable, Disable Speed mode, Balance mode, Efficiency mode One time, Always, Disable Key on initial mode, Accel initial mode / step Switch function
2	Monitoring 290S3CD104	Active fault Logged fault Delete logged fault Monitoring	MCU, *AAVM (option) MCU, *AAVM (option) All logged fault delete, Initialization canceled Machine information, Switch status, Output status,
3	Management 290S3CD105	Fuel rate information Maintenance information Machine security Machine information Contact Service menu Clinometer Update	General record, Hourly, Daily, Mode record Replacement, Change interval oils and filters ESL mode setting, Password change Model, MCU, Monitor, RMCU, Relay drive unit, *AAVM (option) A/S phone number, A/S phone number change Power shift, Operating hour, Breaker mode pump acting, EPPR current level, Overload pressure Clinometer setting Cluster, ETC device
4	Display 290S3CD106	Display item Clock Brightness Unit setup Language selection *Screen type	Engine speed, Tripmeter A, Tripmeter B, Tripmeter C Clock Manual, Auto Temperature, Pressure, Flow, Distance, Date format Korean, English, ETC A type, B type
5	Utilities 29053CD107	Tripmeter Camera setting AUX Manual	3 kinds (A, B, C) Camera setting, Auto mode (travel)

★ : premium type

(2) Mode setup

- * Illustrations are based on the premium type cluster.
- ① Work tool



- · Select on installed optional attachment
 - A: It can set the user's attachment. It is available in setting #1~#10.
 - B : Max flow Set the maximum flow for the attachment. Relief pressure Set the relief pressure.

② U mode power



220S3CD112A

- Engine high idle rpm, auto idle rpm and pump torque (power shift) can be modulated and memorized separately in U-mode.
- · U-mode can be activated by user mode switch.

Step (■)	Engine speed (rpm)	Idle speed (rpm)	Power shift (bar)
1	1400	1000	0
2	1500	1050 (auto idle)	3
3	1550	1100	6
4	1650	1150	9
5	1700	1200	12
6	1750	1250	16
7	1800	1300	20
8	1850	1350	26
9	1900	1400	32
10	1950	1450	38

* One touch decel & low idle: 1000 rpm

3 Boom speed



· Boom speed

Boom priority function can be activated or cancelled
 Enable - Boom up speed is automatically adjusted as working conditions by the MCU.
 Disable - Normal operation

4 Auto power boost

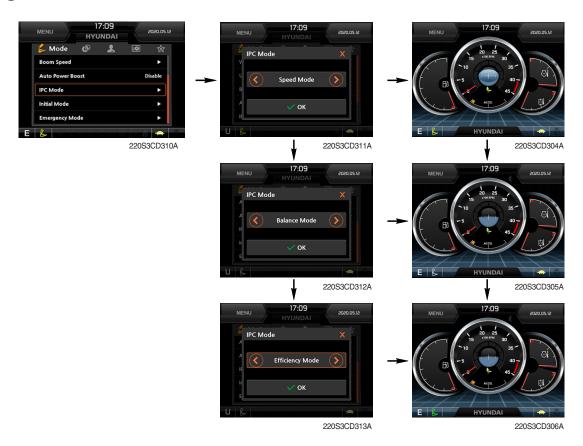


220S3CD117/

- · The power boost function can be activated or cancelled.
 - Enable The digging power is automatically increased as working conditions by the MCU. It is operated max 8 seconds.

Disable - Not operated.

⑤ IPC mode



- The IPC mode can be selected by this menu.
 - Speed mode
 - Balance mode (default)
 - Efficiency mode
- · This mode is applied only general operation mode of the work tool mode.
- Please update the cluster programs if this mode is not displayed in the mode setup menu. Refer to the page 3-27.

6 Automatic engine shutdown (option)



- · The automatic engine shutdown function can be set by this menu.
 - One time
 - Always
 - Disable
 - Wait time setting: Max 40 minutes, min 2 minutes

7 Initial mode



- · Key on initial mode
 - Selected the power mode is activated when the engine is started.

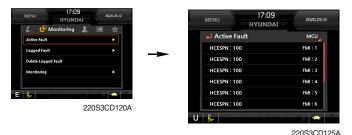
8 Emergency mode



- · This mode can be used when the switches are abnormal on the cluster.
- $\cdot\,$ The cluster switches will be selected by touched each icon.

(3) Monitoring

① Active fault



· The active faults of the MCU can be checked by this menu.

② Logged fault



220S3CD124A

· The logged faults of the MCU can be checked by this menu.

3 Delete logged fault



· The logged faults of the MCU can be deleted by this menu.

4 Monitoring



- The machine status such as the engine rpm, oil temperature, voltage and pressure etc. can be checked by this menu (Analog input).
- The switch status or output status can be confirmed by this menu (Digital input & Digital output).
- The activated switch or output pilot lamps
 are light ON.

(4) Management

① Fuel rate information





MENU 17:09
HYUNDAI

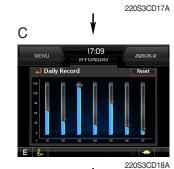
General Record

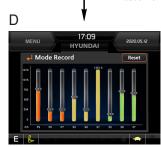


220S3CD16A

В







220S2CD10

· General record (A)

- Average fuel rate (left) (from "Reset" to now)
 Fuel consumption devided by engine run time (service meter time).
- A days fuel used (right)
 Fuel consumption from 24:00 (or "Reset" time) to now (MCU real time).

· Hourly record (B)

- Hourly fuel rates for past 12 hours (service meter time).
- No record during key-off time.
- One step shift to the right for every one hour.
- Automatic deletion for 12 hours earlier data.
- All hourly records deletion by "Reset".

· Daily record (C)

- Daily fuel consumption for past seven days (MCU real time).
- No record during key-off time.
- One step shift to the right at 24:00 for every day.
- Automatic deletion for 7 days earlier data.
- All daily records deletion by "Reset".

· Mode record (D)

- Average fuel rate for each power mode/accel dial (at least 7) from "Reset" to now.
- No record during idle.
- All mode records deletion by "Reset".

2 Maintenance information



- · Alarm lamp () is ON when oil or filter needs to be changed or replaced.
- · Replacement : The elapsed time will be reset to zero (0).
- · Change interval: The change or replace interval can be changed in the unit of 50 hours.
- * Refer to Maintenance chart for further information of maintenance interval.

③ Machine security



· ESL mode setting

- ESL: Engine Starting Limit
- ESL mode is desingned to be a theft deterrent or will prevent the unauthorized operation of the machine.
- If the ESL mode was selected Enable, the password will be required when the start switch is turned ON.
- Machine security

Disable: Not used ESL function

Enable (always): The password is required whenever the operator starts engine.

 Interval: The password is required when the operator starts engine first. But the operator can restart the engine within the interval time without inputting the password.

The interval time can be set maximum 4 hours.

- ※ Default password: 00000 +

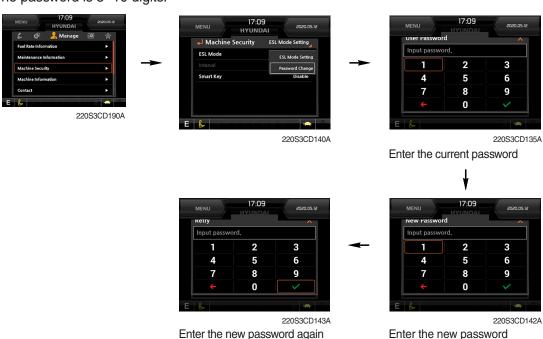
 ✓
- ※ Password length: (5~10 digit) +

 ✓

- Smart key (premium type, opt): Smart key is registered when equipped with optional smart key. If smart key is not inside of the cabin, authentication process fails and the password entering is needed.

· Password change

- The password is 5~10 digits.



** Before first use, please set user password and owner pasworrd in advance for machine security.

**



220S3CD138A

4 Machine Information



· This can confirm the identification of the model information (ECU), MCU, monitor, switch controller, RMCU, relay driver unit, AAVM (opt).

⑤ Contact (A/S phone number)



Enter the new A/S phone number

6 Service menu



- · Power shift (standard/option): Power shift pressure can be set by option menu.
- · Operating hours : Operating hours since the machine line out can be checked by this menu.
- · Breaker mode pump acting (1 pump/2 pump)
- · EPPR current level (attach flow EPPR 1 & 2)
- · Overload pressure: 100 ~ 350 bar

Clinometer



220S3CD153A

- · When the machine is on the flatland, if tap the "initialization", the values of X, Y reset "0".
- · You can confirm tilt of machine in cluster's operating screen.

® Update (cluster & ETC devices)



- · Insert USB memory stick





(5) Display

① Display item



- · The center display type of the LCD can be selected by this menu.
- The engine speed or each of the tripmeter (A,B,C) is displayed on the center display.

2 Clock



- The first line's three spots "**/***" represent Year/Month/Day each.
- The second line shows the current time. (0:00~23:59)

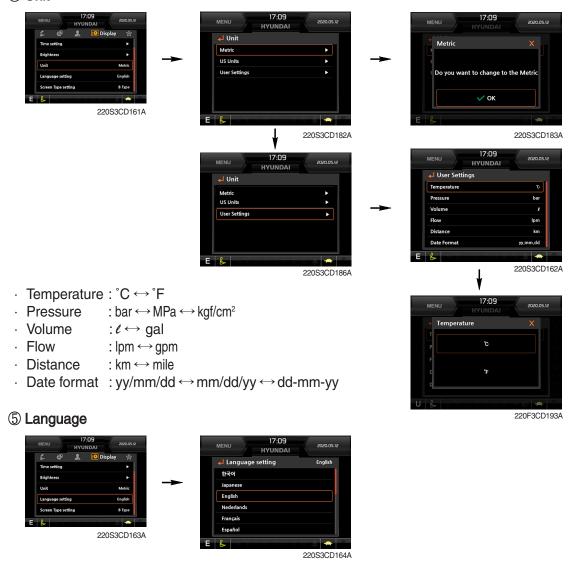
③ Brightness



· If "Auto" is chosen, brightness for day and night can be differently set up. Also by using the bar in lower side, users can define which time interval belongs to day and night. (in bar figure, white area represents night time while orange shows day time)

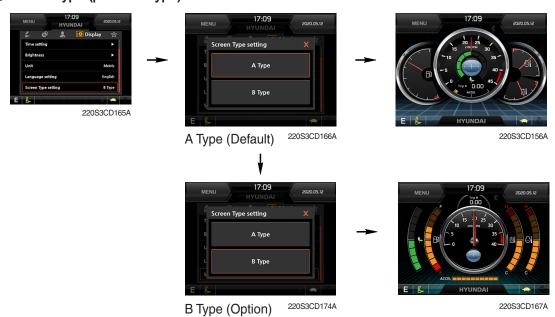
220S3CD192A

4 Unit



· User can select preferable language and all displays are changed the selected language.

⑥ Screen type (premium type)



(6) Utilites

① Tripmeter



220S3CD169A

- · Maximum 3 kinds of tripmeters can be used at the same time.
- · Each tripmeter can be turned on by choosing "Start" while it also can be turned off by choosing "Stop".
- · If the tripmeter icon is activated in the operation screen, it can be controlled directly there.

③ Camera setting

- · If the rear camera is not installed on the machine, set disable.
- · If the rear camera installed on the machine, set enable.



- Auto Mode (Travel): Enable
 The cluster will automatically show camera view while machine is traveling.
- · In the operation screen, rear camera screen shows up when ESC/CAM switch is pushed.

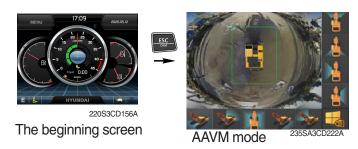


· The AAVM buttons of the cluster consist of ESC/CAM and AUTO IDLE/Buzzer stop.



- Escape button

- · It will enter into the AAVM mode from the beginning screen if the AAVM is installed.
- · While in the AAVM mode, select the ESC button to return to the beginning screen.



- Buzzer stop button

- In AAVM mode, it detects surrounding pedestrians or objects and the warning buzzer sounds.
- · User can turn OFF the warning sound by pressing buzzer stop button.



220A3CD246

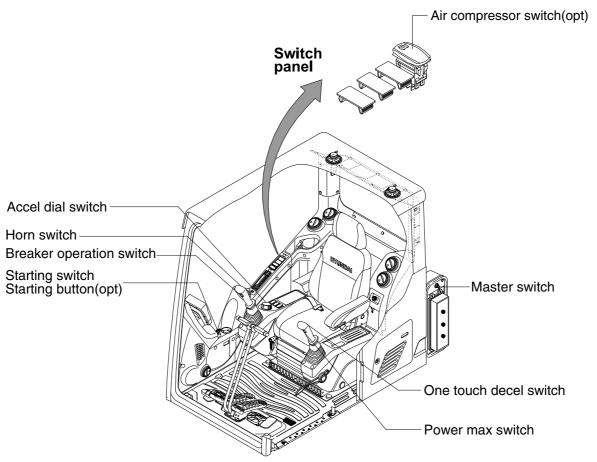
- · When the worker or pedestrian go to the green line, an external danger area of equipping on the cluster screen, the warning buzzer sounds and it displays the green rectangular box for the recognition of the worker and pedestrian.
 - At this time, the operator should stop work immediately, and stop the buzzer by pressing the buzzer stop button. And then, please work after you check whether the danger factors are solved.



220A3CD247

- When the worker or pedestrian go inside of red line, an internal danger area of equipping on the cluster screen, the warning buzzer sounds and it displays the red rectangular box for the recognition of the worker and pedestrian.
 - At this time, the operator should stop work immediately, and stop the buzzer by pressing the buzzer stop button. And then, please work after you check whether the danger factors are solved.
- In AAVM mode, a touch screen of the LCD is available only. The multimodal dial of the haptic controller is not available.

3. SWITCHES



300S3CD32

1) STARTING SWITCH & STARTING BUTTON (OPT)

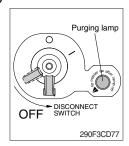


- (1) There are three positions, OFF, ON and START.
 - · (OFF) : None of electrical circuits activate.
 - $\cdot \mid$ (ON) : All the systems of machine operate.
 - · (START) : Use when starting the engine.

Release key immediately after starting.

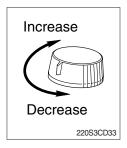
- If you turn ON the starting switch in cold weather, the fuel warmer is automatically operated to heat the fuel by sensing the coolant temperature. Start the engine in 1~2 minutes after turning ON the starting switch. More time may take according to ambient temperature.
- ※ Key must be in the ON position with engine running to maintain electrical and hydraulic function and prevent serious machine damage.

2) MASTER SWITCH



- (1) This switch is used to shut off the entire electrical system.
- (2) I: The battery remains connected to the electrical system.
 - O: The battery is disconnected to the electrical system.
- Never turn the master switch to O (OFF) with the engine running. Engine and electrical system damage could result.
- * Off the master switch after purging lamp OFF.

3) ACCEL DIAL SWITCH



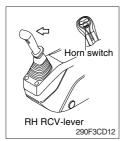
- (1) There are 10 dial setting.
- (2) Setting 1 is low idle and setting 10 is high idle.
 - · By rotating the accel dial to right: Engine speed increases.
 - · By rotating the accel dial to left : Engine speed decreases.

4) AIR COMPRESSOR SWITCH (option)



- (1) This switch is used to activate the air compressor.
- (2) The indicator lamp is turned on when operating the switch.

5) HORN SWITCH



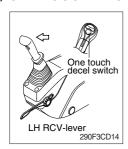
(1) This switch is at the top of right side control lever. On pressing, the horn sounds.

6) BREAKER OPERATION SWITCH



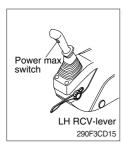
(1) On pressing this switch, the breaker operates only when the breaker operation mode is selected.

7) ONE TOUCH DECEL SWITCH



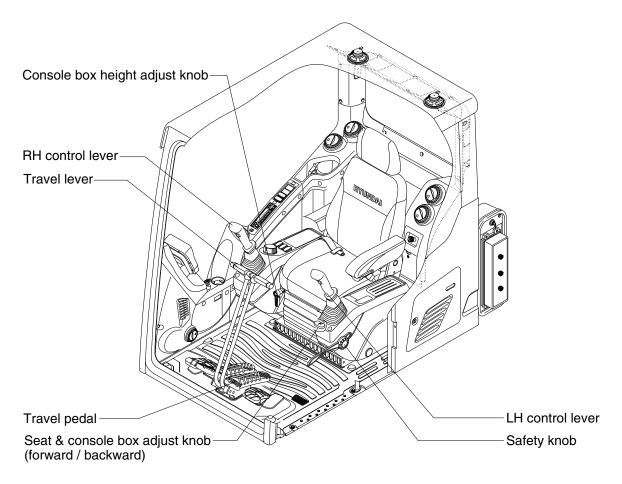
- (1) This switch is used to actuate the deceleration function quickly.
- (2) The engine speed is increased to previous setting value by pressing the switch again.
- (3) One touch decel function is available only when the auto idle pilot lamp is turned OFF.

8) POWER MAX SWITCH



- (1) This switch activate power max function. When this switch is kept pressed, hydraulic power of work equipment will be increased to approx 110 percent during 8 seconds.
- (2) After 8 seconds, function is cancelled automatically even the switch keeps pressed.
- * Do not use for craning purposes.

4. LEVERS AND PEDALS



300S3CD36

1) LH CONTROL LEVER



- (1) This joystick is used to control the swing and the arm.
- (2) Refer to operation of working device in chapter 4 for details.

2) RH CONTROL LEVER



- (1) This joystick is used to control the boom and the bucket.
- (2) Refer to operation of working device in chapter 4 for details.

3) SAFETY KNOB



- (1) All control levers and pedals are disabled from operation by locating the safety lever to the LOCK position as shown.
- Be sure to turn the safety knob to the LOCK position when entering or leaving the operators seat/cabin.
- (2) The machine is operational by turning the safety knob to the UNLOCK position.
- Do not use the safety bar for handle when getting on or off the machine.

4) TRAVEL LEVER



- (1) This lever is mounted on travel pedal and used for traveling by hand. The operation principle is same as the travel pedal.
- (2) Refer to traveling of the machine in chapter 4 for details.

5) TRAVEL PEDAL



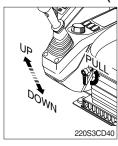
- (1) This pedal is used to move the machine forward or backward.
- (2) If left side pedal is pressed, left track will move.
 If right side pedal is pressed, right track will move.
- (3) Refer to traveling of machine in chapter 4 for details.

6) SEAT AND CONSOLE BOX ADJUST KNOB (forward/backward)



- (1) This knob is used to move the seat and console box to fit the contours of the operator's body.
- (2) Pull the knob to adjust forward or backward over 150 mm (5.9").

7) CONSOLE BOX (CONTROL LEVER) HEIGHT ADJUST KNOB

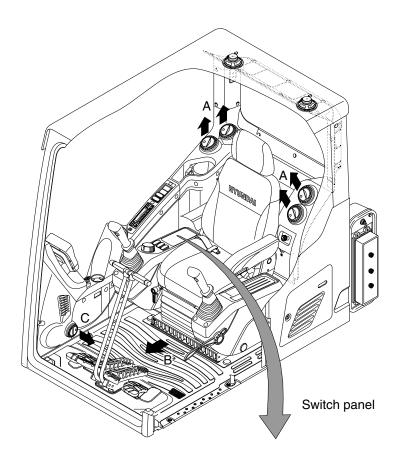


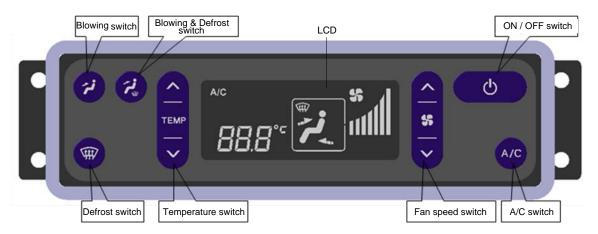
- (1) This knob is used to move the LH and RH control levers to fit the contours of the operator's body.
- (2) The control levers can be moved upward and downward over 80 mm (2.4").

5. AIR CONDITIONER AND HEATER

Full auto air conditioner and heater system automatically keeps the optimum condition in accordance with operator's temperature configuration sensing ambient and cabin inside temperature.

· Location of air flow ducts





300S3CD49

1) POWER SWITCH



(1) This switch makes the system and the LCD ON/OFF. Just before the power OFF, set values are stored.

2) AIR CONDITIONER SWITCH



- (1) This switch turns the compressor ON/OFF.
- (2) In accordance with the temperature sensed by duct (evaporator) sensor, compressor turns ON or OFF automatically.
- * Air conditioner operates to remove vapor and drains water through a drain hose. Water can be sprayed into the cab in case that the drain cock at the ending point of drain hose has a problem. In this case, exchange the drain cock.

3) FAN SPEED SWITCH



- (1) The wind speed step can show the LCD
- (2) This switch controls fan speed manually.
- There are 7 steps (1 ~ 7 speed) to control fan speed.
 - Each ▼ or ▲ operation, the blower operation state to Increase or decrease one step
- (3) When the power switch OFF, the blower can stops working

4) TEMPERATURE CONTROL SWITCH



- (1) Setting temperature indication (17~32°C, scale: 0.5°C)
- (2) the highest setting temperature is 32°C, the lowest temperature 17°C
- (3) Each ▼ or ▲ operation set temperature change range of 0.5°C
- (4) Control the electric water valve according to the set temperature
- (5) The power switch can deactivate this function

5) BLOWING SWITCH



- (1) This switch indicator light is on
- (2) This switch perform the blowing function
- (3) Blow/defrost switch, defrost switch, power switch can deactivate this function

6) BLOWING & DEFROST SWITCH



- (1) This switch indicator light is on
- (2) This switch perform the blowing & defrost function
- (3) Blowing switch, defrost switch, power switch can deactivate this function

7) DEFROST SWITCH



- (1) This switch indicator light is on
- (2) This switch perform the defrost function
- (3) Blowing switch, blowing & defrost switch, power switch can deactivate this function

8) OTHERS FUNCTIONS

The unit of temperature marker is changed

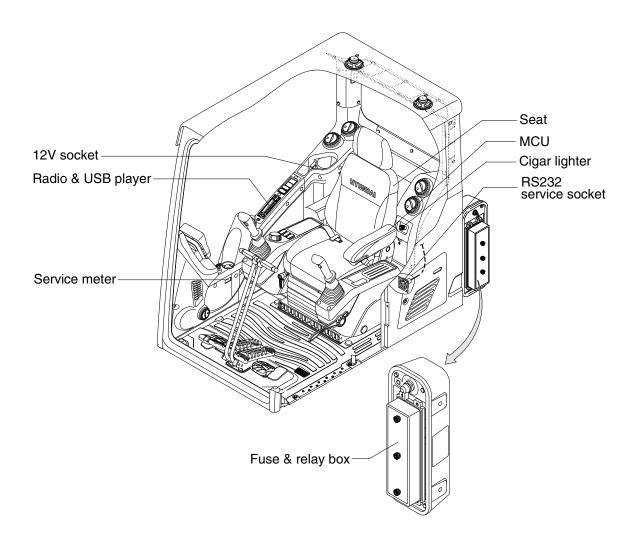
- 1. The user can choose to change the temperature unit marked on the display screen: Press TEMP UP/DOWN for more than 3 seconds at the same time, can achieve $^{\circ}$ C -> $^{\circ}$ F to convert.

C	Ŧ
17. 0	61
17. 5	62
18. 0	63
18. 5	64
19. 0	65
19. 5	66
20. 0	67
20. 5	68
21.0	69
21. 5	70
22. 0	71

${\mathbb C}$	ፑ
22. 5	72
23. 0	73
23. 5	74
24. 0	75
24. 5	76
25. 0	77
25. 5	78
26. 0	79
26. 5	80
27. 0	81
27. 5	82
	·

°C	Ŧ
28. 0	83
28. 5	84
29. 0	85
29. 5	86
30. 0	87
30. 5	88
31. 0	89
31. 5	90
32. 0	91

6. OTHERS



300S3CD41

1) CIGAR LIGHTER



- (1) This can be used when the engine starting switch is ON.
- (2) The lighter can be used when it springs out in a short while after being pressed down.
- Service socket
 Use cigar lighter socket when you need emergency power.
 Do not use the lighter exceeding 24 V, 100 W.

2) Technical specifications for radio



Technical Specifications

FM Section
Frequency range 87.5MHz-108MHz
Search up long 100KHz
Lock sensitivity 23±8dB
Signal to noise ratio ≥48dB

MP3 part Frequency response 20Hz-20KHz Signal to noise ratio 60dB

AM FM section
Frequency range 522KHz-1620KHz
Lock sensitivity 36±10dB
Signal to noise ratio ≥43dB

The device supports the function of charging mobile phone with USB data cable.

Note: It is not advisable to charge for a long time, and the battery may be damaged because there is no battery saturation detection function during charging.

Function for radio



Td-650 is a knob-type car audio system, including FM, AM tuning radio, Bluetooth, MP3 (USB/SD) clock sound adjustment, external audio input, loudness and other functions.

- . System configuration: digital tuned radio, USB/SD-MP3 player, electronic clock display.
- . Radio function: support FM (87.5~108MHz), AM (522~1620KHz), can store 24 stations.
- . AUX function: Supports the play of MP3 files in U disk or SD card, and supports the input of audio from mobile phone and MP3.
- . Sound function: support POP/ROCK/Classic/Flat sound.
- . Bluetooth function: Support bluetooth phone connection and bluetooth music playback function.

Radio button



(1) PWR: switch machine

(2) BND: band rotation

(3) LOU/1: loudness control, hang up the phone

(4) 1/□ /II, 2/INT, 3/RPT, 4/RDM, 5/D-DN, 6/D-LP: radio/storage keys, MP3 player keys

(5) AS/PS: Automatic presets of radio/songs

(6) MOD: Mode selection

(7) :Manual/automatic search radio button; Select previous/Next song button, fast forward/fast back button

(8) MOD: short press to switch from USB/SD to FM, then short press to switch FM1/FM2/FM3 long press to automatically search and save

(9) CLK: clock display/Settings

Radio operation



1. Basic setting

- 1.1 Mode switch: Press "PWR" to make the product in working state. Press the "MOD" button to loop through each mode in turn. If the USB flash drive is connected, the product directly enters the next mode. This productconsists of RADIO mode, BT PLAY mode, USB mode and AUX IN mode
- 1.2 Radio Settings: Press the "PWR" button, and then press the "BND" button to select the desired band from FM1, FM2, FM3, AM1 and AM2.
 Short press the "A" button or button to start automatic radio search. Long press the "A" button or button for more than 2S to manually search the radio station.
 Long press the "AS/PS" button for more than 2S to automatically preset the radio. Long press any of the "1" to "6" buttons for more than 2S, and the current radio will be preset to the corresponding button

2. MP3(USB/SD/MMC) play

2.1 In the radio working mode, after inserting the USB flash drive /SD, it will automatically switch to the USB flash drive /SD playback mode

Press the button to play the previous/next song in USB /SD

Long press the button to rewind/forward the current song

When the USB flash drive /SD is played, the corresponding USB flash drive /SD icon blinks

2.2 In MP3 playing mode: play/pause control keys, browse, repeat, random, -10/+10 song selection operation

1/□ /||: Play/pause control 2/INT: Preview play/scan play 3/RPT: Repeat/All

4/RDM: Random/All 5/D-DN: tune number minus 10 tune selection control key

6/D-LP: tune number plus 10 tune selection control key

Turn the knob counterclockwise to reduce the current volume and turn the button clockwise to increase the current volume

Radio operation



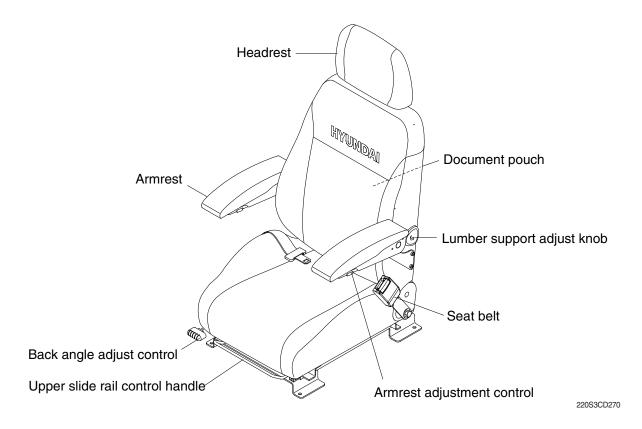
- 3. Clock setting
- 3.1 Operation in radio /MP3 playing mode
- 3.2 Short press MUTE/CLK to switch the MUTE switch
- 3.3 Long press the key to display the clock, and then long press the key again to adjust the hour value byturning the knob against/clockwise after beating for hours, and long press the key again to adjust the value of minutes by turning the knob against/clockwise after beating for minutes. 5 consecutive beats will automatically quit the clockwise setting

Note: The clock will continue to cycle when the BAT power is off after the setting

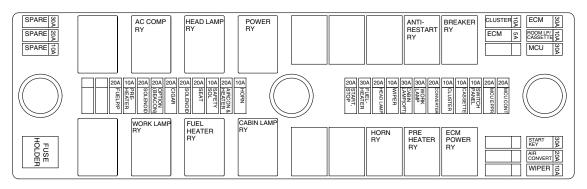
- 4. Sound settings
- 4.1 Operation in radio /MP3 mode: Short press the knob, successively appear BS O/TE O/BL O/EQOF
- 4.2 appear BS O display (Bass), reverse/clockwise turn the button to select the low value
- 4.3 appear TE O display (Treble), Turn the reverse/clockwise button to select the high tone value of the BL O display (Balance)
- 4.4 Turn the reverse/clockwise button to select the balance value of left and right speakers after the appearance
- 4.5 Turn the reverse/clockwise button only after the appearance of the EQOF display. Will produce the JAZZ/POP/ROCK/CLASSIC/FLAT/EQOF sound, will not be able to manually during the electronic sound bass and treble values
- 5. The bluetooth Settings
- 5.1 Open the bluetooth of the mobile phone and search for the new "device" function. When the system gets signal contact with the mobile phone, it will prompt whether the mobile phone is connected to the device. Select "Yes" to start the connection. After the connection is successful "is displayed on the LCD screen of the system, indicating that the connection is successful. If you are not in BT PLAY mode after bluetooth pairing, press the "MOD" button to switch to BT PLAY mode

3) SEAT

The seat is adjustable to fit the contours of the operator's body. It will reduce operator fatigue due to long work hours and enhance work efficiency.



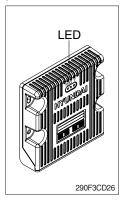
4) FUSE & RELAY BOX



220S3CD225

- (1) The fuses protect the electrical parts and wiring from burning out.
- (2) The fuse box cover indicates the capacity of each fuse and circuit it protects.
- * Replace a fuse with another of the same capacity.
- ▲ Before replacing a fuse, be sure to turn OFF the starting switch.

5) MCU



- (1) To match the pump absorption torque with the engine torque, MCU varies EPPR valve output pressure, which control pump discharge amount whenever feedbacked engine speed drops under the reference rpm of each mode set.
- (2) Three LED lamps on the MCU display as below.

LED lamp	Trouble	Service
G is turned ON	Normal	-
G and R are turned ON	Trouble on MCU	· Change the MCU
G and Y are turned ON	Trouble on serial communication line	Check if serial communication lines between controller and cluster are disconnected
Three LED are turned OFF	Trouble on MCU power	Check if the input power wire (24 V, GND) of controller is disconnected
		· Check the fuse

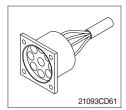
G: green, R: red, Y: yellow

6) SERVICE METER



- (1) This meter shows the total operation hours of the machine.
- (2) Always ensure the operating condition of the meter during the machine operation. Inspect and service the machine based on hours as indicated in chapter 6, maintenance.

7) RS232 SERVICE SOCKET CONNECTOR



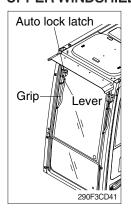
(1) MCU communicates the machine data with Laptop computer through the RS232 service socket.

8) SOCKET USB



(1) Connect other accessory devices as required

9) UPPER WINDSHIELD



- (1) Perform the following procedure in order to open the upper windshield.
 - ① Pull both levers with hold both grips that are located at the top of the windshield frame and push the windshield upward.
 - ② Hold both grips and back into the lock position until auto lock latch is engaged, then release the grips.
 - ♠ When working, without having locked the windshield by the auto lock (by pushing the windshield to the rear untill it's completely fixed), please be careful as it can cause personal injury if the windshield is not fixed or falls off.



- (2) Perform the following procedure in order to close the upper windshield.
- ① Pull the lever of the auto lock latch in order to release the auto lock latch.
- ② Reverse above step ① and ② in order to close the upper windshield.

1. SUGGESTION FOR NEW MACHINE

- 1) It takes about 100 operation hours to enhance its designed performance.
- 2) Operate according to below three steps and avoid excessive operation for the initial 100 hours.

Service meter	Load
Until 10 hours	About 60 %
Until 100 hours	About 80 %
After 100 hours	100 %

- ※ Excessive operation may deteriorate the potential performance of machine and shorten lifetime of the machine.
- 3) Be careful during the initial 100 hours operation
- (1) Check daily for the level and leakage of coolant, engine oil, hydraulic oil and fuel.
- (2) Check regularly the lubrication and fill grease daily all lubrication points.
- (3) Tighten bolts.
- (4) Warm up the machine fully before operation.
- (5) Check the gauges occasionally during the operation.
- (6) Check if the machine is operating normally during operation.

Replace followings after initial 250 hours of operation

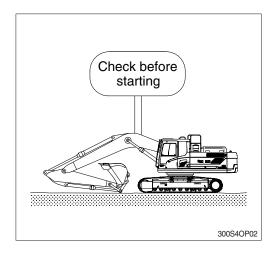
Checking items	Hours
Engine oil	
Engine oil filter element	
Fuel filter	
Prefilter	
Hydraulic oil return filter element	250
Hydraulic oil drain filter cartridge	
Hydraulic oil pilot line filter element	
Swing reduction gear oil	
Travel reduction gear oil	



300S4OP01

2. CHECK BEFORE STARTING THE ENGINE

- Look around the machine and under the machine to check for loosen nut or bolts, collection of dirt, or leakage of oil, fuel or coolant and check the condition of the work equipment and hydraulic system. Check also loosen wiring, and collection of dust at places which reach high temperature.
- Refer to the daily check on the chapter 6, maintenance.
- 2) Adjust seat to fit the contours of the operator's body for the pleasant operation.
- 3) Adjust the rear view mirror.

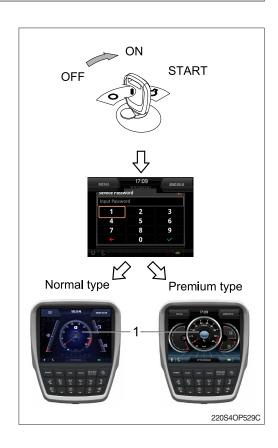


3. STARTING AND STOP THE ENGINE

1) CHECK INDICATOR LIGHTS

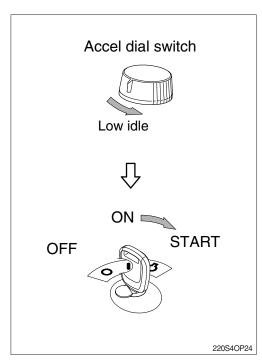
- (1) Check if all the operating levers are in the neutral position.
- (2) Turn the starting switch to the ON position. Buzzer sounding for 4 seconds with HYUN-DAI logo on cluster.
- If the ESL mode is set to the enable, enter the password to start engine.
- If the password has failed 5 times, please wait 30 minutes before re-attempting to enter the password.
- Refer to page 3-25 for ESL mode.
- (3) After initialization of cluster, the operating screen is displayed on LCD (1).

 Also, self-diagnostic function is carried out.



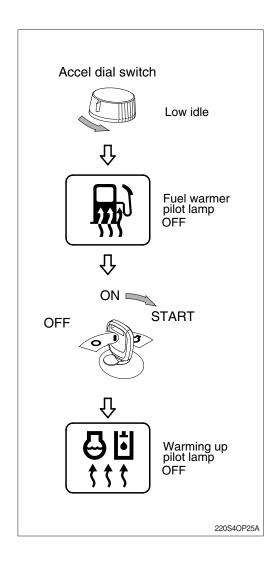
2) STARTING ENGINE IN NORMAL TEMPERATURE

- Sound the horn to warn the surroundings after checking if personnel or obstacles are in the area.
- (1) Turn the accel dial switch to low idle position.
- (2) Turn the starting switch to START position to start the engine.
- Do not hold the starting switch in the START position for longer than 20 seconds.
 - The start system may be seriously damaged.
- If the engine does not start, allow the stater to cool for about 2 minutes before re-attempting to start the engine again.
- (3) Release the starting switch instantly after the engine starts to avoid possible damage to the starting motor.



3) STARTING ENGINE IN COLD WEATHER

- Sound horn to warn surroundings after checking if there are obstacles in the area.
- Replace the engine oil and fuel referring to recommended oils at page 2-24.
- Fill the anti-freeze solution to the coolant as required.
- If you turn ON the starting switch, the fuel warmer is automatically operated to heat the fuel by sensing the coolant temperature.
- (1) Check if all the levers are in the neutral position.
- (2) Turn the accel dial switch to low idle position.
- (3) Turn the starting switch to the ON position, and wait 1~2 minutes. More time may take according to ambient temperature.
- (4) Start the engine by turning the starting switch to START position after the fuel warmer pilot lamp OFF.
- If the engine does not start, allow the starter to cool for about 2 minutes before attempting to start the engine again.
- (5) Release the starting switch immediately after starting engine.
- (6) If the temperature of the coolant is lower than 30°C the warming up automatically starts.
- Do not operate the working devices, or convert the operation mode into other mode during the warming up.



4) INSPECTION AFTER ENGINE START

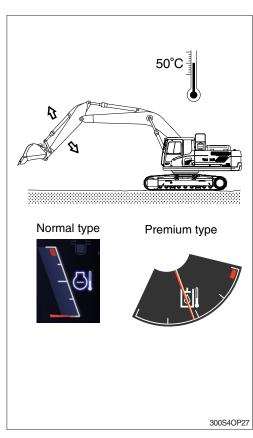
Inspect and confirm the following after engine starts.

- (1) Is the level gauge of hydraulic oil tank in the normal level?
- (2) Are there leakages of oil or water?
- (3) Are all the warning lamps turned OFF (1-8)?Normal type (1~8), premium type (1~12)
- (4) Are the indicator of water temperature gauge (n/ type: 9, p/type: 13) and hydraulic temperature gauge (n/type: 10, p/type: 14) in the operating range?
- (5) Are the engine sound and the color of exhaust gas normal?
- (6) Are the sound and vibration normal?
- Do not increase engine speed quickly after starting, it can damage engine or turbocharger.
- If there are problems in the cluster, stop the engine immediately and correct problems as required.

5) WARMING-UP OPERATION

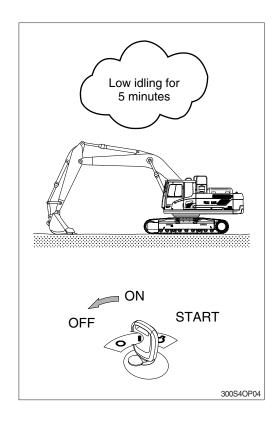
- ** The most suitable temperature for the hydraulic oil is about 50°C (122°F).
 It can cause serious trouble in the hydraulic system by sudden operation when the hydraulic oil temperature is below 25°C (77°F).
 Then temperature must be raised to at least 25°C (77°F) before starting work.
- (1) Run the engine at low idle speed for 5 minutes.
- (2) Speed up the engine by multimodal dial and run the engine at mid-range speed.
- (3) Operate bucket lever for 5 minutes.
- Do not operate anything except bucket lever.
- (4) Run the engine at the high speed and operate the bucket lever and arm lever for 5-10 minutes.
- Operate only the bucket lever and arm lever.
- (5) This warming-up operation will be completed by operation of all cylinders several times, and operation of swing and traveling.





6) TO STOP THE ENGINE

- If the engine is abruptly stopped before it has cooled down, engine life may be greatly shortened. Consequently, do not abruptly stop the engine apart from an emergency.
- In particular, if the engine has overheated, do not abruptly stop it but run it at medium speed to allow it to cool gradually, then stop it.
- (1) Down the bucket on the ground then put all the levers in the neutral position.
- (2) Run the engine at low idle speed for about 5 minutes.
- (3) Return the key of starting switch to the OFF position.
- (4) Remove the key to prevent other people using the machine and the safety knob.
- (5) Lock the cab door.



4. MODE SELECTION SYSTEM

1) STRUCTURE OF MECHATRONICS SYSTEM

CAPO, Computer Aided Power Optimization system, is the name of mode selection system developed by Hyundai.

Please refer to chapter 3, cluster for below modes setting.

(1) Power mode

Power mode designed for various work loads supports high performance and reduces fuel consumption.

P mode : Heavy duty powerS mode : Standard powerE mode : Economy power

(2) Work mode

One of the two work modes can be selected for the optimal work condition of the machine operation.

① General work mode (bucket)

When key switch is turned ON, this mode is selected automatically.

② Work tool mode (breaker, crusher)

It controls the pump flow and system pressure for the optimal operation of breaker or crusher.

(3) User mode

① User mode is useful for setting the user preperable power quickly.

(engine speed, power shift and idle speed)

② There are two methods for use of user mode.

a. In operation screen

User mode switch is used to memorize the current machine operating status and activate the memorized user mode.

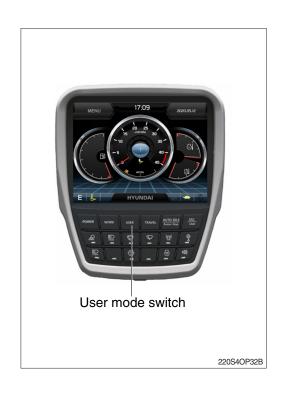
Refer to page 3-13.

b. In menu

Engine high idle rpm, auto idle rpm and pump torque (power shift) can be modulated and memorized separately in menu status.

 Each memory mode has a initial set which are mid-range of max engine speed, power shift and auto idle speed.





- High idle rpm, auto idle rpm and EPPR pressure can be adjusted and memorized in the U-mode.
- Refer to the page 3-19 for setting the user mode (available on U mode only).
 - · LCD segment vs parameter setting

Step	Engine	Idle speed	Power shift
(🔳)	speed (rpm)	(rpm)	(bar)
1	1400	1000	0
2	1500	1050 (auto decel)	3
3	1550	1100	6
4	1650	1150	9
5	1700	1200	12
6	1750	1250	16
7	1800	1300	20
8	1850	1350	26
9	1900	1400	32
10	1950	1450	38

*One touch decel & low idle: 1000 rpm



(4) Travel mode

: Low speed traveling.: High speed traveling.

(5) Auto idle mode

Pilot lamp ON: Auto idle function is activated. Pilot lamp OFF: Auto idle function is canceled.

(6) Monitoring system

Information of machine performance as monitored by the MCU can be displayed on the LCD. Refer to the page 3-22.

(7) Self diagnostic system

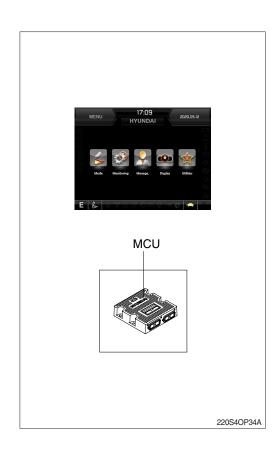
① MCU (Machine Control Unit)

The MCU diagnoses machine status and problems and displays fault code in the cluster (fault code detected by MCU is composed of HCESPN and FMI).

Refer to the page 3-22 for LCD display.

(8) Anti-restart system

The system protects the starter from inadvertent restarting after the engine is already operational.



2) HOW TO OPERATE MODE SELECTION SYSTEM

(1) When start key switch is turned ON

- ① When start key switch is turned on, the cluster turns on and buzzer sounds for 4 seconds. And then main information as gauges and engine speed are displayed on LCD.
- ② Initial default mode settings are displayed in the cluster.

Mo	Status	
Power mode E		ON
Work mode		ON
Travel mode Low ()		ON
Auto idle		ON

* These setting can be changed at U mode.

3 Self-diagnostic function can be carried out from this point.



(2) After engine start

- ① When the engine is started, rpm display indicates low idle, 1000 rpm.
- ② If coolant temperature is below 30°C, the warming up pilot lamp lights ON and after 4 seconds the engine speed increases to 1100 rpm automatically to warm up the machine.
 - · After 2-3 minutes, you can select any mode depending on job requirement.



220S4OP536B

3) SELECTION OF POWER MODE

(1) E mode

The multimodal dial is set 10 and the auto idle mode is canceled.

Engine rpm	Effect
1750	Variable power control in proportion to lever stroke (improvement in fuel efficiency) Same power as S mode in full lever operation.

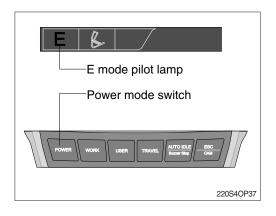
When the multimodal dial is located below 9 the engine speed decreases about 50~100 rpm per dial set.

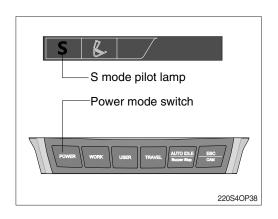
(2) S mode

The multimodal dial is set 10 and the auto idle mode is canceled.

Engine rpm	Effect
1850	Standard power

* When the multimodal dial is located below 9 the engine speed decreases about 50~100 rpm per dial set.



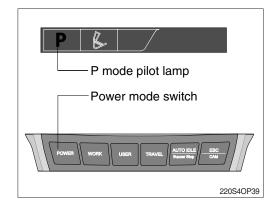


(3) P mode

The multimodal dial is set 10 and the auto idle mode is canceled.

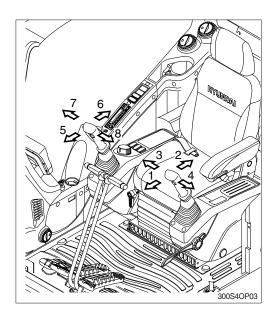
Engine rpm	Effect
1950	Approximately 120 % of power and speed available than S mode.

When the multimodal dial is located below 9 the engine speed decreases about 50~100 rpm per dial set.



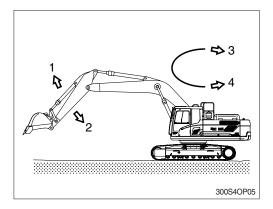
5. OPERATION OF THE WORKING DEVICE

- Confirm the operation of control lever and working device.
- 1) Left control lever controls arm and swing.
- 2) Right control lever controls boom and bucket.
- 3) When you release the control lever, control lever returns to neutral position automatically.
- When operating swing, consider the swing distance by inertia.



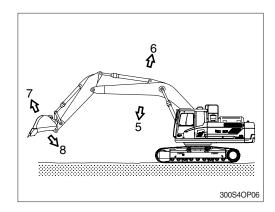
** Left control lever

- 1 Arm roll-out
- 2 Arm roll-in
- 3 Swing right
- 4 Swing left



※ Right control lever

- 5 Boom lower
- 6 Boom raise
- 7 Bucket roll-out
- 8 Bucket roll-in



6. TRAVELING OF THE MACHINE

1) BASIC OPERATION

(1) Traveling position

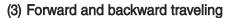
It is the position which the traveling motor is in the rear and the working device is forward.

♠ Be careful as the traveling direction will be reversed when the whole machine is swinged 180 degree.

(2) Traveling operation

It is possible to travel by either travel lever or pedal.

- Do not travel continuously for a long time.
- Reduce the engine speed and travel at a low speed when traveling on uneven ground.

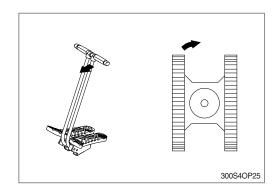


When the left and right travel lever or pedal are pushed at the same time, the machine will travel forward or backward.

The speed can be controlled by the operation stroke of lever or pedal and change of direction will be controlled by difference of the left and right stroke.

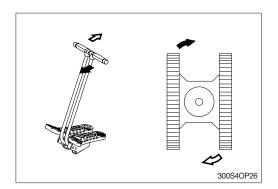
(4) Pivot turning

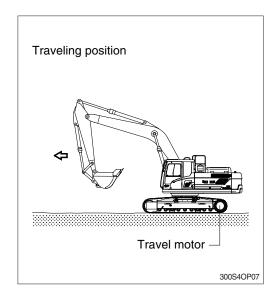
Operating only one side of lever or pedal make the change of direction possible by moving only one track.



(5) Counter rotation

It is to change the direction at the original place by moving the right and left track. Both side of lever or pedal are operated to the other way at the same time.



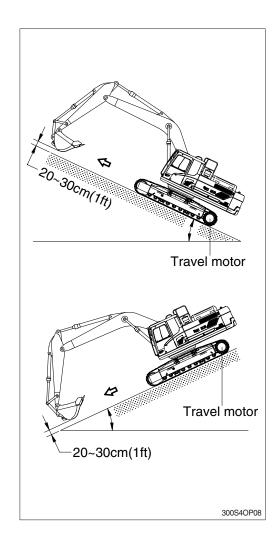


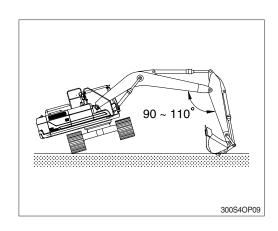
2) TRAVELING ON A SLOPE

- (1) Make sure that the travel lever is properly maneuvered by confirming the travel motor is in the right location.
- (2) Lower the bucket 20 to 30 cm (1 ft) to the ground so that it can be used as a brake in an emergency.
- (3) If the machine starts to slide or loses stability, lower the bucket immediately and brake the machine.
- (4) When parking on a slope, use the bucket as a brake and place blocks behind the tracks to prevent sliding.
- Machine cannot travel effectively on a slope when the oil temperature is low. Do the warming-up operation when it is going to travel on a slope.
- ▲ Be careful when working on slopes. It may cause the machine to lose its balance and turn over.
- ♠ Be sure to keep the travel speed switch on the LOW (turtle mark) while traveling on a slope.
- ▲ Be sure to keep the swing lock/fine switch on the LOCK while traveling on a slope (if equipped).

3) TRAVELING ON SOFT GROUND

- If possible, avoid to operate on soft ground.
- (1) Move forward as far as machine can move.
- (2) Take care not to go beyond the depth where towing is impossible on soft ground.
- (3) When driving becomes impossible, lower bucket and use boom and arm to pull the machine. Operate boom, arm, and travel lever at the same time to avoid the machine sinking.

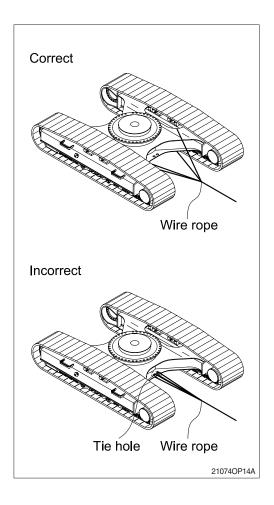




4) TOWING THE MACHINE

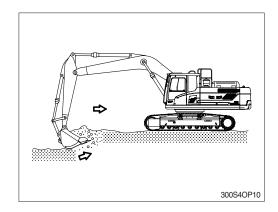
Tow the machine as follows when it can not move on it's own.

- (1) Tow the machine by other machine after hook the wire rope to the frame as shown in picture at right.
- (2) Hook the wire rope to the frame and put a support under each part of wire rope to prevent damage.
- Never tow the machine using only the tie hole, because this may break.
- ▲ Make sure no personnel are standing close to the tow rope.

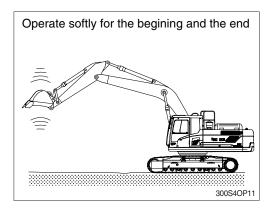


7. EFFICIENT WORKING METHOD

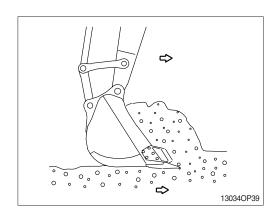
Do the digging work by arm.
 Use the pulling force of arm for digging and use together with the digging force of the bucket if necessary.



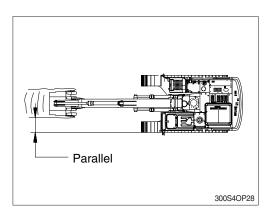
2) When lowering and raising the boom operate softly for the beginning and the end.In particularly, sudden stops while lowering the boom may cause damage to the machine.



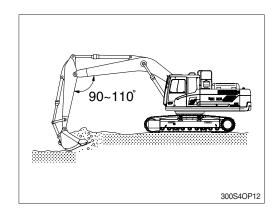
 The digging resistance and wearing of tooth can be reduced by putting the end of bucket tooth to the digging direction.



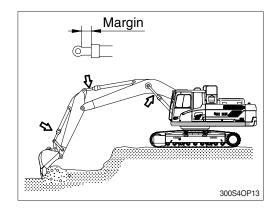
 Set the tracks parallel to the line of the ditch to be excavated when digging ditch. Do not swing while digging.



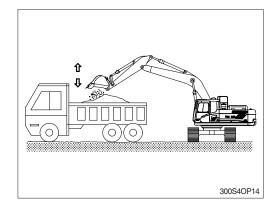
5) Dig slowly with keeping the angle of boom and arm, 90-110 degree when maximum digging force is required.



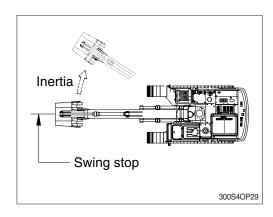
6) Operate leaving a small safety margin of cylinder stroke to prevent damage of cylinder when working with the machine.



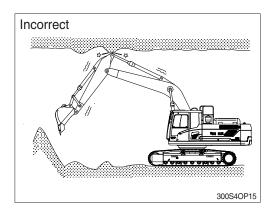
- Keep the bucket to the dumping position and the arm horizontal when dumping the soil from the bucket.
 - Operate bucket lever 2 or 3 times when hard to dump.
- Do not use the impact of bucket tooth when dumping.



8) Operate stop of swing considering the swing slip distance is created by inertia after neutralizing the swing lever.

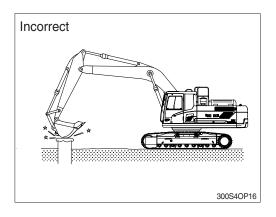


 If the excavation is in an underground location or in a building, make sure that there is adequate overhead clearance and that there is adequate ventilation.



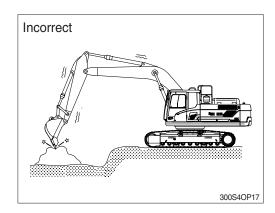
10) Do not use the dropping force of the work equipment for digging.

The machine can be damaged by the impact.



11) Do not use the bucket to crack hard objects like concrete or rocks.

This may break a tooth or pin, or bend boom.



12) NEVER CARRY OUT EXCESSIVE OPERATIONS

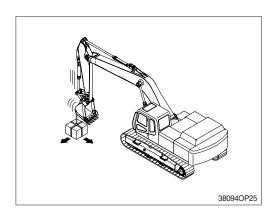
Operation exceeding machine performance may result in accident or failure.

Carry out lifting operation within specified load limit.

Never carry out operations which may damage the machine such as overload or over-impactload.

Never travel while carrying a load.

In case you need installing over load warning device for object handling procedure, please contact Hyundai distributor.



12) BUCKET WITH HOOK

When carrying out lifting work, the special lifting hook is necessary.

The following operations are prohibited.

- · Lifting loads with a wire rope fitted around the bucket teeth.
- · Lifting loads with the wire rope wrapped directly around the boom or arm.

When performing lifting operation, securely hook the wire rope onto the special lifting hook.

When performing lifting operation, never raise or lower a person.

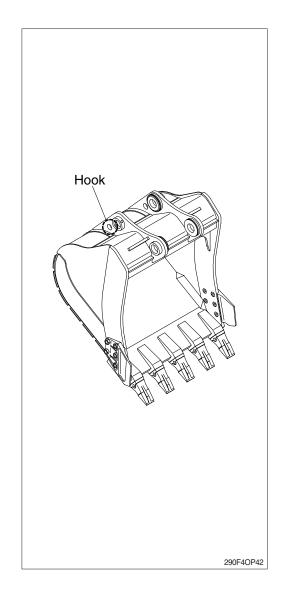
Due to the possible danger of the load falling or of collision with the load, no persons shall be allowed in the working area.

Before performing lifting operation, designate an operation supervisor.

Always execute operation according to his instructions.

- · Execute operating methods and procedures under his direction.
- Select a person responsible for signaling.
 Operate only on signals given by such person.

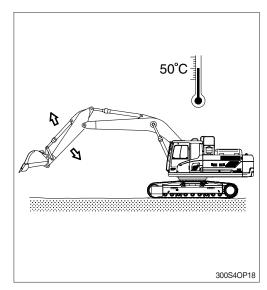
Never leave the operator's seat while lifting a load.



8. OPERATION IN THE SPECIAL WORK SITES

1) OPERATION THE MACHINE IN A COLD WEATHER

- (1) Use proper engine oil and fuel for the weather.
- (2) Fill the required amount of antifreeze in the coolant.
- (3) Refer to the starting engine in cold weather. Start the engine and extend the warming up operation.
- (4) Be sure to open the heater cock when using the heater.
- (5) Always keep the battery completely charged.
- Discharged batteries will freeze more easily than fully charged.
- (6) Clean the machine and park on the wood plates.



2) OPERATION IN SANDY OR DUSTY WORK SITES

- (1) Inspect air cleaner element frequently. Clean or replace element more frequently, if warning lamp comes ON and buzzer sounds simultaneously, regardless of inspection period.
- * Replace the inner and outer element after 4 times of cleaning.
- (2) Inspect radiator, oil cooler and condenser frequently, and keep cooling fins clean.
- (3) Prevent sand or dust from getting into fuel tank and hydraulic tank during refilling.
- (4) Prevent sand or dust from penetrating into hydraulic circuit by tightly closing breather cap of hydraulic oil tank. Replace hydraulic oil filter and air breather element frequently. Also, replace the fuel filter frequently.
- (5) Keep all lubricated part, such as pins and bushings, clean at all times.
- (6) If the air conditioner and heater filters clogged, the heating or cooling capacity will drop. Clean or replace the filter element more frequently.
- (7) Clean electrical components, especially the starting motor and alternator to avoid accumulation of dust.

3) SEA SHORE OPERATION

- (1) Prevent ingress of salt by securely tightening plugs, cocks and bolts of each part.
- (2) Wash machine after operation to remove salt residue.
 - Pay special attention to electrical parts, and hydraulic cylinders and track tension cylinder to prevent corrosion.
- (3) Inspection and lubrication must be carried out more frequently.
 - Supply sufficient grease to replace all old grease in bearings which have been submerged in water for a long time.

4) OPERATION IN MUD, WATER OR RAIN WORK SITES

- Perform a walk around inspection to check for any loose fittings, obvious damage to the machine or any fluid leakage.
- (2) After completing operations, clean mud, rocks or debris from the machine. Inspect for damage, cracked welds or loosened parts.
- (3) Perform all daily lubrication and service.
- (4) If the operations were in salt water or other corrosive materials, make sure to flush the affected equipment with fresh water.

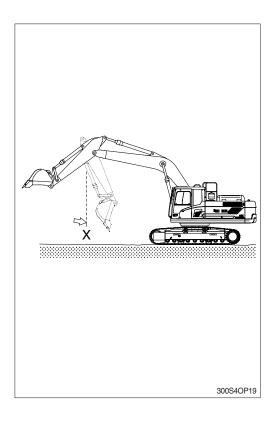
5) OPERATION IN ROCKY WORK SITES

- Check for damage to the undercarriage and for looseness, flaws, wear and damage in bolts and nut.
- (2) Loosen the track tension a little when working in such areas.
- (3) Do not turn the undercarriage directly over the sharp edge rock.

9. NORMAL OPERATION OF EXCAVATOR

Followings may occur during operation due to the nature of a hydraulic excavator.

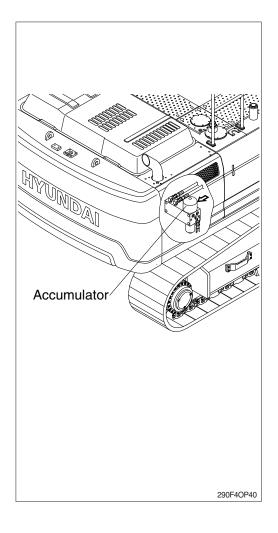
- When rolling in the arm, the roll-in movement stop momentary at point X in the picture shown, then recovers speed again after passing point X.
 The reason for this phenomenon is that movement by the arm weight is faster than the speed of oil flow into the cylinder.
- When lowering the boom, one may hear continuous sound.This is caused by oil flow in the valve.
- Overloaded movement will produce sound caused by the relief valves, which are for the protection of the hydraulic systems.
- 4) When the machine is started swing or stopped, a noise near the swing motor may be heard. The noise is generated when the brake valve relieves.



10. ATTACHMENT LOWERING (when engine is stopped)

- 1) On machines equipped with an accumulator, for a short time (within 1 minute) after the engine is stopped, the attachment will lower under its own weight when the attachment control lever is shifted to LOWER. This happens only when the starting switch is ON and the safety knob is the in the UNLOCK position. After the engine is stopped, set the safety knob to the LOCK position.
- ♠ Be sure no one is under or near the attachment before lowering the boom.
- 2) The accumulator is filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas, and it is extremely dangerous if it is handled in the wrong way. Always observe the following precautions.
- A Never make any hole in the accumulator expose it to flame or fire.
- ▲ Do not weld anything to the accumulator.
- When carrying out disassembly or maintenance of the accumulator, or when disposing of the accumulator, it is necessary to release the gas from the accumulator.

A special air bleed valve is necessary for this operation, so please contact your Hyundai distributor.



11. STORAGE

Maintain the machine taking care of following to prevent the deterioration of machine when storing the machine for a long time, over 1 month.

1) BEFORE STORAGE

(1) Cleaning the machine

Clean the machine. Check and adjust tracks. Grease each lubrication part.

(2) Lubrication position of each part Change all oil.

Be particularly careful when you reuse the machine.

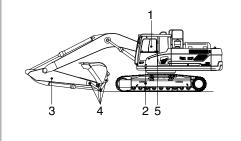
As oil can be diluted during storage.

Apply an anticorrosive lubricant on the exposed part of piston rod of cylinder and in places where the machine rusts easily.



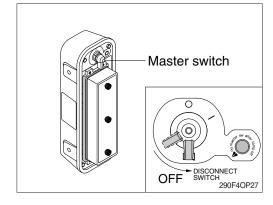
Turn OFF the master switch mounted electric box and store the machine.

- ▲ Off the master switch after lamp off.
- ▲ It may cause severe failure of aftertreatment device.
- (4) Be sure to mix anticorrosive antifreezing solution in the radiator.



- 1 Lubricating manifold at boom (5EA)
- 2 Boom cylinder pin (2EA)
- 3 Lubricating manifold at arm (3EA)
- 4 Arm and bucket (6EA)
- 5 Boom rear bearing center (1EA)

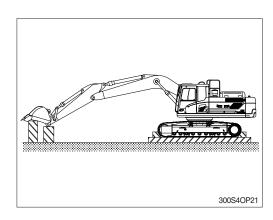
300S4OP20



(5) Prevention of dust and moisture

Keep machine dry. Store the machine setting wood on the ground.

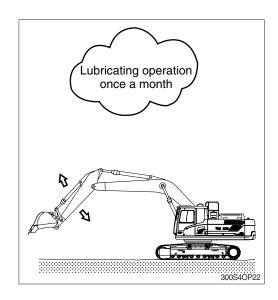
- * Cover exposed part of piston rod of cylinder.
- X Lower the bucket to the ground and set a support under track.



2) DURING STORAGE

Start engine and move the machine and work equipment once a month and apply lubrication to each part.

- * Check the level of engine oil and coolant and fill if required when starting engine.
- Clean the anticorrosive on the piston rod of cylinder.
- * Operate the machine such as traveling, swing and work equipment operation to make sure enough lubrication of all functional components.



*** BATTERY**

- ① Once a month, start the engine for 15 minutes (or use a charger) to charge the battery.
- 2 Every 2 months, check the battery voltage and keep battery voltage over 25.08V.
- ③ If the machine stock period is over 6 months, disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal.

3) AFTER STORAGE

Carry out the following procedure when taking out of a long time storage.

- (1) Wipe off the anticorrosive lubricant on the hydraulic piston rod.
- (2) Completely fill fuel tank, lubricate and add oil.

(3) When storage period is 6 months over

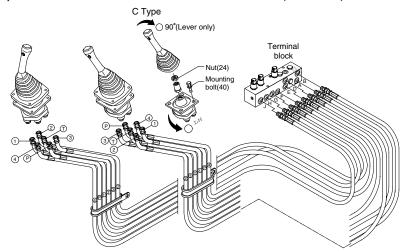
If the machine stock period is over 6 months, carry out the following procedure.

This procedure is to drain condensation water for the swing reduction gear durability.

- * Remove the drain port plug and drain the water until the gear oil comes out and then tighten the drain plug.
- * Refer to the service instruction, section 6 for the drain plug location.
- * If the machine is stored without carrying out the monthly lubricating operation, consult your Hyundai dealer for service.

12. RCV LEVER OPERATING PATTERN

1) PATTERN CHANGE VALVE NOT INSTALL (standard)



- Whenever a change is made to the machine control pattern also exchange the pattern label in the cab to match the new pattern.
- The hose modification works must be carried out between RCV lever and terminal block (Not between terminal block and MCV).

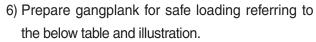
300S4OP41

	Operation				Hose connection (port)							
Pattern	Pattern Left RCV lever Right RCV lever		Control function		RCV	Change of Terminal block						
	Leit NOV level	Tilgitt 10 v level			lever	From	То					
ISO Type	4	F		1Arm out	2	D	-					
100 1700		عراد		2Arm in	4	Е	-					
		_ 🐼 _	Left	3Swing right	3	В	-					
	$() \leftarrow () \rightarrow ()$	8 1 7 7 1		4Swing left	1	Α	-					
		1 2 C C		5Boom lower	4	J	-					
	<u> </u>	À	D: l- 4	6Boom raise	2	Н	-					
	→ →	ع ۱۳۵	Right	7Bucket out	1	G	-					
Hyundai	2	0		8Bucket in	3	F	-					
A Type	4	_		1Boom lower	2	D	J					
71.700	ا ا	5 t ∠- ^C	Left	2Boom raise	4	Е	Н					
			Leit	3Swing right	3	В	-					
	$\frac{4}{2}$	\ \\		4Swing left	1	Α	-					
		8 1 7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		5Arm out	4	J	D					
	Δ	5 5	Right	6Arm in	2	Н	E					
	$Q_{\lambda,\zeta}$	→	nigni	7 Ducket out	1	G	-					
	2			8Bucket in	3	F	-					
В Туре	1	E		1Boom lower	2	D	J					
,,	عرلا	8 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Left	2Boom raise	4	Е	Н					
			Leit	3Bucket in	3	В	F					
	\ \frac{\(\cdot \) \} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\			$\bigcirc \leftarrow \stackrel{\uparrow}{\downarrow} \rightarrow \bigcirc$	$\bigcirc \longleftrightarrow \bigcirc$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		4Bucket out	1	Α	G
	(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \						5Arm out	4	J	D		
				Right	6Arm in	2	Н	Е				
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	6	ligit	7Swing right	1	G	В					
	-			8Swing left	3	F	Α					
C Type	C Type 1 5			① Loosen the R			-					
,		عرا	Left	lever assy 90°								
		8 🔷 7	Lon	② To put lever in	•		mble nut (24)					
	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		and rotates or	nly lever 90	clockwise.						
) \\ \(\sigma\)										
		l son	Right		Same as I	SO type						
	2	6				71						

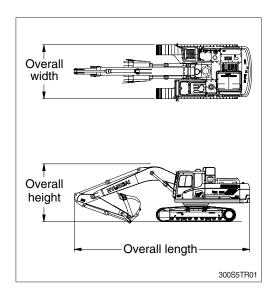
TRANSPORTATION

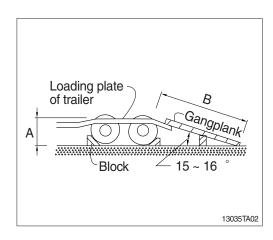
1. PREPARATION FOR TRANSPORTATION

- 1) When transporting the machine, observe the various road rules, road transportation vehicle laws and vehicle limit ordinances, etc.
- 2) Select proper trailer after confirming the weight and dimension from the chapter 2, specification.
- Check the whole route such as the road width, the height of bridge and limit of weight and etc., which will be passed.
- 4) Get the permission from the related authority if necessary.
- 5) Prepare suitable capacity of trailer to support the machine.



А	В
1.0	3.65 ~ 3.85
1.1	4.00 ~ 4.25
1.2	4.35 ~ 4.60
1.3	4.75 ~ 5.00
1.4	5.10 ~ 5.40
1.5	5.50 ~ 5.75





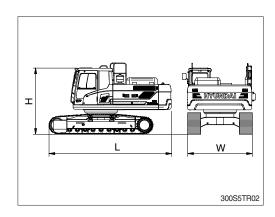
2. DIMENSION AND WEIGHT

1) HX300HD

(1) Base machine

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	5735 (18' 10")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	3130 (10' 3")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	3200 (10' 6")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	24650 (54340)

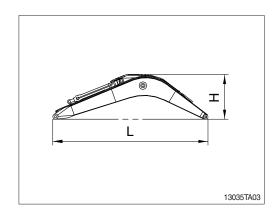
With 600 mm (24") triple grouser shoes and 5200 kg (11460 lb) counterweight.



(2) Boom assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	6470 (21' 3")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	1730 (5' 8")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	790 (2' 7")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	2645 (5830)

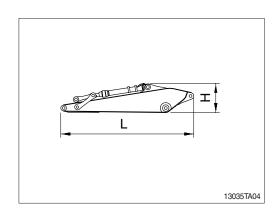
6.25 m (20' 6") boom with arm cylinder (included piping and pins).



(3) Arm assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	4190 (13' 9")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	950 (3' 1")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	360 (1' 2")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	1245 (2745)

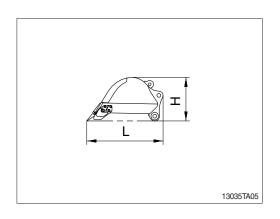
3.05 m (10' 0") arm with bucket cylinder (included linkage and pins).



(4) Bucket assembly

Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1780 (5' 10")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	1070 (3' 6")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	1410 (4' 8")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	1010 (2230)

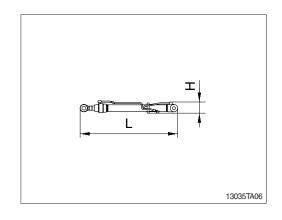
3.50 m³ SAE heaped bucket (included tooth and side cutters).



(5) Boom cylinder

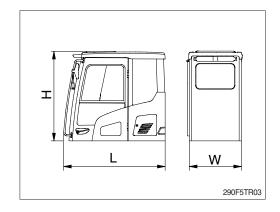
Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	2240 (7' 4")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	260 (0'10")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	390 (1' 3")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	540 (1190)

* Included piping.



(6) Cab assembly

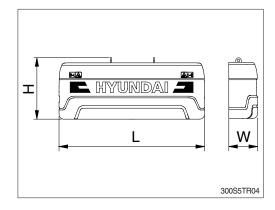
Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	1950 (6' 5") [2070 (6' 10")]
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	1780 (5' 10") [1822 (6' 0")]
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	1104 (3' 7") [1126 (3' 8")]
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	421.8 (930) [650.2 (1433)]



[]: with FOG GUARD

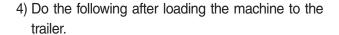
(7) Counterweight

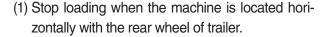
Mark	Description	Unit	Specification
L	Length	mm (ft-in)	2980 (9' 9")
Н	Height	mm (ft-in)	1250 (4' 1")
W	Width	mm (ft-in)	590 (1' 11")
Wt	Weight	kg (lb)	5200 (11460)

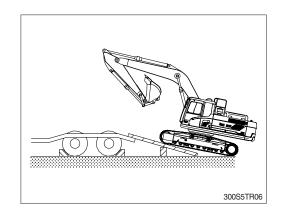


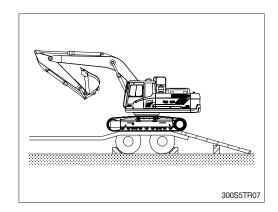
3. LOADING THE MACHINE

- 1) Load and unload the machine on a flat ground.
- 2) Use the gangplank with sufficient length, width, thickness and gradient.
- 3) Place the swing lock/fine switch to the LOCK position (if equipped) before fixing the machine at the bed of trailer and confirm if the machine parallels the bed of trailer.
 - Keep the travel motor in the rear when loading and in the front when unloading.

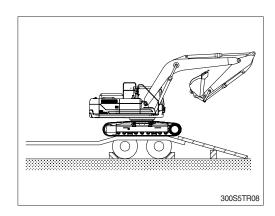




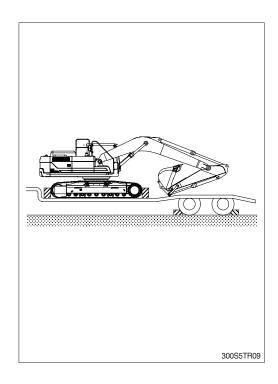




(2) Place the swing lock/fine switch to the LOCK position (if equipped) after the swing the machine 180 degree.

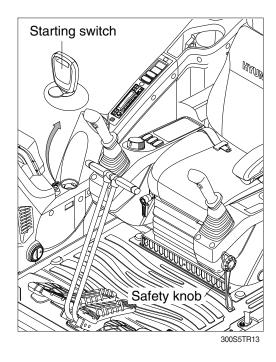


- (3) Lower the working equipment gently after the location is determined.
- Place rectangular timber under the bucket cylinder to prevent the damage of it during transportation.
- ▲ Be sure to keep the travel speed switch on the LOW (turtle mark) while loading and unloading the machine.
- A void using the working equipment for loading and unloading since it will be very dangerous.
- ♠ Do not operate any other device when loading.
- A Be careful on the boundary place of loading plate or trailer as the balance of machine will abruptly be changed on the point.

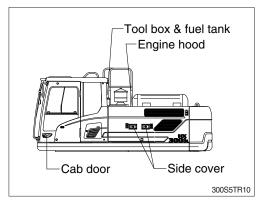


4. FIXING THE MACHINE

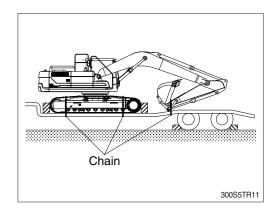
- 1) Lower down the working device on the loading plate of trailer.
- 2) Keep the safety knob on the LOCK position.
- 3) Turn OFF all the switches and remove the key.



4) Secure all locks.

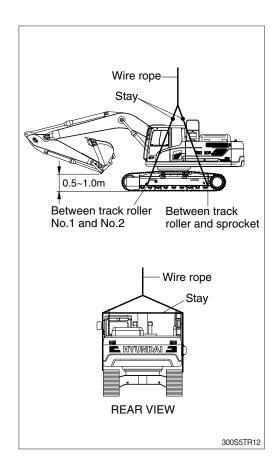


5) Place timber underneath of the track and fix firmly with wire rope to prevent the machine from moving forward, backward, right or left.



5. LOADING AND UNLOADING BY CRANE

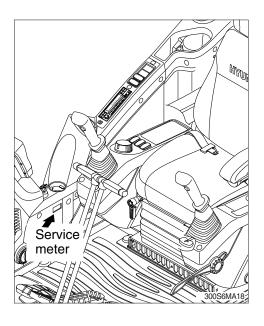
- 1) Check the weight, length, width and height of the machine referring to the chapter 2, specification when you are going to hoist the machine.
- 2) Use long wire rope and stay to keep the distance with the machine as it should avoid touching with the machine.
- 3) Put a rubber plate contact with wire rope and machine to prevent damage.
- 4) Place crane on the proper place.
- 5) Install the wire rope and stay like the illustration.
- ▲ Make sure wire rope is proper size.
- ♠ Place the safety knob to LOCK position to prevent the machine moving when hoisting the machine.
- ⚠ The wrong hoisting method or installation of wire rope can cause damage to the machine.
- ▲ Do not load abruptly.
- ▲ Keep area clear of personnel.



1. INSTRUCTION

1) INTERVAL OF MAINTENANCE

- (1) You may inspect and service the machine by the period as described at page 6-11 based on hour meter at control panel.
- (2) Shorten the interval of inspect and service depending on site condition. (such as dusty area, quarry, sea shore and etc.)
- (3) Practice the entire related details at the same time when the service interval is doubled. For example, in case of 100 hours, carry out all the maintenance 「Each 100 hours, each 50 hours and daily service」 at the same time.



2) PRECAUTION

- (1) Start to maintenance after you have the full knowledge of machine.
- (2) The monitor installed on this machine does not entirely guarantee the condition of the machine. Daily inspection should be performed according to clause 4, maintenance check list.
- (3) Engine and hydraulic components have been preset in the factory. Do not allow unauthorized personnel to reset them.
- (4) Drain the used oil and coolant in a container and handle according to the method of handling for industrial waste to meet with regulations of each province or country.
- ♠ Hot oil and hot components can cause personal injury. Do not allow hot oil or hot components to contact skin.
- △ Accumulated grease and oil on the machine is a fire hazard. Remove this debris with steam cleaning or high pressure water, at least every 1000 hours.
- (5) Ask to your local dealer or Hyundai for the maintenance advice if unknown.

3) PROPER MAINTENANCE

(1) Replace and repair of parts

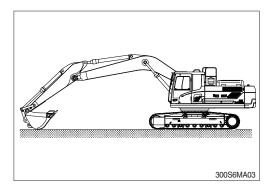
It is required to replace the wearable and consumable parts such as bucket tooth, side cutter, filter and etc., regularly.

Replace damaged or worn parts at proper time to keep the performance of machine.

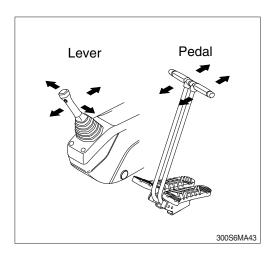
- (2) Use genuine parts.
- (3) Use the recommended oil.
- (4) Remove the dust or water around the inlet of oil tank before supplying oil.
- (5) Drain oil when the temperature of oil is warm.
- (6) Do not repair anything while operating the engine.
 Stop the engine when you fill the oil.
- (7) Relieve hydraulic system of the pressure before repairing the hydraulic system.
- (8) Confirm if the cluster is in the normal condition after completion of service.
- (9) For more detail information of maintenance, please contact local Hyundai dealer.
- Be sure to start the maintenance after fully understand the chapter 1, safety hints.

4) RELIEVING THE PRESSURE IN THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

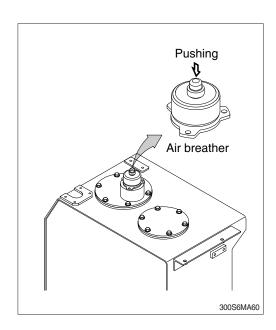
- Spouting of oil can cause the accident when loosening the cap or hose right after the operating of machine as the machine or oil is on the high pressure on the condition.
 - Be sure to relieve the pressure in the system before repairing hydraulic system.
- (1) Place machine in parking position, and stop the engine.



- (2) Set the safety knob completely in the UNLOCK position, operate the control levers and pedals fully to the front, rear, left and right, to release the pressure in the hydraulic circuit.
- * This does not completely release the pressure, so when serving hydraulic component, loosen the connections slowly and do not stand in the direction where the oil spurt out.



(3) Relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.



5) PRECAUTION WHEN INSTALLING HYDRAULIC HOSES OR PIPES

- Be particularly careful that the joint of hose, pipe and functioning item are not damaged.
 Avoid contamination.
- (2) Assemble after cleaning the hose, pipe and joint of functioning item.
- (3) Use genuine parts.
- (4) Do not assemble the hose in the condition of twisted or sharp radius.
- (5) Keep the specified tighten torque.

6) PERIODICAL REPLACEMENT OF SAFETY PARTS

- (1) It is desirable to do periodic maintenance the machine for using the machine safely for a long time.
 - However, recommend to replace regularly the parts related safety not only safety but maintain satisfied performance.
- (2) These parts can cause the disaster of life and material as the quality changes by passing time and it is worn, diluted, and gets fatigued by using repeatedly.
 - These are the parts which the operator can not judge the remained lifetime of them by visual inspection.
- (3) Repair or replace if an abnormality of these parts is found even before the recommended replacement interval.

Period	Interval			
		Fuel hose (tank-engine)		
Engine Heater hose (heater-engine)			Every 2 years	
		Pump suction hose	_	
	Main circuit	Main circuit Pump delivery hose		Every 2 years
Hydraulic		Swing hose	_ , ,	
system		Boom cylinder line hose	_	
	Working device	Arm cylinder line hose	Every 2 vears	
	227100	Bucket cylinder line hose		

- * 1. Replace O-ring and gasket at the same time when replacing the hose.
 - 2. Replace clamp at the same time if the hose clamp is cracked when checking and replacing the hose.

2. TIGHTENING TORQUE

Use following table for unspecified torque.

1) BOLT AND NUT

(1) Coarse thread

Relt size		ВТ	10	.9T	12.9T	
Bolt size	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft
M 6×1.0	0.8 ~ 1.2	5.8 ~ 8.6	1.2 ~ 1.8	8.7 ~ 13.0	1.5 ~ 2.1	10.9 ~ 15.1
M 8×1.25	2.0 ~ 3.0	14.5 ~ 21.6	2.8 ~ 4.2	20.3 ~ 30.4	3.4 ~ 5.0	24.6 ~ 36.1
M10×1.5	4.0 ~ 6.0	29.0 ~ 43.3	5.6 ~ 8.4	40.5 ~ 60.8	6.8 ~ 10.0	49.2 ~ 72.3
M12×1.75	6.8 ~ 10.2	50.0 ~ 73.7	9.6 ~ 14.4	69.5 ~ 104	12.3 ~ 16.5	89.0 ~ 119
M14×2.0	10.9 ~ 16.3	78.9 ~ 117	16.3 ~ 21.9	118 ~ 158	19.5 ~ 26.3	141 ~ 190
M16×2.0	17.9 ~ 24.1	130 ~ 174	25.1 ~ 33.9	182 ~ 245	30.2 ~ 40.8	141 ~ 295
M18×2.5	24.8 ~ 33.4	180 ~ 241	34.8 ~ 47.0	252 ~ 340	41.8 ~ 56.4	302 ~ 407
M20×2.5	34.9 ~ 47.1	253 ~ 340	49.1 ~ 66.3	355 ~ 479	58.9 ~ 79.5	426 ~ 575
M22×2.5	46.8 ~ 63.2	339 ~ 457	65.8 ~ 88.8	476 ~ 642	78.9 ~ 106	570 ~ 766
M24×3.0	60.2 ~ 81.4	436 ~ 588	84.6 ~ 114	612 ~ 824	102 ~ 137	738 ~ 991
M30×3.5	120 ~161	868 ~ 1164	168 ~ 227	1216 ~ 1641	202 ~ 272	1461 ~ 1967

(2) Fine thread

Bolt size 8.8T		.8T	10	.9T	12.9T		
Boil Size	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	
M 8×1.0	2.1 ~ 3.1	15.2 ~ 22.4	3.0 ~ 4.4	21.7 ~ 31.8	3.6 ~ 5.4	26.1 ~ 39.0	
M10×1.25	4.2 ~ 6.2	30.4 ~ 44.9	5.9 ~ 8.7	42.7 ~ 62.9	7.0 ~ 10.4	50.1 ~ 75.2	
M12×1.25	7.3 ~ 10.9	52.8 ~ 78.8	10.3 ~ 15.3	74.5 ~ 110	13.1 ~ 17.7	94.8 ~ 128	
M14×1.5	12.4 ~ 16.6	89.7 ~ 120	17.4 ~ 23.4	126 ~ 169	20.8 ~ 28.0	151 ~ 202	
M16×1.5	18.7 ~ 25.3	136 ~ 182	26.3 ~ 35.5	191 ~ 256	31.6 ~ 42.6	229 ~ 308	
M18×1.5	27.1 ~ 36.5	196 ~ 264	38.0 ~ 51.4	275 ~ 371	45.7 ~ 61.7	331 ~ 446	
M20×1.5	37.7 ~ 50.9	273 ~ 368	53.1 ~ 71.7	384 ~ 518	63.6 ~ 86.0	460 ~ 622	
M22×1.5	51.2 ~ 69.2	370 ~ 500	72.0 ~ 97.2	521 ~ 703	86.4 ~ 116	625 ~ 839	
M24×2.0	64.1 ~ 86.5	464 ~ 625	90.1 ~ 121	652 ~ 875	108 ~ 146	782 ~ 1056	
M30×2.0	129 ~ 174	933 ~ 1258	181 ~ 245	1310 ~ 1772	217 ~ 294	1570 ~ 2126	

2) PIPE AND HOSE (FLARE type)

Thread size (PF)	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft
1/4"	19	4	28.9
3/8"	22	5	36.2
1/2"	27	9.5	68.7
3/4"	36	18	130
1"	41	21	152
1-1/4"	50	35	253

3) PIPE AND HOSE (ORFS type)

Thread size (UNF)	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft
9/16-18	19	4	28.9
11/16-16	22	5	36.2
13/16-16	27	9.5	68.7
1-3/16-12	36	18	130
1-7/16-12	41	21	152
1-11/16-12	50	35	253

4) FITTING

Thread size	Width across flat (mm)	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft
1/4"	19	4	28.9
3/8"	22	5	36.2
1/2"	27	9.5	68.7
3/4"	36	18	130
1"	41	21	152
1-1/4"	50	35	253

5) TIGHTENING TORQUE OF MAJOR COMPONENT

NI.	No. Docarintians		Dallada.	Torque		
No.		Descriptions	Bolt size	kgf · m	lbf ⋅ ft	
1		Engine mounting bolt (engine-bracket)	M12 × 1.75	11.5 ± 1.0	83.2 ± 7.2	
2		Engine mounting bolt (bracket-frame, FR)	M24 × 3.0	90 ± 9.0	651 ± 65.1	
3	Facino	Engine mounting bolt (bracket-frame, RR)	M24 × 3.0	90 ± 9.0	651 ± 65.1	
4	Engine	Radiator mounting bolt	M16 × 2.0	29.7 ± 4.5	215 ± 32.5	
5		Coupling mounting socket bolt	M18 × 2.5	46.5 ±2.5	336 ±18.1	
6	Fuel tank mounting bolt		M20 × 2.5	57.8 ± 5.8	418 ± 42.0	
7		Main pump housing mounting bolt	M10 × 1.5	6.5 ± 0.7	47 ± 5.1	
8		Main pump mounting socket bolt	M20 × 2.5	57.9 ± 8.7	419 ± 62.9	
9	Hydraulic system	Main control valve mounting nut	M12 × 1.75	12.3 \pm 1.3	89.0 ± 9.4	
10	- Cycloni	Hydraulic oil tank mounting bolt		57.8 ± 8.7	418 ± 42.0	
11	Turning joint mounting bolt, nut		M12 × 1.75	12.3 \pm 1.3	89.0 ± 9.4	
12		Swing motor mounting bolt	M20 × 2.5	57.9 ± 5.8	419 ± 42	
13	Power	Swing bearing upper part mounting bolt	M24 × 3.0	100 ± 10	723 ± 72.3	
14	train	Swing bearing lower part mounting bolt	M24 × 3.0	100 ± 10	723 ± 72.3	
15	system	Travel motor mounting bolt	M24 × 3.0	84 ± 8.0	608 ± 57.9	
16		Sprocket mounting bolt	M20 × 2.5	57.9 ± 6.0	419 ± 43.4	
17		Carrier roller mounting bolt, nut	M16 × 2.0	29.7 ± 3.0	215 ± 21.7	
18		Carrier roller mounting bolt, nut-H/W	M20 × 2.5	57.9 ± 6.0	419 ± 43.4	
19	Under	Track roller mounting bolt	M20 × 2.5	57.9 ± 6.0	419 ± 43.4	
20	carriage	Track tension cylinder mounting bolt	M16 × 2.0	29.7 ± 4.5	215 ± 32.5	
21		Track shoe mounting bolt, nut	M22 × 1.5	78 ± 8.0	564 ± 57.9	
22	Track guard mounting bolt		M20 × 2.5	57.9 ± 8.7	419 ± 62.9	
23		Counterweight mounting bolt	M36 × 3.0	337 ± 33	2440 ± 239	
24	Others	Cab mounting bolt	M12 × 1.75	12.8 \pm 3.0	92.6 ± 21.7	
25		Operator's seat mounting bolt	M 8 × 1.25	4.05 ± 0.8	29.3 ± 5.8	

^{**} For tightening torque of engine and hydraulic components, see engine maintenance guide and service manual.

3. FUEL, COOLANT AND LUBRICANTS

1) NEW MACHINE

New machine used and filled with following lubricants.

Description	Specification		
Engine oil (API CH-4)	SAE 15W-40, *SAE 5W-40		
Hydraulic oil	Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil (ISO VG 32, VG 46, VG 68)		
Swing and travel reduction gear oil	SAE 80W-90 (GL-4/GL-5)		
Grease	Lithium base grease NLGI No. 2		
Fuel	ASTM D975-No. 2, Ultra low sulfur diesel		
Coolant	Mixture of 50% ethylene glycol base antifreeze and 50% water.		
Coolaiti	Mixture of 60% ethylene glycol base antifreeze and 40% water.★		

SAE : Society of Automotive Engineers ★Cold region

API : American Petroleum Institute Russia, CIS, Mongolia

ISO : International Organization for Standardization

NLGI : National Lubricating Grease Institute
ASTM : American Society of Testing and Material

2) RECOMMENDED OILS

HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils have been developed to offer the best performance and service life for your equipment. These oils have been tested according to the specifications of HYUNDAI and, therefore, will meet the highest safety and quality requirements.

We recommend that you use only HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease officially approved by HYUNDAI.

Service		Capacity				Ambi	ent tempe	erature °	C(°F)		
point	Kind of fluid	ℓ (U.S. gal)	-50 (-58)	-30 (-22)	-20 (-4	-	10 (3 14) (3		_	20 30 68) (86	
							★S/	\E 0W-40	0		
					★ SAF	E 0W-3	0				
Engine	Engine oil*1	26.5 (7.0)					SAE 5W	/_30 		 	
oil pan	Linginie on	20.3 (7.0)									
							SAE 1	0W-30			
								SAE	E 15W-40)	
Swing		11 (2.91)			★S/	AE 75V	V-90				
drive	Gear oil	` ,									
Final drive		7.8×2 (2.1×2)						SAE 8	30W-90		
divo		()									
	★ 3	Tank : 190					ISO VG 3	2			
Hydraulic	Hydraulic oil	(50)					ISO VG	46, HBH	10 VG 46	* 3	
tank		System : 330 (87)							SO VG 6	8	-
		(51)									
				★AS	STM D	975 NC).1				
Fuel tank	Diesel fuel	500 (132)						AST	M D975	NO.2	
Fitting						4 NH /	21.110.4				
(grease	Grease	As required				*NL(GI NO.1				
nipple)								NLGI	NO.2		
Radiator	Mixture of				Fi	thylene	alvcol ba	se perma	anent typ	e (50 : 50)	
(reservoir tank)	antifreeze and soft water ^{★2}	27 (7.1)	★Ethy	rlene glyc			ype (60 : 40)	po://ii		(00.00)	

SAE: Society of Automotive Engineers

API : American Petroleum Institute

ISO: International Organization for Standardization

NLGI: National Lubricating Grease Institute

ASTM: American Society of Testing and Material

★ : Cold region

Russia, CIS, Mongolia

★1 : Meet or exceeds API CH-4 grade

★2 : Soft water

City water or distilled water

*3: Hyundai Bio Hydraulic Oil

- * Using any lubricating oils other than HYUNDAI genuine products may lead to a deterioration of performance and cause damage to major components.
- * Do not mix HYUNDAI genuine oil with any other lubricating oil as it may result in damage to the systems of major components.
- * Do not use any engine oil other than that specified above.
- ** For HYUNDAI genuine lubricating oils and grease for use in regions with extremely low temperatures, please contact HYUNDAI dealers.

4. MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST

1) DAILY SERVICE BEFORE STARTING

Check items	Service	Page
Visual check		
Fuel tank	Check, Refill	6-27
Hydraulic oil level	Check, Add	6-34
Engine oil level	Check, Add	6-18
Coolant level	Check, Add	6-20
Control panel & pilot lamp	Check, Clean	6-44
Prefilter (water)	Check, Drain	6-31
Fan belt tension and damage	Check, Adjust	6-24, 25, 26
Attachment pin and bushing ★	Lubricate	6-43
· Boom cylinder tube end		
· Boom foot		
· Boom cylinder rod end		
· Arm cylinder tube end		
· Arm cylinder rod end		
· Boom + Arm connecting		
· Bucket cylinder tube end		

[★] Lubricate every 10 hours or daily for initial 100 hours.

2) EVERY 50 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel tank (water, sediment)	Drain	6-27
Track tension	Check, Adjust	6-39
Swing reduction gear oil	Check, Add	6-37
Attachment pin and bushing	Lubricate	6-43
· Bucket cylinder rod end		
· Bucket + Arm connecting		
· Bucket control link + Arm		
· Bucket control rod		

3) INITIAL 50 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Bolts & Nuts	Check, Tight	6-8
· Sprocket mounting bolts		
· Travel motor mounting bolts		
· Swing motor mounting bolts		
· Swing bearing mounting bolts		
· Engine mounting bolts		
· Counterweight mounting bolts		
· Turning joint locating bolts		
· Track shoe mounting bolts and nuts		
· Carrier roller mounting bolts		
· Track roller mounting bolts		
· Hydraulic pump mounting bolts		

4) EVERY 200 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Return filter ★	Replace	6-36
Pilot line filter element ★	Replace	6-37
Drain filter cartridge ★	Replace	6-36

[★] Replace 3 filters for continuous hydraulic breaker operation only.

5) INITIAL 250 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Engine oil	Change	6-18, 19
Engine oil filter	Replace	6-18, 19
Prefilter (element)	Replace	6-31
Fuel filter element	Replace	6-28
Pilot line filter element	Replace	6-37
Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-36
Drain filter cartridge	Replace	6-36
Swing reduction gear oil	Change	6-37
Travel reduction gear oil	Change	6-38

6) EVERY 250 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
★ Engine oil	Change	6-18, 19
★ Engine oil filter	Replace	6-18, 19
★ Fuel filter element	Replace	6-28
★ Prefilter	Replace	6-31
Battery (voltage)	Check, Clean	6-44
Swing bearing grease	Check, Add	6-37
Bolts & Nuts	Check, Tight	6-8
· Sprocket mounting bolts		
· Travel motor mounting bolts		
· Swing motor mounting bolts		
· Swing bearing mounting bolts		
· Engine mounting bolts		
· Counterweight mounting bolts		
· Turning joint locating bolts		
· Track shoe mounting bolts and nuts		
· Carrier roller mounting bolts		
· Track roller mounting bolts		
· Hydraulic pump mounting bolts		
Attachment pin and bushing	Lubricate	6-43
· Boom cylinder tube end		
· Boom foot		
· Boom cylinder rod end		
· Arm cylinder tube end		
· Arm cylinder rod end		
· Boom + Arm connecting		
· Bucket cylinder tube end		

[★] When using a biodiesel fuel

7) EVERY 500 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Engine oil *	Change	6-18, 19
Engine oil filter *	Replace	6-18, 19
Radiator, cooler fin and charge air cooler	Check, Clean	6-23
Fuel filter element	Replace	6-28
Prefilter	Replace	6-31
Aircon & heater filter (fresh air)	Clean	6-47
Air cleaner element (primary) *1	Check, Clean	6-27
Coolant filter	Replace	6-32

^{*} If you use high sulfur containing fuel above than 0.5% or use low grade of engine oil reduce change interval.

^{*1} When working in dusty environments, more frequent cleaning is highly recommended.

8) EVERY 1000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Hydraulic tank air breather element	Replace	6-36
Travel motor reduction gear oil	Change	6-38
Swing reduction gear oil	Change	6-37
Grease in swing gear and pinion	Change	6-38
Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	6-36
Drain filter cartridge	Replace	6-36
Pilot line filter element	Replace	6-37

9) EVERY 2000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Coolant	Change	6-20, 21, 22, 23
Air cleaner element (primary, safety) *1	Replace	6-27
Hydraulic oil *2 (opt)	Change	6-34
Hydraulic tank suction strainer	Check, Clean	6-35
RCV lever	Check, Lubricate	6-39
Hoses, fittings, clamps (fuel, coolant, hydraulic)	Check, Retighten, Replace	-

^{*1} When working in dusty environments, more frequent replacing is highly recommended.

10) EVERY 5000 HOURS SERVICE

Check items	Service	Page
Hydraulic oil *3 (std)	Change	6-35

^{*3} Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil

^{*2} Conventional hydraulic oil

^{*2} Change oil every 600 hours of continuous hydraulic breaker operation.

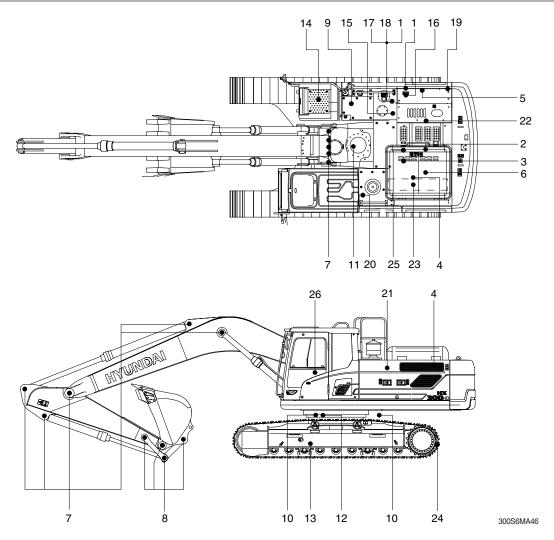
 $^{^{\}star \scriptscriptstyle 3}$ Change oil every 1000 hours of continuous hydraulic breaker operation.

11) WHEN REQUIRED

Whenever you have trouble in the machine, you must perform the service of related items, system by system.

Check items	Service	Page
Fuel system		
· Fuel tank	Drain or Clean	6-27
· Prefilter (water, element)	Drain or Replace	6-31
· Fuel filter element	Replace	6-28
Engine lubrication system		
· Engine oil	Change	6-18, 19
· Engine oil filter	Replace	6-18, 19
Engine cooling system		
· Coolant	Add or Change	6-20, 21, 22, 23
· Radiator	Clean or Flush	6-20, 21, 22, 23
· Charge air cooler	Check, Clean	6-23
· Coolant filter	Replace	6-32
Engine air system		
· Air cleaner element (primary)	Clean or Replace	6-27
· Air cleaner element (safety)	Replace	6-27
Hydraulic system		
· Hydraulic oil	Add or Change	6-34, 35
· Return filter	Replace	6-36
· Drain line filter	Replace	6-36
· Pilot line filter	Replace	6-37
· Element of breather	Replace	6-36
· Suction strainer	Clean	6-35
· RCV lever	Lubricate	6-39
Undercarriage		
· Track tension	Check, Adjust	6-39
Bucket		
· Tooth	Replace	6-41
· Side cutter	Replace	6-41
· Linkage	Adjust	6-40
· Bucket assy	Replace	6-40
Air conditioner and heater		
· Fresh air filter	Replace	6-47
· Recirculation filter	Clean, Replace	6-47, 48

5. MAINTENANCE CHART



Caution

- 1. Service intervals are based on the hour meter reading.
- 2. The number of each item shows the lubrication point on the machine.
- 3. Stop engine while filling oil, and use no open flames.

Service interval	No.	Description	Service action	Oil symbol	Capacity ℓ (U.S.gal)	Service points No.
	1	Hydraulic oil level	Check, Add	НО	190 (50.2)	1
	2	Engine oil level	Check, Add	EO	26.5 (7.0)	1
40.11-	4	Radiator coolant	Check, Add	С	27 (7.1)	1
10 Hours or daily	5	Prefilter (water)	Check, Drain	-	-	1
Of daily	6	Fan belt tension and damage	Check, Adjust	-	-	1
	7	*Attachment pin & bushing	Check, Lubricate	PGL	-	11
	9	Fuel tank	Check, Refill	DF	500 (132.1)	1
	8	Bucket linkage pins	Check, Lubricate	PGL	-	6
50 Hours	9	Fuel tank (water, sediment)	Check, Drain	-	-	1
or weekly	11	Swing reduction gear oil	Check, Add	GO	11 (2.9)	1
	13	Track tension	Check, Adjust	PGL	-	2

^{*} For initial 100 hours.

Service interval	No.	Description	Service action	Oil symbol	Capacity ℓ (U.S.gal)	Service points No.
	2	Engine oil*3	Change	EO	26.5 (7.0)	1
	3	Engine oil filter*3	Replace	-	-	1
	5	Prefilter (element)*3	Replace	-	-	1
250	7	Attachment pins & bushings	Check, Lubricate	PGL	-	11
Hours	10	Swing bearing grease	Check, Add	PGL	-	2
	14	Battery (voltage)	Check, Clean	-	-	1
	20	Aircon & heater filter (fresh air)	Clean	-	-	1
	22	Fuel filter element*3	Replace	-	-	1
	2	Engine oil	Change	EO	26.5 (7.0)	1
	3	Engine oil filter	Replace	-	-	1
	5	Prefilter (element)	Replace	-	-	1
Initial 250	11	Swing reduction gear oil	Change	GO	11 (2.9)	1
	15	Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	-	-	1
Hours	16	Drain filter cartridge	Replace	-	-	1
	19	Pilot line filter element	Replace	-	-	1
	22	Fuel filter element	Replace	-	-	1
	24	Travel reduction gear oil	Change	GO	7.8 (2.1)	2
	2	Engine oil	Change	EO	26.5 (7.0)	1
	3	Engine oil filter	Replace	-	-	1
	5	Prefilter (element)	Replace	-	-	1
500	20	Aircon & heater filter (fresh air & recirculation)	Replace	-	-	2
Hours	21	Air cleaner element (primary)	Check, Clean	-	-	1
	22	Fuel filter element	Replace	-	-	1
	23	Radiator, oil cooler, charge air cooler	Check, Clean	-	-	3
	25	Coolant filter	Replace	-	-	1
	11	Swing reduction gear oil	Change	GO	11 (2.9)	1
	12	Swing gear and pinion grease	Change	PGL	11.4 kg (25.1 lb)	1
1000	15	Hydraulic oil return filter	Replace	-	-	1
1000 Hours	16	Drain filter cartridge	Replace	-	-	1
1 10015	17	Air breather element	Replace	-	-	1
	19	Pilot line filter	Replace	-	-	1
	24	Travel reduction gear oil	Change	GO	7.8 (2.1)	2

^{*1} Conventional

*** Oil symbol**

Please refer to the recommended lubricants for specification.

DF: Diesel fuel GO: Gear oil HO: Hydraulic oil C: Coolant

PGL : Grease EO : Engine oil

^{*2} HD Hyundai Construction Equipment genuine long life

^{*3} When using a biodesel fuel

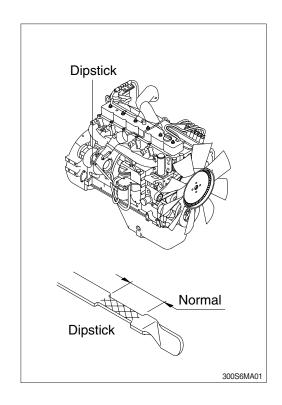
Service interval	No.	Description	Service action	Oil symbol	Capacity ℓ (U.S.gal)	Service points No.
	1	Hydraulic oil *1 (opt)	Change	НО	190 (50.2)	1
	4	Radiator coolant	Change	С	27 (7.1)	1
2000	18	Hydraulic oil suction strainer	Check, Clean	-	-	1
Hours	21	Air cleaner element (primary, safety)	Replace	-	-	2
110010	26	RCV lever	Check, Lubricate	PGL	-	2
	-	Hoses, fittings, clamps (fuel, coolant, hydraulic)	Check, Retighten, Replace	-	-	-
5000 Hours	1	Hydraulic oil *2 (std)	Change	НО	190 (50.2)	1
	20	Aircon & heater fresh filter	Replace	-	-	1
As	20	Aircon & heater recirculation filter	Replace	-	-	1
required	21	Air cleaner element (primary)	Clean, Replace	-	-	1
	21	Air cleaner element (safety)	Replace	-	-	1

6. SERVICE INSTRUCTION

1) CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

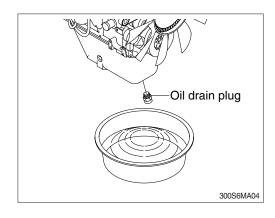
Check the oil level with the machine on a flat ground before starting engine.

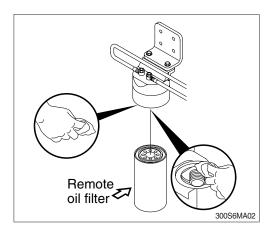
- (1) Pull out the dipstick and wipe with a clean cloth.
- (2) Check the oil level by inserting the dipstick completely into the hole and pulling out again.
- (3) If oil level is LOW, add oil and then check again.
- If the oil is contaminated or diluted, change the oil regardless of the regular change interval.
- Check oil level after engine has been stopped for 15 minutes.
- ♠ Do not operate unless the oil level is in the normal range.



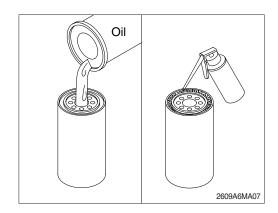
2) REPLACEMENT OF ENGINE OIL AND OIL FILTER

- (1) Operate the engine until the coolant temperature reaches 60°C (140°F). Shut off the engine.
- (2) Remove the oil drain plug. Drain the oil immediately to be sure all the oil and suspended contaminants are removed from the engine.
- A drain pan with a capacity of 30 liters (7.9 U.S. gallons) will be adequate.
- (3) Clean the area around the lubricating oil filter head.
- (4) Use oil filter wrench to remove the oil filter.
- (5) Clean the gasket surface of oil filter head.
- * The O-ring can stick on the filter head. Be sure it is removed before installing the new filter.

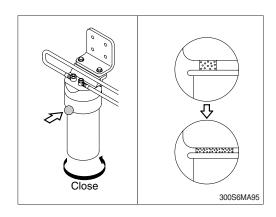




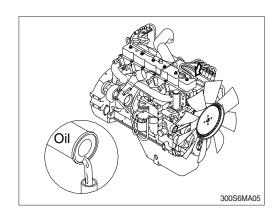
- (6) Apply a light film of lubricating oil to the gasket sealing surface before installing the filters.
- * Fill the filters with clean lubricating oil.



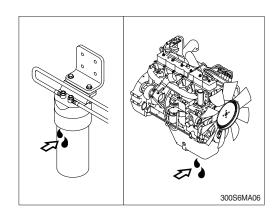
- (7) Install the filter to the filter head.
 - Tighten the filter until the gasket contacts the filter head surface.
 - Tighten 3/4 to 1 turn after the gasket makes contact with the filter head.
- Mechanical over-tightening may distort the threads or damage the filter element seal.



- (8) Clean and check the lubricating oil drain plug threads and sealing surface. Install the lubricating oil pan drain plug.
- (9) Fill the engine with clean oil to the proper level.
 - · Quantity : 26.5 ℓ (7.0 U.S.gallons)

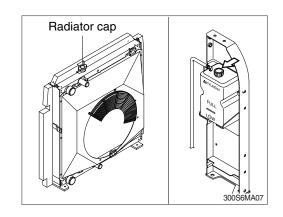


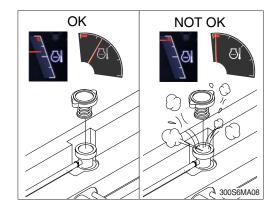
(10) Operate the engine at low idle and inspect for leaks at the filters and the drain plug. Shut the engine off and check the oil level with the dipstick. Allow 15 minutes for oil to drain down before checking.



3) CHECK COOLANT

- (1) Check if the level of coolant in reservoir tank is between FULL and LOW.
- (2) Add the mixture of antifreeze and water after removing the cap of the reservoir tank if coolant is not sufficient.
- (3) Be sure to use the reservoir empty, add the coolant by opening the cap of radiator.
- (4) Replace gasket of radiator cap when it is damaged.
- ♠ Hot coolant can spray out if surge tank cap is removed while engine is hot. Remove the cap after the engine has cooled down.





4) FLUSHING AND REFILLING OF RADIATOR

- (1) Change coolant
- A Avoid prolonged and repeated skin contact with used antifreeze. Such prolonged repeated contact can cause skin disorders or other bodily injury.

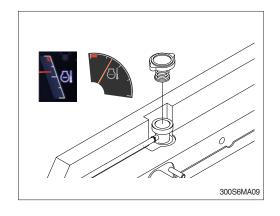
Avoid excessive contact-wash thoroughly after contact.

Keep out of reach of children.

Protect the environment: Handling and disposal of used antifreeze can be subject to federal, state, and local law regulation.

Use authorized waste disposal facilities, including civic amenity sites and garages providing authorized facilities for the receipt of used antifreeze.

If in doubt, contact your local authorities for guidance as to proper handling of used antifreeze.



▲ Wait until the temperature is below 50 °C (122 °F) before removing the coolant system pressure cap.

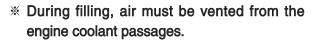
Failure to do so can cause personal injury from heated coolant spray.

Drain the cooling system by opening the drain valve on the radiator and opening the drain valve on the bottom of the engine oil cooler housing.

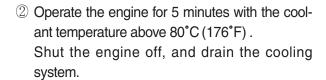
A drain pan with a capacity of 40 liters (10.6 U.S. gallons) will be adequate.

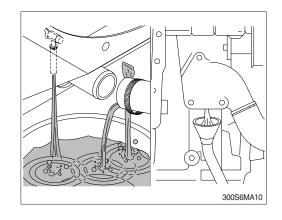


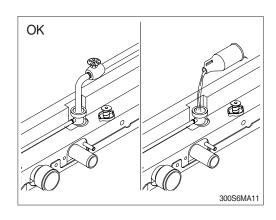
- ① Fill the system with a mixture of sodium carbonate and water (or a commercially available equivalent).
- W Use 0.5kg (1.0 pound) of sodium carbonate for every 23 liters (6.0 U.S. gallons) of water.
- W Do not install the radiator cap. The engine is to be operated without the cap for this process.

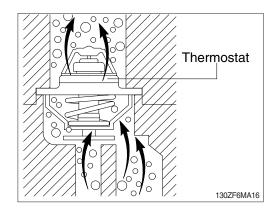


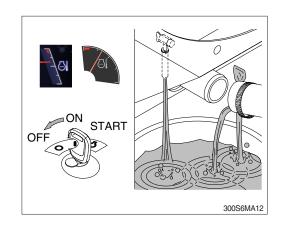
The system must be filled slowly to prevent air locks or serious engine damage can result. Wait 2 to 3 minutes to allow air to be vented, then add mixture to bring the level to the top.



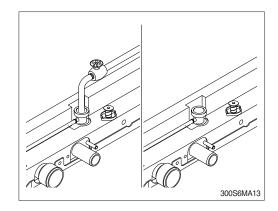




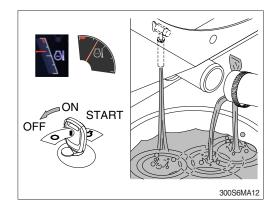




- ③ Fill the cooling system with clean water.
- Be sure to vent the engine and aftercooler for complete filling.
- Do not install the surge tank cap or the new coolant filter.

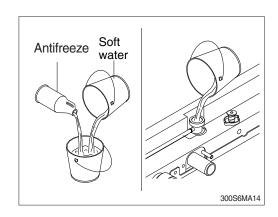


- ④ Operate the engine for 5 minutes with the coolant temperature above 80°C (176°F).
 Shut the engine off, and drain the cooling system.
- If the water being drained is still dirty, the system must be flushed again until the water is clean.



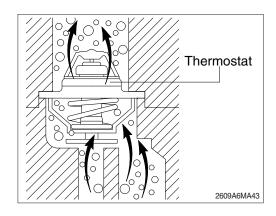
(3) Cooling system filling

- ① Use a mixture of 50 percent soft water and 50 percent ethylene glycol antifreeze to fill the cooling system. Refer to the page 6-10. Coolant capacity (engine only): 10 ℓ (2.6 U.S. gallons)
- Do not use hard water such as river water or well water.



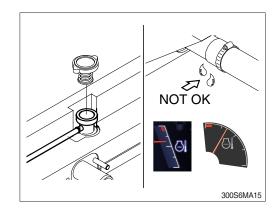
- ② The system has a maximum fill rate of 19 liters (5.0 U.S. gallons) per minute.
 Do not exceed this fill rate.
- * The system must be filled slowly to prevent air locks.
 During filling, air must be vented from the

During filling, air must be vented from the engine coolant passage.



③ Install the pressure cap. Operate the engine until it reaches a temperature 80°C (176°F), and check for coolant leaks.

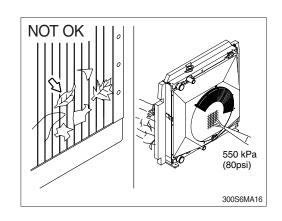
Check the coolant level again to make sure the system is full of coolant.

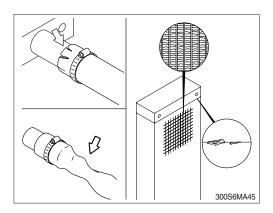


5) CLEAN RADIATOR AND OIL COOLER

Check, and if necessary, clean and dry outside of radiator and oil cooler. After working in a dusty place, clean radiator more frequently.

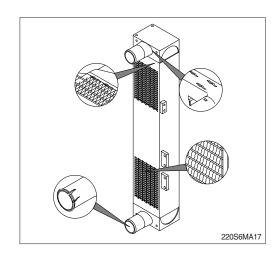
- (1) Visually inspect the radiator for clogged radiator
- (2) Use 550 kPa (80 psi) air pressure to blow the dirt and debris from the fins.
- (3) Visually inspect the radiator for bent or broken fins
- If the radiator must be replaced due to bent or broken fins which can cause the engine to overheat, refer to the manufacturer's replacement procedures.
- (4) Visually inspect the radiator for core leaks.





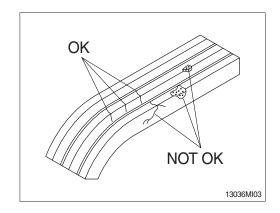
6) CHECK CHARGE AIR COOLER

Inspect the charge air cooler for dirt and debris blocking the fins. Check for cracks, holes, or other damage. If damage is found, please contact Hyundai distributor.

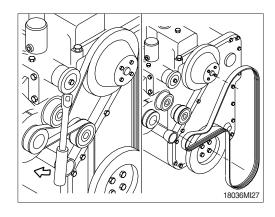


7) FAN BELT TENSION

(1) Inspect the drive for damage.



(2) Inspect the drive belt and fan hub.

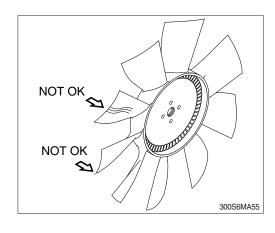


8) INSPECTION OF COOLING FAN

- ♠ Personal injury can result from a fan blade failure. Never pull or pry on the fan. This can damage the fan blade and cause fan failure.
- * Rotate the crankshaft by using the engine barring gear.
- * A visual inspection of the cooling fan is required daily.

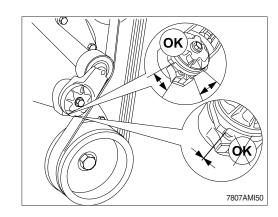
Check for cracks, loose rivets, and bent or loose blades.

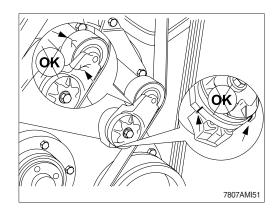
Check the fan to make sure it is securely mounted. Tighten the capscrews if necessary. Replace any fan that is damaged.



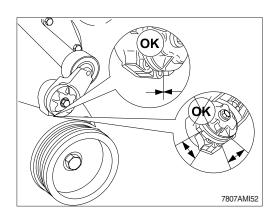
9) BELT TENSIONER, AUTOMATIC Adjustment

- (1) Every 1000hours, or 1 year, whichever occurs first, inspect the automatic belt tensioner. With the engine turned off, check that neither the top nor bottom tensioner arm stop is touching the cast boss on the tensioner body. If either of the stops is touching a boss, the alternator belt must be replaced. Check to make sure the correct belt part number is being used it either condition exists.
- (2) Check the tensioner pulley and body for cracks. If any cracks are noticed, the tensioner must be replaced. Refer to a Cummins Authorized Repair facility. Check the tensioner for dirt buildup. If this condition exists, the tensioner must be removed and steam-cleaned.

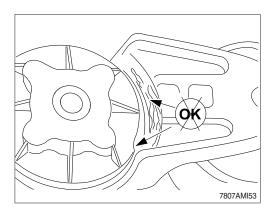




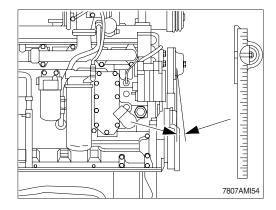
(3) Check that the bottom tensioner arm stop is in contact with the bottom tensioner arm stop boss on the tensioner body. If these two are not touching, the tensioner must be replaced.



(4) Inspect the tensioner for evidence of the pivoting tensioner arm contacting the stationary circular base. If there is evidence of thess two areas touching, the pivot tube bushing has failed and the tensioner must be replaced.



- (5) A worn tensioner that has play in it or a belt that "walks" off its pulley possibly indicates pulley misalignment.
- Maximum pulley mislignment is three degrees. This measurement can be taken with a straightedge and an inclinometer.
- (6) Install the belt.



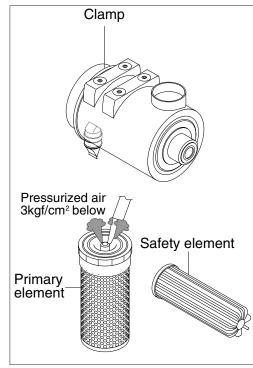
10) CLEANING OF AIR CLEANER

(1) Primary element

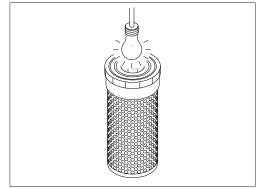
- ① Loosen the clamps and remove the element.
- ② Clean the inside of the body.
- ③ Clean the element with pressurized air.
 - Remove the dust inside of the element by the pressurized air (below 3 kgf/cm², 40 psi) forward and backward equally.
- ④ Inspect for cracks or damage of element by putting a light bulb inside of the element.
- ⑤ Insert element and tighten wing nut.
- Replace the primary element after 4 times cleanings.

(2) Safety element

- Replace the safety element only when the primary element is cleaned for the 4 times.
- Always replace the safety element. Never attempt to reuse the safety element by cleaning the element.



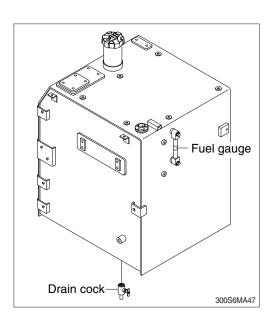
2907A6MI22



300S6MA23

11) FUEL TANK

- (1) Fill fuel fully when system the operation to minimize water condensation, and check it with fuel gauge before starting the machine.
- (2) Drain the water and sediment in the fuel tank by opening the drain cock.
- * Be sure to LOCK the cap of fuel tank.
- Remove the strainer of the fuel tank and clean it if contaminated.
- ▲ Stop the engine when refueling.
 All lights and flames shall be kept at a safe distance while refueling.

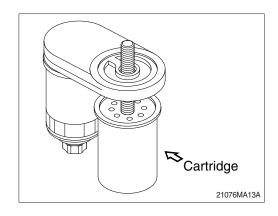


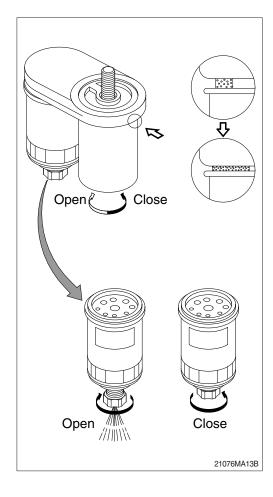
12) REPLACEMENT OF FUEL FILTER

- (1) Clean around the filter head, remove the filter and clean the gasket surface.
 - · Wrench size : 90~95 mm (3.5~3.8 in)
- (2) Replace the O-ring.
- (3) Fully fill fuel in the new filter.
- (4) Apply engine oil on the gasket of new filter when mounting, and tighten 3/4 to 1 turn more after the gasket touches the filter head.
- (5) Relieve the air after mounting.
- * Check for fuel leakage after the engine starts.
- If air is in the fuel system, the engine will not start, Start engine after bleeding the air according to the method of bleeding air.

FUEL WATER SEPARATOR

- Drain the water and sediment from the separator daily.
- Shut off the engine.
- Use your hand to open the drain valve.
- Turn the valve counterclockwise 4 complete turns until the valve drops down 1".
- Drain the filter sump of water until clear fuel is visible.
- * Do not overtighten the valve.
 Overtightening can damage the threads.
- Push the valve up and turn the valve clockwise to close the drain valve.
- If more then 2 ozs is drained, refilling of the filter is required to prevent hard starting. Refer to low pressure lines and fuel filter venting clause 13)-(2).

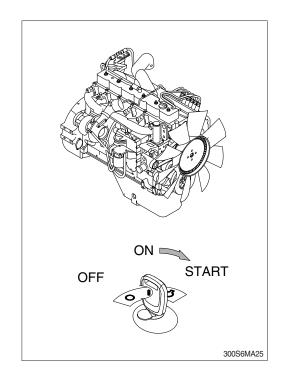




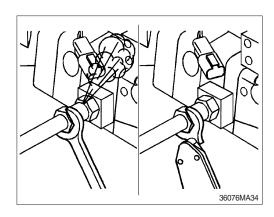
13) BLEEDING THE FUEL SYSTEM

(1) Air in fuel

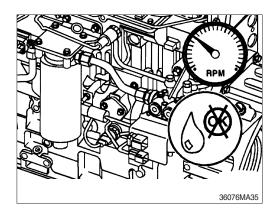
① The air bleed fitting on the fuel system creates a self bleeding system during replacement of the supply side components. High pressure fuel line removal and replacement will not require external bleeding to start the engine. The fuel pump will create high fuel pressure during cranking and purge the air in the high pressure side through the injectors.



- If an excessive amount of air has entered the system, the system will need to be bled.
- ② Loosen the fuel supply line at the pump. Run the electric fuel lift pump until the air has been bled. When all the air has been bled, tighten the fitting.



③ Supply line leaks from the lift pump to the fuel pump can be located by operating the lift pump or keyswitch cycling, to build pressure in the fuel lines. Inspect all lines and connections, as well as the fuel filter assembly, for an external fuel leak.



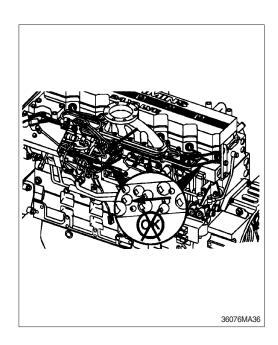
④ A stuck open injector can also blow combustion gas back into the pump and cause air to be present in the overflow.

If the engine seems to be misfiring or running rough, break all the injector supply lines loose at the pump end. Crank the engine and observe the lines. If combustion gas seems to be blowing back through the line, the injector is stuck open.

W Use two wrenches when loosening the lines at the fuel pump, one to hold the delivery valve and one to loosen the line.

· Wrench size: 19 mm

· Tightening torque: 2.45 kgf·m (18 lbf·ft)



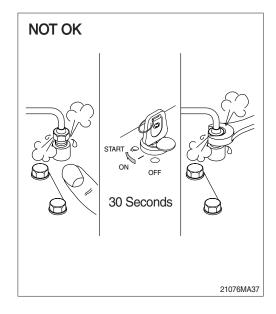
(2) Venting the high pressure lines

- ▲ The pressure of the fuel in the line is sufficient to penetrate the skin and cause serious bodily harm.
- ① Loosen the fittings at the cylinder head and crank the engine to allow entrapped air to bleed from the line. Tighten the fittings.

· Wrench size :19mm

· Torque: 3.9 kgf·m (28 lbf·ft)

- ② Start the engine and vent one line at a time until the engine runs smoothly.
- ♠ Do not bleed a hot engine as this can cause fuel to spill onto a hot exhaust manifold, creating a danger of fire.

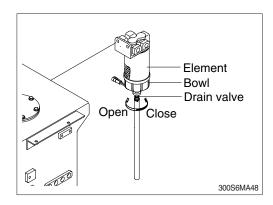


14) PREFILTER

Inspect or drain the collection bowl of water daily and replace the element every 500 hours.

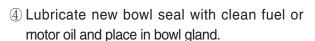
(1) Drain water

- ① Open bowl drain valve to evacuate water.
- ② Close drain valve.
- ※ Don't tighten up a drain valve so strong.
- ※ Please inspect and drain water frequently for remain water volume to be less than 1/3 volume of a collection bowl.

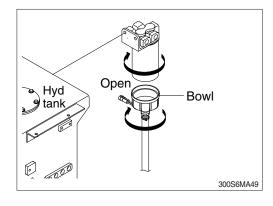


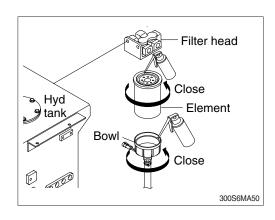
(2) Replace element

- ① Drain the unit of fuel. Follow "Drain water" instructions above.
- ② Remove element and bowl from filter head.
- * The bowl is reusable, do not damage or discard.
- ③ Separate element from bowl. Clean bowl and seal gland.



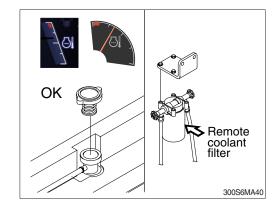
- (5) Attach bowl to new element firmly by hand.
- 6 Lubricate new element seal and place in element top gland.
- 7 Attach the element and bowl to the head.



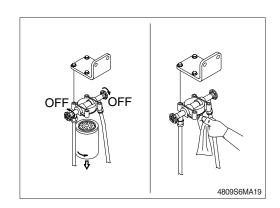


15) COOLANT FILTER

- ▲ Do not remove the radiator cap from a hot engine. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50°C (120°C) before removing the radiator cap. Heated coolant spray or steam can cause personal injury
- (1) Remove the radiator cap.



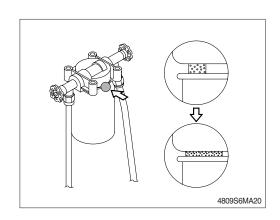
- (2) Turn the valve to the OFF position.
- (3) Remove and discard the filter.
 Clean the coolant filter head gasket's surface.
- A small amount of coolant can leak when servicing the filter with the shutoff valve in the OFF position. To avoid personal injury, avoid contact with hot coolant.



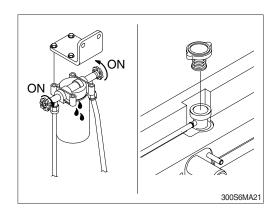
- (4) Apply a thin film of clean engine oil to the gasket sealing surface before installing a new filter.
- If the filter canister is damaged in any way, do not use it. Dents or scrapes can lead to a rupture or premature failure of the filter.



- (5) Install a new filter on the filter head.
 Tighten the filter until the gasket contacts the filter head surface.
- (6) Tighten the filter an additional 1/2 to 3/4 of a turn.
- Mechanical over tightening can distort the filter threads or damage the filter head.

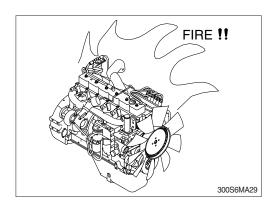


- (7) Turn the valve to the ON position, and install the radiator cap.
- (8) Operate the engine and check for leaks.
- * The valve must be in the ON position to prevent engine damage.



16) LEAKAGE OF FUEL

▲ Be careful and clean the fuel hose, injection pump, fuel filter and other connections as the leakage from these part can cause fire.

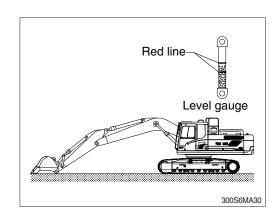


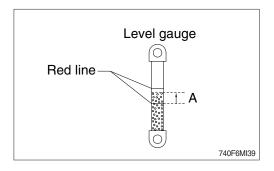
17) HYDRAULIC OIL CHECK

- (1) Position the machine as shown in the illustration on the right. Then stop engine.
- (2) Check the oil level at the level gauge of hydraulic oil tank.
- (3) The oil level is normal if the oil is between the red lines. The oil level depends on the temperature of the hydraulic oil. Refer to the height (A) in the below table to check the level gauge.

Temperature		Height A	
${\mathbb C}$	°F	mm	inch
0	32	15	0.6
10	50	25	1.0
20	68	30	1.2
30	86	35	1.4
40	104	40	1.6

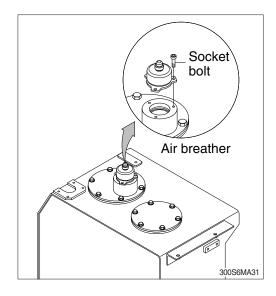
- Refer to page 3-22 for checking the temperature of the hydraulic oil.
- * Add the hydraulic oil, if necessary.





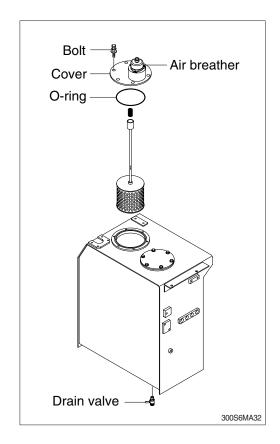
18) FILLING HYDRAULIC OIL

- (1) Stop the engine to the position of level check.
- (2) Relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- (3) Loosen the socket bolts and remove the air breather on the top of oil tank and fill the oil to the specified level.
 - · Tightening torque : $4.05\pm0.8 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ (29.3 $\pm5.8 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft}$)
- (4) Start engine after filling and operate the work equipment several times.
- (5) Check the oil level at the level check position after engine stops.



19) CHANGE HYDRAULIC OIL

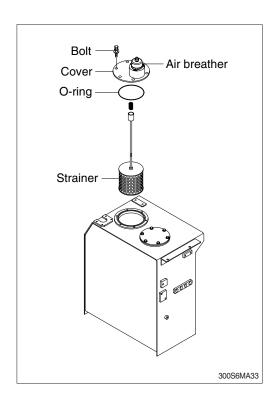
- (1) Lower the bucket on the ground pulling the arm and bucket cylinder to the maximum.
- (2) Relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- (3) Remove the cover.
 - Tightening torque : $6.9\pm1.4 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ (50±10 lbf · ft)
- (4) Prepare a suitable container.
- (5) To drain the oil open the drain valve at the bottom of the oil tank.
- (6) Fill proper amount of recommended oil.
- (7) Put the breather in the right position.
- (8) Bleed air hydraulic pump loosen the air breather at top of hydraulic pump assembly.
- (9) Start engine and run continually. Release the air by full stroke of each control lever.



20) CLEAN SUCTION STRAINER

Clean suction strainer as follows paying attention to the cause to be kept during oil filling.

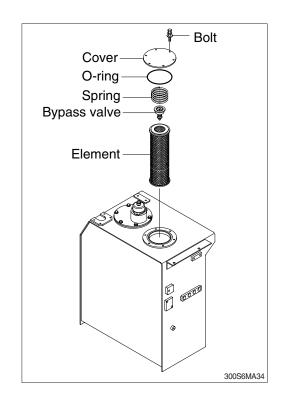
- (1) Remove the cover.
 - Tightening torque : $6.9\pm1.4 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ (50±10 lbf · ft)
- (2) Pull out the strainer in the tank.
- (3) Wash the foreign material on the suction strainer with gasoline or cleaning oil.
- (4) Replace the suction strainer if it is damaged.
- (5) Assemble with reverse order of disassembly. Be sure to install a new O-ring and reinsert in the oil tank.
- ** Loosen the bolt slowly at the cover can be spring out by the spring when removing it.



21) REPLACEMENT OF RETURN FILTER

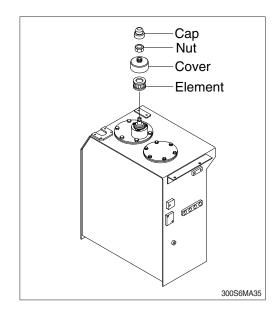
Replace as follows paying attention to the cause to be kept during the replacement.

- (1) Remove the cover.
 - Tightening torque : $6.9\pm1.4 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ (50 $\pm10 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft}$)
- (2) Remove the spring, by-pass valve and return filter in the tank.
- (3) Replace the element with new one.



22) REPLACEMENT OF ELEMENT IN HYDRAULIC TANK BREATHER

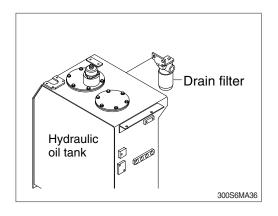
- (1) Relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- (2) Remove the cover.
- (3) Remove the snap ring and pull out the filter element.
- (4) Replace the filter element new one.
- (5) Reassemble by reverse order of disassembly.
 - · Tightening torque : 0.8~1.0 kgf · m (5.9~7.4 lbf · ft)



23) REPLACE OF DRAIN FILTER CARTRIDGE

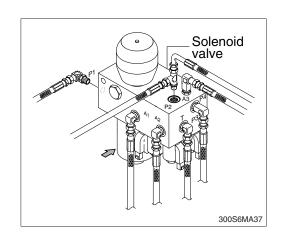
Clean the dust around filter and replace with new one after removing the cartridge.

- * Tighten about 2/3 turn more after the gasket of cartridge contacts seal side of filter body for mounting.
- Change cartridge after initial 250 hours of operation. Thereafter, change cartridge every 1000 hours.



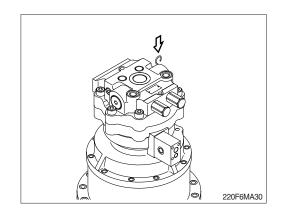
24) REPLACE OF PILOT LINE FILTER

- (1) Loosen the nut positioned on the filter body.
- (2) Pull out the filter element and clean filter housing.
- (3) Install the new element and tighten using specified torque.
- * Change cartridge after initial 250 hours of operation. Thereafter, change cartridge every 1000 hours.



25) CHECK THE SWING REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- (1) Pull out the dipstick and clean it.
- (2) Insert it again.
- (3) Pull out one more time to check the oil level and fill the oil if the level is not sufficient.

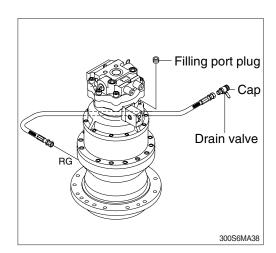


26) CHANGE SWING REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- (1) Raise the temperature of oil by swinging the machine before replace the oil and park the machine on the flat ground.
- (2) Prepare a proper container.
- (3) Open the cap and loosen the drain valve.
- (4) Clean around the valve and close the drain valve and cap.

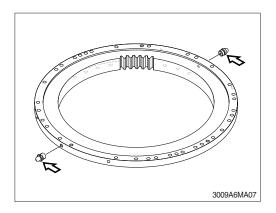
Fill proper amount of recommended oil.

· Amount of oil : 6.2 \((1.6 U.S.gal)



27) LUBRICATE SWING BEARING

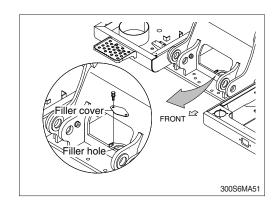
- (1) Grease at 2 fitting.
- ** Lubricate every 250 hours...



28) SWING GEAR AND PINION

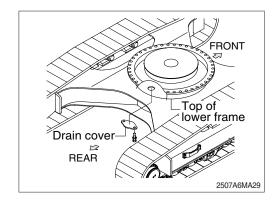
(1) Drain old grease

- ① Remove under cover of lower frame.
- ② Remove drain cover of lower frame.
- 3 Remove filler cover of upper frame.
- ④ Operate full turn (360°) of swing several times.



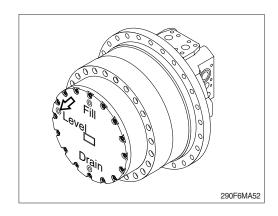
(2) Refill new grease

- ① Install drain cover.
- ② Fill with new grease.
- ③ Install filler cover.
 - · Capacity: 11.4 kg (25.1 lb)



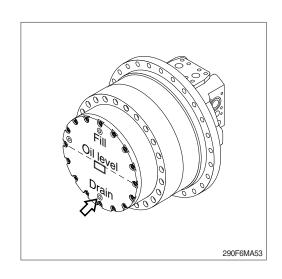
29) CHECK THE TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- Operate the machine to the position of drain plug down to the flat ground.
- (2) Loosen the level plug and check the oil level. If the level is at the hole of the plug, it is normal. Fill the oil if it is not sufficient.
 - · Amount of oil : 7.8 ℓ (2.1 U.S.gal)



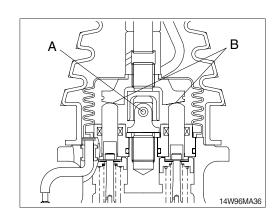
30) CHANGE OF THE TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

- (1) Raise the temperature of the oil by traveling machine first.
- (2) Stop when the position of the drain plug is down.
- (3) Loosen the level plug and then the drain plug.
- (4) Drain the oil to adequate container.
- (5) Tighten the drain plug and fill specified amount of oil at filling port.
- (6) Tighten the level plug and travel slowly to check if there is any leakage of oil.



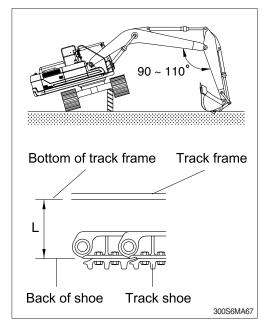
31) LUBRICATE RCV LEVER

Remove the bellows and with a grease gun grease the joint part (A) and sliding parts (B).



32) ADJUSTMENT OF TRACK TENSION

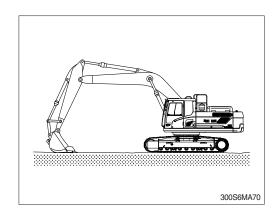
- It is important to adjust the tension of track properly to extend the lifetime of track and traveling device.
- * The wear of pins and bushings on the undercarriage will vary with the working conditions and soil properties.
 - It is thus necessary to continually inspect the track tension so as to maintain the standard tension on it.
- (1) Raise the chassis with the boom and arm.
- (2) Measure the distance between bottom of track frame on track center and back of shoe.
- * Remove mud with rotating the track before measuring.
- (3) If the tension is tight, drain the grease in the grease nipple and if the tension is loose, charge the grease.
- A Personal injury or death can result from grease under pressure.
- ▲ Unscrew the grease nipple after release the tension by pushing the poppet only when necessarily required.
 - Grease leaking hole is not existing. So, while unscrew the grease nipple, grease is not leaking until the grease nipple is completely coming out. If the tension is not released in advance, the grease nipple can be suddenly popped out by pressurized grease.
- When the grease is drained, move the track to the forward and backward slightly.
 - If the track tension is loose even after the grease is charged to the maximum, change the pins and bushings as there are worn seriously.

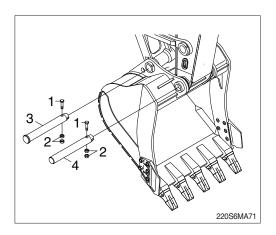


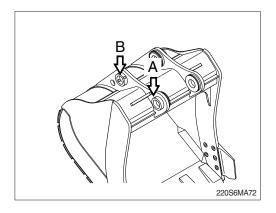
Length (L)		
360~390 mm	14.2~15.5"	

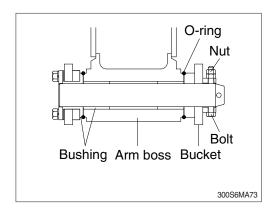
33) REPLACEMENT OF BUCKET

- When the bucket is removed, place it in a stable condition.
- When performing joint work, make sure signals to each other and work carefully for safety's sake.
- (1) Lower the bucket on the ground as the picture shown in the right.
- (2) Lock the safety knob to the LOCK position and stop the engine.
- (3) Remove the stopper bolts(1) and nuts(2), then remove pins(3, 4) and remove the bucket.
- When removing the pins, place the bucket so that it is in light contact with the ground.
- If the bucket is lowered strongly to the ground, the resistance will be increased and it will be difficult to remove the pins.
- After remove the pins, make sure that they do not become contaminated with sand or mud and that the seals of bushing on both sides do not become damaged.
- (4) Align the arm with holes (A) and the link with holes (B), then coat with grease and install pins (3, 4)
- When installing the bucket, the O-rings are easily damaged, so fit the O-rings on the boss of the bucket as shown in the picture. After knocking the pin, move the O-ring down to the regular groove.
- (5) Install the stopper bolt (1) and nuts (2) for each pin, then grease the pin.
 - \cdot Tightening torque : 29.7 \pm 4.5 kgf \cdot m (215 \pm 32.5 lbf \cdot ft)





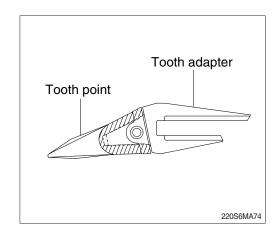




34) REPLACEMENT OF BUCKET TOOTH

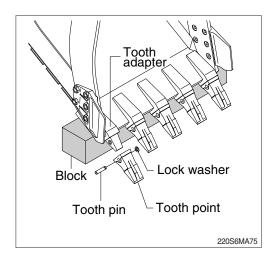
(1) Timing of replacement

- ① Check wearing condition as shown in the illustration and replace tooth point before adapter starts to wear.
- ② If excessive use, tooth adapter has worn out, replacement may become impossible.



(2) Instructions for replacement

- ① Pull out pin by striking pin with punch or hammer, avoiding damage to lock washer.
- ② Remove dust and mud from surface of tooth adapter by using knife.
- ③ Place lock washer in its proper place, and fit tooth tip to adapter.
- ④ Insert pin until lock washer is positioned at tooth point groove.
- A Personal injury can result from bucket falling.
- ▲ Block the bucket before changing tooth points or side cutters.



35) ADJUSTMENT OF BUCKET CLEARANCE

- (1) Lower the bucket on the ground as the picture shown in the right.
- (2) Swing to the right and keep the arm boss to be contact to the bucket left.
- (3) Lock the safety knob to the LOCK position and stop the engine.
- (4) Measure the clearance (A) between bucket and arm boss. This is the total clearance.

(5) Adjusting

- ① Loosen bolt (2), and remove washer (3), plate (1) and shim (4).
- ② Remove the shim equivalent value with measuring value.
- 3 Assemble the parts in the reverse order of removal.

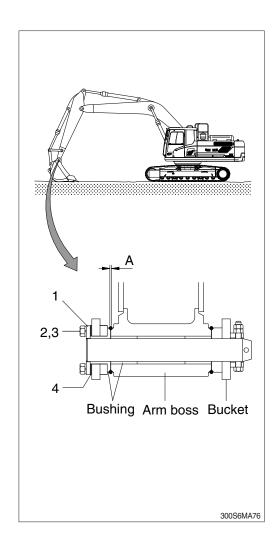
 \cdot Tightening torque : 29.6 \pm 3.2 kgf \cdot m

(214.0 \pm 23.1 lbf \cdot ft)

 \cdot Normal clearance : 0.5 \sim 1.0 mm

 $(0.02 \sim 0.04 in)$

If the bucket is not adjusted correctly, noise and vibration created during operation, and damaged O-ring, pin and bushing quickly.



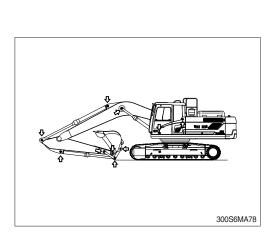
36) LUBRICATE PIN AND BUSHING

(1) Lubricate to each pin of working device

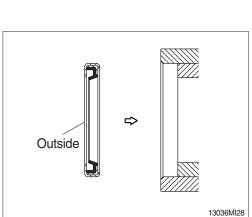
Lubricate the grease to the grease nipple according to the lubricating interval.

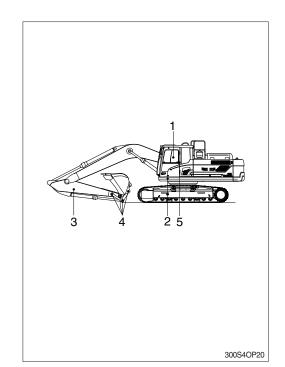
No.	Description	
1	Lubrication manifold at boom	5
2	Boom cylinder pin (head)	2
3	Lubrication manifold at arm	
	Bucket cylinder pin (rod)	1
	Bucket link (control rod)	2
4	Arm and bucket connection pin	1
	Bucket and control rod connection pin	1
	Arm and control link connection pin	1
5	Boom rear bearing center ★	1

- Shorten lubricating interval when working in water or dusty places.
- ★ Not required : If necessary, lubricate the grease.
- (2) Dust seals are mounted on the rotating part of working device to extend the lubricating interval.
- Mount the lip to be faced outside when replace the dust seal.



- If it is assembled in wrong direction, it will cause fast wear of pin and bushing, and create noise and vibration during operation.
- Assemble the seal same direction with picture and use with plastic hammer when replace.

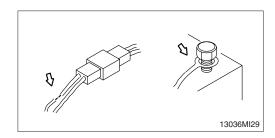




7. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

1) WIRING, GAUGES

Check regularly and repair loose or malfunctioning gauges when found.

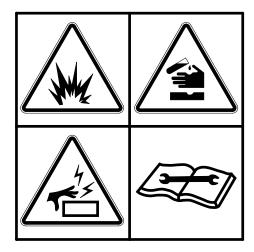


2) BATTERY

(1) Clean

- Wash the terminal with hot water if it is contaminated, and apply grease to the terminals after washing.
- ▲ Battery gas can explode. Keep sparks and flames away from batteries.
- ▲ Always wear protective glasses when working with batteries.
- ♠ Do not stain clothes or skin with electrolyte as it is acid.

Be careful not to get the electrolyte in eyes. Wash with clean water and go to the doctor if it enters the eyes.



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(2) Recycle

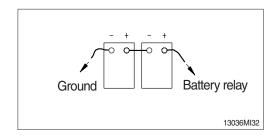
Never discard a battery.

Always return used batteries to one of the following locations.

- · A battery supplier
- · An authorized battery collection facility
- Recycling facility

(3) Method of removing the battery cable

Remove the cable from the ground connection first (\ominus terminal side) and reconnect it last when reassembling.



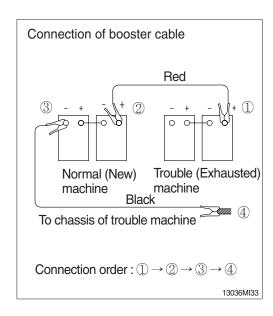
3) STARTING THE ENGINE WITH A BOOSTER CABLE

Keep following order when you are going to start engine using booster cable.

(1) Connection of booster cable

W Use the same capacity of battery for starting.

- ① Make sure that the starting switches of the normal machine and trouble machine are both at the OFF position.
- ② Connect the red terminal of booster cable to the battery (+) terminal between exhausted and new battery.
- ③ Connect the black terminal of the booster cable between new battery (-) terminal and chassis of trouble machine.
- ※ Keep firmly all connection, the spark will be caused when connecting finally.

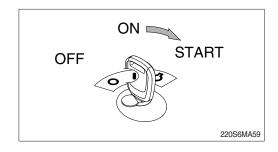


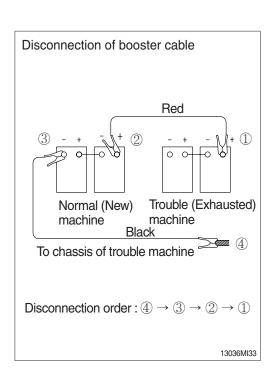
(2) Starting the engine

- ① Starting the engine of the normal machine and keep it to run at high idle.
- ② Start engine of the trouble machine with starting switch.
- ③ If you can not start it by one time, restart the engine after 2 minutes.

(3) Taking off the booster cable

- ① Take off the booster cable (black).
- ② Take off the booster cable (red) connected to the (+) terminal.
- ③ Run engine with high idle until charging the exhausted battery by alternator, fully.
- ♠ Explosive gas is generated while using the battery or charging it. Keep away flame and be careful not to cause the spark.
- Charge the battery in the well ventilated place.
- Place the machine on the earth or concrete. Avoid charging the machine on the steel plate.
- Do not connect (+) terminal and (-) terminal when connecting booster cable because it will be shorted.



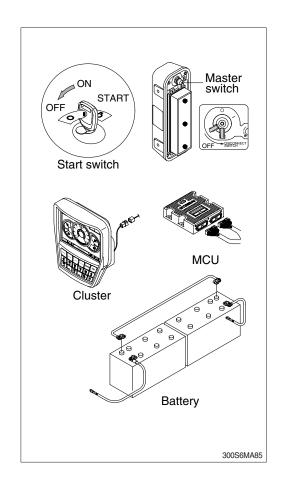


(4) Welding repair

Before start to welding, follow the below procedure.

- ① Shut off the engine and remove the starting switch.
- ② Disconnect ground cable from battery by master switch.
- ③ Before carrying out any electric welding on the machine, the battery cables should be disconnected and the connectors pulled out of the electronic control units (MCU, cluster etc).
- ④ Connect the earth (ground) lead of the welding equipment as close to the welding point as possible.
- ** Do not weld or flame cut on pipes or tubes that contain flammable fluids. Clean them thoroughly with nonflammable solvent before welding or flame cutting on them.
- ♠ Do not attempt to welding work before carry out the above.

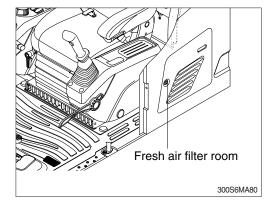
If not, it will caused serious damage at electric system.



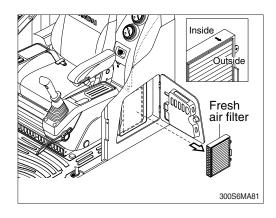
8. AIR CONDITIONER AND HEATER

1) CLEAN AND REPLACE OF FRESH AIR FILTER

- * Always stop the engine before servicing.
- (1) Open the fresh air filter room.

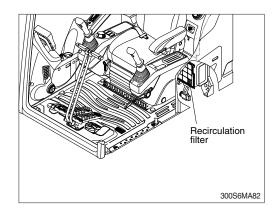


- (2) Remove the fresh air filter.
- When installing a filter, be careful not to change the filter direction.
- (3) If filter is damaged or badly contaminated, use a new filter.

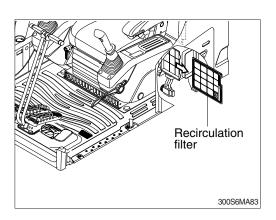


2) CLEAN AND REPLACE OF RECIRCULATION FILTER

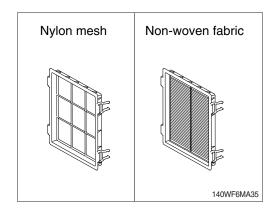
- Always stop the engine before servicing.
- (1) Move seat and console box to arrow direction using the adjust knob.



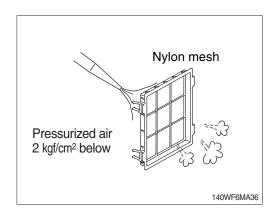
(2) Remove recirculation filter.



- (3) Check the recirculation filter type.
- (4) Non-woven fabric type (if equipped)
 - If filter is damaged or badly contaminated, use a new filter.



- (5) Clean the recirculation filter using a pressurized air (below 2 kgf/cm², 28 psi) or washing with water.
- When using pressurized air, be sure to wear safety glasses.
- Dry off after washing with water.
- (6) Inspect the filter after cleaning. If it is damaged or badly contaminated, use a new filter.



3) PRECAUTIONS FOR USING AIR CONDITIONER

- (1) When using the air conditioner for a long time, open the window once every one hour.
- (2) Be careful not to overcool the cab.
- (3) The cab is properly cooled if the operator feels cool when entering there from outside (about 5°C lower than the outside temperature).
- (4) When cooling, change air occasionally.

4) CHECK DURING SEASON

Ask the service center for replenishment of refrigerant or other maintenance service so that the cooling performance is not damaged.

5) CHECK DURING OFF-SEASON

Operate the air conditioner 2 or 3 times a month (each for a few minutes) to avoid loss of oil film in the compressor.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

1. ENGINE

* This guide is not intended to cover every conditions, however many of the more common possibilities are listed.

Trouble	Service	Remark
The engine oil pressure lamp lights ON when engine speed is raised after completion of warm up.	 Add the oil to the specified level. Replace the oil filter cartridge. Check oil leakage from the pipe or the joint. Replace the monitor. 	
Steam is emitted from the top part of the radiator (the pressure valve). Coolant level warning lamp lights ON.	 Supply the coolant and check leakage. Adjust fan belt tension. Wash out inside of cooling system. Clean or repair the radiator fin. Check the thermostat. Tighten the radiator cap firmly or replace the packing of it. Replace the monitor. 	
The engine does not start when the starting motor is turned over.	 Add fuel. Repair where air is leaking into fuel system. Check the injection pump or the nozzle. Check the valve clearance. Check engine compression pressure. In cold weather, check if fuel warmer system is working normal. 	Refer to the pages 3-33 and 4-4.
Exhaust gas is white or blue.	Adjust to specified oil quantity. Replace with specified fuel.	
Exhaust gas occasionally turns black.	 Clean or replace the air cleaner element. Check the nozzle. Check engine compression pressure. Clean or replace the turbocharger. 	
Combustion noise occasionally changes to breathing sound.	· Check the nozzle.	
Unusual combustion noise or mechanical noise.	 Check with specified fuel. Check over-heating Replace the muffler. Adjust valve clearance. 	

2. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Trouble	Service	Remark
Lamp does not glow brightly even when engine runs at high speed. Lamp flickers while engine runs.	Check for loose terminals and open-circuit wiring. Adjust belt tension.	
Battery charging lamp does not go out even when engine runs at high speed.	Check the alternator. Check and repair wiring.	
Unusual noise is emitted from the alternator.	· Check the alternator.	
Starting motor does not turn when starting switch is turned ON.	 Check and repair the wiring. Charge the battery. Check the starting motor. Check the safety relay. 	
The pinion of the starting motor keeps going in and out.	Charge the battery. Check the safety relay.	
Starting motor turns the engine sluggishly.	Charge the battery. Check the starting motor.	
The starting motor disengages before the engine starts up.	Check and repair the wiring. Charge the battery.	
The engine warming up lamp does not go ON.	Check and repair wiring. Check the monitor.	
The engine oil pressure lamp does not light up when engine is stationary (when the starting switch is in ON position.)	Check the monitor. Check the caution lamp switch.	
Battery charging lamp does not light up when the engine is stationary. (when the starting switch is in ON position.)	Check the monitor. Check and repair the wiring.	

3. OTHERS

Trouble	Service	Remark
Track slip out of place. Excessive wear of the sprocket.	· Adjust tension of track.	
Bucket either rises slowly or not at all.	· Add oil to specified level.	
Slow speed of travel, swing, boom, arm and bucket.	· Add oil to specified level.	
Unusual noise emitted from pump.	· Clean the hydraulic tank strainer.	
Excessive oil temperature rise of hydraulic oil.	Clean the oil cooler.Adjust fan belt tension.Add oil to specified level.	

HYDRAULIC BREAKER AND QUICK CLAMP

1. SELECTING HYDRAULIC BREAKER

- ** Read safety hints in this manual and breaker & quick coupler manuals in website (Dealer Portal) before using breaker and quick coupler.
- 1) Become familiar with the manual and select breakers suitable to machine specifications.
- Make careful selection in consideration of oil quantity, pressure and striking force, to enable satisfied performance.
- When apply a breaker to the machine, consult your local dealer of Hyundai for further explanation.

2. CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION

- As for breaker oil pressure line, use extra spool of main control valve.
- 2) Set proper breaker pressure on load relief valve.
- The initial setting pressure of load relief valve for breaker is 210 kgf/cm²
- The pressure of the HX300HD system is 350 kgf/cm²
 (4980 psi).
- 4) Adjusting oil quantity
- Use the breaker mode from work tool of cluster.
 Use select switch to control the oil flow quantity.
 - · Setting oil quantity (220 lpm)

Flow set

- Max flow: Set the maximum flow for the attachment.
- (2) If the quantity of hydraulic oil is not controlled properly, it causes short lifecycle of the breaker and the machine by increased breaking force and count.

Oil quantity setting



300S3CD254A

- 5) The accumulator should be used to the breaker charging and return line.

 If the accumulator is not used, it will be damage as the input wave is delivered.
- * Keep the pressure pulsation of pump below 60 kgf/cm² (853 psi) by installing the accumulator.
- 6) Do not connect the breaker return line to the main control, but connect to the return line front of the cooler.
- 7) Do not connect the breaker return line to drain lines, such as of swing motor, travel motor or pump, otherwise they should be damaged.
- 8) One of spool of the main control valve should be connected to the tank.
- 9) Select the size of pipe laying considering the back pressure.
- 10) Shimless tube should be used for the piping. The hose and seal should be used Hyundai genuine parts.
- 11) Weld the bracket for pipe clamp to prevent damage caused by vibration.

3. MAINTENANCE

1) MAINTENANCE OF HYDRAULIC OIL AND FILTER

- (1) As machine with an hydraulic breaker provides the hydraulic oil becomes severely contaminated.
- (2) So, unless frequently maintained, the machine may easily go out of order.
- (3) Inspect and maintain hydraulic oil and 4 kinds of filter elements in particular, in order to prolong machine life.

2) RELEASE THE PRESSURE IN BREAKER CIRCUIT

When breaker operating is finished, stop engine and push pedal or switch for breaker to release pressure in breaker circuit.

If pressure still remains, the lifetime of the diaphragm in the accumulator will be shortened.

- 3) Be careful to prevent contamination by dust, sand and etc.
 - If such pollution become mixed into the oil, the pump moving parts will wear abnormally, shorten lifetime and become damaged.
- 4) When operating breaker, bolts and nuts of main equipment may be loosened by vibration. So, it must be inspected periodically.

Service interval

Attachment	Operating rate	Hydraulic oil	Filter element
Breaker	100 %	600*1	200
		1000*2	

unit: hours

- *1: Conventional hydraulic oil
- *2: Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil

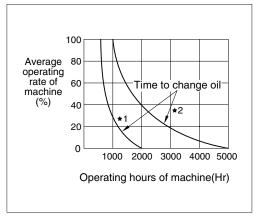
Replace following filter same time

· Hydraulic return filter : 1 EA

· Pilot line filter: 1 EA

· Drain filter cartridge: 1 EA

Hyd oil change guide for hydraulic breaker



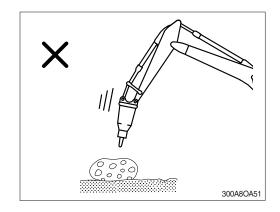
- *1: Conventional hydraulic oil
- *2: Hyundai genuine long life hydraulic oil

4. PRECAUTIONS WHILE OPERATING THE BREAKER

DO NOT BREAK ROCK WHILE LOWERING

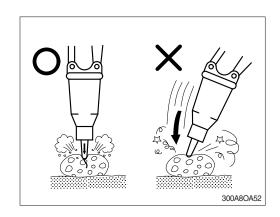
As the breaker is heavy in comparison with bucket, it must be operated slowly.

If breaker is rapidly pushed down, working device may be damaged.



DIRECTION OF THRUST

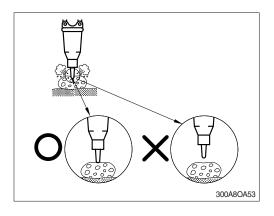
Apply a thrust in a straight line with the tool. Place the tool on a rock with the hammering side as vertically as possible. If the hammering side is oblique, the tool may slip during hammering, causing the chisel and piston to break, or seized. When breaking, select the point of a rock on which hammering can perform stably and fully stabilize the chisel to the hammer.



PROPER THRUST

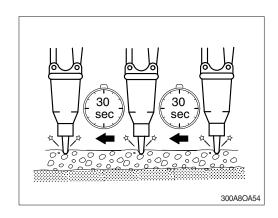
To break effectively, a proper thrust force must be applied to the breaker. If thrust is too low, impact energy of the piston may not be sufficient to break rocks.

Breaking force is transferred to the breaker body, arm and boom resulting in damage of those parts.



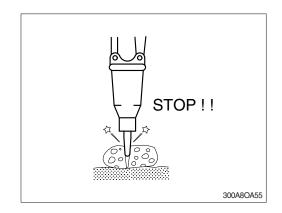
Move the impact point from the edge to the interior. Never try to break off a too large block, if the object has not broken within 30 seconds. The object should be broken up piece by piece in small blocks. Large distance steps will not improve working results.

Operating the breaker longer than 30 seconds may cause damage to the breaker.



BLANKS THRUST

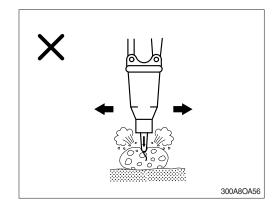
Blank blows, which are impact on the chisel without contact with the object, are very harmful for the breaker. Always press the chisel down onto the material before starting the breaker. And stop operation immediately as soon as the object has been broken. If operation is continued, blank blows could result in excessive wear to major components.



DO NOT MOVE MACHINE OR BREAKER WHILE STRIKING

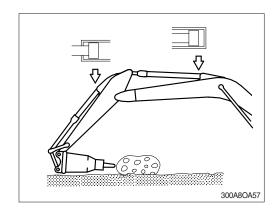
Do not move hammer while striking.

This will cause damage to the working device and the swing system.



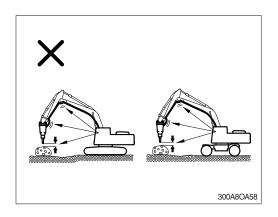
OPERATE BREAKER WITH A GAP IN EXCESS OF 100 mm (4 inches) FROM THE END OF THE STROKE TIP

If breaker is operated with the end tip, the cylinder may be damaged.



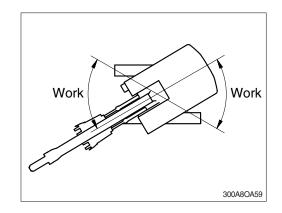
STOP THE OPERATION IMMEDIATELY IF HOSES VIBRATE EXCESSIVELY

Violent pulsations of the high / low pressure breaker hoses could indicate an accumulator fault. Check for oil leaks at the hose fitting points retightening as necessary. Should symptoms persist, contact the service shop appointed by the Hyundal dealer in your territory for repair. An excessive gap between tool and workpiece between strikes may indicate seizure of the tool in the front head. Disassemble the front head, inspect the components and repair or replace defective parts.

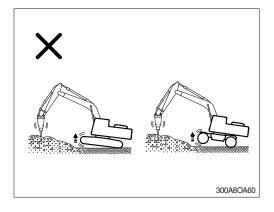


DO NOT WORK WHILE IN A SWING STATE

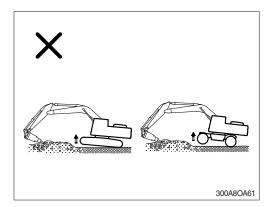
Do not work while swinging the upper structure. It cause oil leakage of the bend in the track shoe and rollers.



Conversely, if thrust is excessive or breaking is performed with boom of the lower chassis raised as shown, the machine may suddenly tip toward the movement. The breaker body may strike the broken rocks violently resulting in damage.

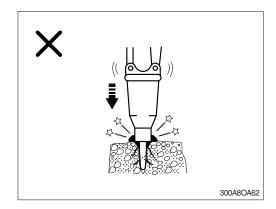


Do not extend the bucket cylinder fully and thrusting to raise the machine off the ground.



Excessive force as above may also result in vibrations being transmitted to the tracks causing damage.

Care is required to ensure adequate but not excessive force is applied to the breaker in operation.



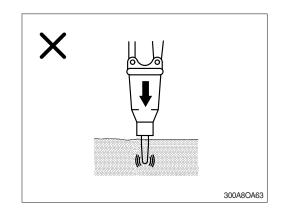
NEVER DRIVE THE CHISEL INTO THE GRO-UND

If the advance is too large and the chisel is not rocked to release the dust, the chisel will be driven into the material without breaking the material. This causes the chisel tip to glow red-hot and lose its hardness.

As a result, the chisel wears out more quickly. Operating in this way is not permitted.

Dust dampens impact power, when the chisel is inserted into the ground, and reduces the efficiency of the breaker. Tilt the breaker slightly backward and forward, not more than 5°, while operating so that the dust can escape.

Do not rock the breaker at angles greater than 5° or the chisel will be broken.



NEVER USE AS A LEVER

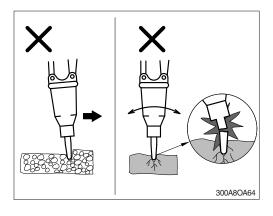
Do not use the chisel as a lever; e.g. crowbar, as this will cause the chisel to break.

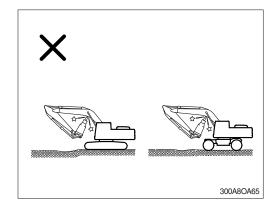
Under any circumstances, operating in this way is not permitted.

Most of bending failure of the chisel may be caused by lever action in stone that is inside hard or frozen ground. Be careful and stop operating if you feel sudden resistance under the chisel.

TAKE CARE OF CHISEL AND BOOM INTERFA-CE

Be aware of clearance between breaker tip and the underside of boom as shown.

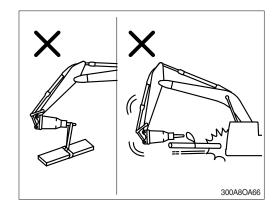




NEVER USE FOR LIFT OR TRANSPORT PUR-POSES

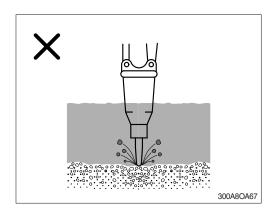
The hydraulic breaker is not designed to lift or transport loads. Never use the chisel as a lifting point.

This is dangerous and could damage the breaker or the chisel.



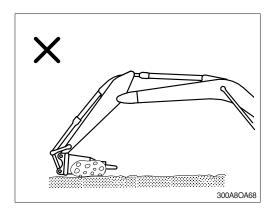
NEVER USE THE HYDRAULIC BREAKER UNDER WATER

The hydraulic breaker, as a standard assembly, never be used in or under water without prior conversion. If you use under water, water fills the impact chamber between the piston and the chisel, a strong hydraulic pressure wave is generated and will damage the seals in the breaker. And, in addition, corrosion, lack of lubrication or penetration of water could result in further damage to components of the breaker and the lower chassis. To operate the breaker under water, compressed air must be supplied into the breaker, into the impact chamber of the front-head, prior to use. Consult your Hyundai dealer for the underwater kit.



DO NOT USE BREAKER TO CARRY BROKEN STONE OR ROCK BY SWING OPERATING

This may damage the operation device and swing system.

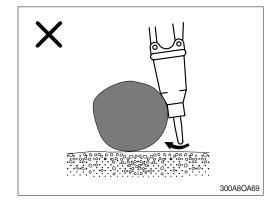


NEVER USE THE CHISEL OR HYDRAULIC BREAKER TO MOVE ROCKS OR OTHER OBJUCTS

The hydraulic breaker is not designed for this usage.

Do not use the breaker or chisel to roll, push the object or reposition the lower chassis.

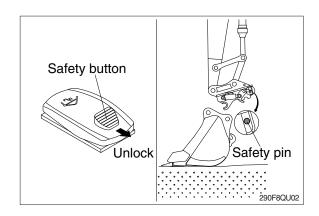
This may cause damage to the breaker and the lower chassis.



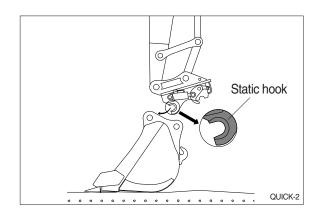
5. QUICK CLAMP

1) FIXING BUCKET WITH QUICK CLAMP

- (1) Before fixing bucket, remove safety pin of the moving hook.
- (2) Pulling safety button, press the quick clamp switch to unlock position. Then, the moving hook is placed on release position.

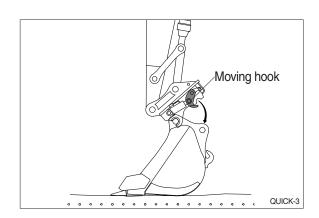


(3) Aligning the arm and bucket, insert static hook of quick clamp to the bucket pin.

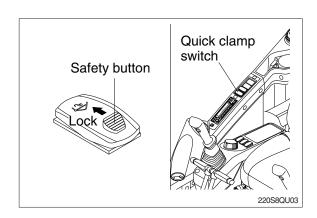


(4) Operate RCV lever to bucket-in position. Then, the moving hook is coupled with the bucket link pin.

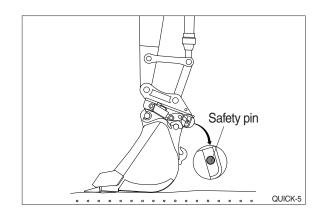
Make sure that the moving hook is completely contacted with bucket link pin.



- (5) Push safety button to lock position.Operate RCV lever to bucket-in position.
- Be sure to check connection status between bucket pins and hooks of quick clamp.



(6) After checking the connection status between bucket pins and hooks of quick clamp, insert safety pin of moving hook to lock position.



2) REMOVE BUCKET FROM QUICK CLAMP

Removing procedure is reverse of fixing.

3) PRECAUTION OF USING QUICK CLAMP

♠ When operating the machine with quick clamp, confirm that the quick clamp switch is lock position and safety pin of moving hook is inserted.

Operating the machine with quick clamp switch unlocked and without safety pin of moving hook can cause the bucket to drop off and bring about the accident.

- ▲ Serious injury or death can result from this accident.
- ♠ Be careful to operate the machine equipped with quick clamp. The bucket may hit cab, boom and boom cylinders when it reaches vicinity of them.

HYUNDAI will not be responsible for any injury or damage in case that safety pin is not installed properly.

